

# New Windsor Resort & Casino, LLC

## Sub-Binder 1: B. Economics

### Exhibit VIII.B.4 Projected Tax Revenue to the State

**Exhibit VIII.B.4 Study completed by an independent expert providing projections for all estimated State, county and local tax revenue (e.g., gaming, sales, income, real estate, hotel, entertainment and other taxes) for a period of at least the first five (5) years of operations on a high-, average- and low-case basis, identifying the source of each element of these tax revenues**

Please see the following Fiscal Impact Analysis attached as Exhibit VIII.B.4-1 prepared by Leisure Dynamics Research. Also attached is the provided and mandated template "Projected Tax Revenues" Final Template for Item VIII.4.A as Exhibit VIII.B.4-2.

**Exhibit VIII. B.4. Projected Tax Revenue** Submit a study completed by an independent expert providing projections for all estimated State, county and local tax revenue, (e.g., gaming, sales, income, real estate, hotel, entertainment and other taxes) for a period of at least the first five years of operations on a high, average and low case basis, identifying the source of each element of these tax revenues. The study should a description of the background conditions in the comparable year (i.e. assuming economic conditions and demographics continues to develop as to trends without the Applicant's proposed Gaming Facility) and build scenario with express enumeration of assumptions. Include analysis of the low, average and high cases used for the revenue study and financial forecasts. Studies should explain their methodology, report their results and compare those results to actual observed conditions in similar built projects.

## Fiscal Impact Analysis

The following analysis demonstrates the potential fiscal benefits at the statewide, regional, countywide and local levels from establishing a casino gaming operation in New Windsor. This report is supplemented by the template prepared by the Gaming Commission, providing further information regarding the inputs and effective tax rates. This analysis is based on gaming and non-gaming revenue, expenditure and staffing forecasts made by Global Market Advisors for a high, low and average case. Income tax projections are also based in part on the economic impact modeling results, inclusive of indirect and induced household earnings as attributable to casino resort operations.

### Gaming Tax Benefits

The primary fiscal benefit from casino resort operations in New Windsor will come in the form of State gaming taxes, which are assumed to equate to 39 percent of slot revenues (net of Free Play) plus 10 percent of table game revenues for the purpose of school aid and property tax relief statewide. In the Average case these gaming taxes are projected to range from \$149 million to \$182 million during each of the first five years of operation. The gaming market assessment estimated high low revenue scenarios as being approximately  $\pm$  10 percent relative to the Average case, such that the State gaming tax would be in the range of \$133 million to \$164 million in Year 1, increasing to a range of \$163 million to \$200 million in Year 5, as demonstrated in the following table.

State Gaming Tax	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Low	132,687,641	147,428,973	154,062,573	159,454,215	162,642,987
Average	148,896,473	165,266,636	172,633,210	178,620,597	182,161,709
High	163,629,620	181,636,800	189,740,031	196,326,157	200,221,380

By legislation, the State gaming tax is divided as follows:

- 80 percent applied statewide for school aid and/or real property tax relief;
- 10 percent split between the host municipality (New Windsor) and host county (Orange County); and
- 10 percent will go to surrounding counties in the region (presumably the balance of Region 1) for education assistance and/or real property tax relief.

The distribution would therefore look as follows for each of the recipients:

In the Average case \$119 million would be distributed statewide for school aid and property tax relief in Year 1, increasing to over \$145 million in Year 5.

Statewide		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
80% Share						
Low	\$106,150,113	\$117,943,179	\$123,250,058	\$127,563,372	\$130,114,389	
Average	\$119,117,178	\$132,213,309	\$138,106,568	\$142,896,478	\$145,729,367	
High	\$130,903,696	\$145,309,440	\$151,792,025	\$157,060,925	\$160,177,104	

New Windsor and Orange County are each projected to receive approximately \$7.4 million from gaming taxes in Year 1, increasing to \$9.1 million by Year 5.

Local 5% Share Each to Town and County		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Low	Average					
\$6,634,382	\$7,444,824	\$7,371,449	\$7,703,129	\$7,972,711	\$8,132,149	
\$8,181,481		\$8,263,332	\$8,631,660	\$8,931,030	\$9,108,085	
	High	\$9,081,840	\$9,487,002	\$9,816,308	\$10,011,069	

Distribution to counties elsewhere in Region 1 as a result of casino development in East Greenbush is projected to total approximately \$15 million in Year 1, increasing to more than \$18 million by Year 5.

Region 10% Share	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Low	\$13,268,764	\$14,742,897	\$15,406,257	\$15,945,422	\$16,264,299
Average	\$14,889,647	\$16,526,664	\$17,263,321	\$17,862,060	\$18,216,171
High	\$16,362,962	\$18,163,680	\$18,974,003	\$19,632,616	\$20,022,138

The State would also be receiving fiscal benefits in the form of income taxes. In Leisure Dynamics Research's economic impact analysis it was projected that direct incomes for casino resort workers would be in the range of \$102 million to \$109 million in Year 2 of operation. This includes approximately \$3 million in incomes for out-of-state residents. Additionally, indirect and induced incomes are projected in the range of \$71 million to \$77 million. Income variations during the first five years of operation are expected to be relatively minimal, at approximately two percent per year. The following table presents projected total incomes attributable to the Grand Hudson Resort & Casino for the first five years of operation.

Total Earnings	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Low	\$169,310,712	\$173,822,798	\$177,299,254	\$180,845,239	\$184,462,144
Average	\$175,102,330	\$179,934,830	\$183,533,527	\$187,204,197	\$190,948,281
High	\$180,915,544	\$186,087,279	\$189,809,024	\$193,605,205	\$197,477,309

Personal income taxes in New York State are on graduated marginal rate basis. The effective rate based on our analysis of FTE jobs and overall incomes is between 5.2 percent and 5.4 percent. The State income tax impact is projected to be in the range of \$8.9 million to \$10.8 million during the first five years of operation, as demonstrated in the following table.

Total Income Tax	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Low	\$8,871,977	\$9,189,910	\$9,399,542	\$9,613,367	\$9,831,468
Average	\$9,263,120	\$9,612,393	\$9,830,952	\$10,053,882	\$10,281,271
High	\$9,671,618	\$10,054,417	\$10,282,308	\$10,514,756	\$10,751,854

The State personal income tax impact, for this or any casino resort development planned in the state, would be statistically insignificant when compared to the State's baseline personal income tax revenues. Gross receipts for New York in FY2013 were \$47 billion and are projected by the State to exceed \$60 billion by FY2017.<sup>1</sup> Net receipts, after prior year refunds and other credits, resulted in FY2013 revenues of \$40 billion and a projection of \$49 billion for FY2017.<sup>2</sup> An impact of \$10 million would therefore reflect approximately 0.02 percent of annual personal income tax revenues – the margin of error on the State's FY2017 forecast, independent of casino resort operations, would be much greater than that.

The State also would receive revenues from sales taxes. The sales tax on hotel room revenues is 8.125 percent (which gets distributed 4 percent to the State and 4.125 percent to the County (which is further allocated as a 3.75 percent County sales tax and a 0.375 percent special purpose tax). A local (Orange County) occupancy tax of 5 percent is also imposed. The following table demonstrates the potential range in total room tax revenues to the State and County.

Room Sales Tax (State and Orange County)	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Low	\$1,119,844	\$1,240,130	\$1,298,630	\$1,340,260	\$1,375,414
Average	\$1,155,526	\$1,276,594	\$1,338,201	\$1,381,256	\$1,417,778
High	\$1,228,556	\$1,346,357	\$1,416,730	\$1,464,100	\$1,503,519

At the Statewide level the hotel tax would have a negligible impact on the General Fund. At the County level the Occupancy tax has been imposed since 2009. In FY2012 the Orange County Occupancy tax revenues totaled approximately \$3.0 million, or approximately 0.8 percent of the County's \$367 million in tax revenue.<sup>3</sup> The projected addition of \$700,000 to \$925,000 to the \$3.0 million total would be therefore be significant in terms of that line item, but would not be significant in terms of total County budget.. We do not anticipate that there will be a notable change in the County occupancy tax, overall budget, or ratio of occupancy tax to budget over the next seven years to alter this conclusion.

<sup>1</sup> New York State FY 2015 Executive Budget Financial Plan,  
<http://publications.budget.ny.gov/eBudget1415/financialPlan/FinPlan.pdf>, page 72.

<sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>3</sup> Popular Annual Financial Report for County of Orange, New York for year ended December 31, 2012,  
[http://www.orangecounty.gov.com/filestorage/124/1322/2492/2012\\_Popular\\_Annual\\_Financial\\_Report.pdf](http://www.orangecounty.gov.com/filestorage/124/1322/2492/2012_Popular_Annual_Financial_Report.pdf), page 10.

<b>Room Occupancy Tax (Orange County)</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>
Low	\$689,135	\$763,157	\$799,157	\$824,775	\$846,409
Average	\$711,093	\$785,596	\$823,508	\$850,004	\$872,479
High	\$756,034	\$828,527	\$871,834	\$900,985	\$925,243

Sales taxes would also come from other taxable activities, including food, beverage and retail sales. Total revenues for the first five years of operation are projected to be in the range of \$67 million to \$83 million in the Average case, +/- 5 to 7 percent for the low and high cases. An 8.125 percent sales tax would therefore yield the following projected sales tax revenues from operations of these amenities.

<b>Other Resort Amenity</b>	<b>Sales Tax (State and Orange)</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>
Low		\$5,068,264	\$5,631,404	\$5,884,817	\$6,090,786	\$6,212,602
Average		\$5,339,970	\$5,933,300	\$6,200,299	\$6,417,309	\$6,545,656
High		\$5,687,940	\$6,319,933	\$6,604,330	\$6,835,482	\$6,972,191

Incremental sales taxes would also result from some of the projected \$190 million to \$205 million in indirect and induced expenditures (Year 2 projection from the LDR economic impact analysis), of which approximately 69 percent would be in Orange County (\$131 million to \$142 million). For the purpose of this analysis we made no assertion as to what percentage of these sales or expenditures would be tax exempt. As a result, indirect and induced State sales taxes are projected to range from \$7 million to \$9 million during the first five years of operation. Indirect and induced County sales taxes are projected to range from \$5 million to \$7 million during the first five years of operation.

At the host community level, in addition to the 5 percent share of gaming taxes, the major fiscal impacts will be in terms of a ground lease and property taxes, as well as a ten-year flat rate contribution of \$3.5 million annually to the Town of New Windsor. Property taxes are estimated at approximately \$16 million annually, of which we estimate nearly \$12 million will go to benefit the Washingtonville School District, one of several school districts serving New Windsor residents, as addressed in Exhibit IX.A.5. Orange County collects approximately 11 percent of the property tax, or approximately \$1.7 million, with the balance of approximately \$2.3 million going to the Town of New Windsor.



## B. Tax Protection Summary

	Year 1 2017	Year 2 2018	Year 3 2019	Year 4 2020	Year 5 2021
<b>Projected "Direct" NY State Tax Revenues from Proposed Gaming Facility</b>					
Gaming Privilege Taxes and Table & Device Fees Pursuant to PNL	\$ 163,629,320	\$ 213,636,800	\$ 185,462,031	\$ 195,326,157	\$ 205,221,390
Corporate Profits Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales & Use Taxes	\$ 3,405,044	\$ 3,774,173	\$ 3,948,830	\$ 4,085,944	\$ 4,122,657
Personal Income Taxes	\$ 5,594,484	\$ 6,190,165	\$ 6,394,469	\$ 6,473,540	\$ 6,519,553
Total "Direct" NY State Tax Revenues	\$ 172,393,152	\$ 191,601,138	\$ 200,013,330	\$ 206,495,605	\$ 211,013,590
<b>Projected "Indirect" NY State Tax Revenues from Induced Incremental Economic Activity</b>					
Corporate Profits Tax	\$ 655,328	\$ 728,308	\$ 761,065	\$ 786,263	\$ 804,837
Sales & Use Taxes	\$ 7,390,736	\$ 8,211,920	\$ 8,581,466	\$ 8,891,814	\$ 9,067,464
Personal Income Taxes	\$ 3,717,139	\$ 3,864,253	\$ 3,953,120	\$ 4,040,176	\$ 4,122,382
Total "Indirect" NY State Tax Revenues	\$ 11,763,794	\$ 12,264,391	\$ 13,711,255	\$ 14,095,455	\$ 14,306,681
<b>Projected "Direct" Host Community Tax Revenues from Proposed Gaming Facility</b>					
Total "Direct" Host Village Tax Revenues	\$ 14,118,559	\$ 16,253,150	\$ 14,395,722	\$ 14,579,600	\$ 14,650,976
Total "Direct" Host City/Town Tax Revenues	\$ 5,596,927	\$ 6,667,453	\$ 6,798,342	\$ 6,906,539	\$ 7,016,185
Total "Direct" Host County Tax Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Projected "Indirect" Host Community Tax Revenues from Induced Incremental Economic Activity</b>					
Total "Indirect" Host Village Tax Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total "Indirect" Host City/Town Tax Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total "Indirect" Host County Tax Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Community Impact Payments (if any)</b>					
Total Host Village Impact Payments	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 3,500,000
Total Host City/Town Impact Payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Host County Impact Payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## III. Incremental Business Activity Tables

Assumptions	Year 1 2017	Year 2 2018	Year 3 2019	Year 4 2020	Year 5 2021
<b>Gaming Facility Financial Metrics</b>					
<b>Casino Department</b>					
Gross Gaming Revenues* from Slot Machines and Electronic Gaming Devices	Amount (\$) \$347,920,633	Amount (\$) \$431,022,315	Amount (\$) \$450,418,957	Amount (\$) \$466,181,620	Amount (\$) \$475,502,293
Gross Gaming Revenues* from House-Banked Table Games	Amount (\$) \$100,349,691	Amount (\$) \$112,116,827	Amount (\$) \$116,955,564	Amount (\$) \$120,387,013	Amount (\$) \$123,406,753
Gross Gaming Revenues* from Other Gaming	Amount (\$) \$7,405,140	Amount (\$) \$7,413,763	Amount (\$) \$7,420,713	Amount (\$) \$7,426,437	Amount (\$) \$7,431,506
<b>Less: Commissions and Sales</b>	Amount (\$) \$40,207,282	Amount (\$) \$44,674,736	Amount (\$) \$46,845,079	Amount (\$) \$48,219,078	Amount (\$) \$49,205,459
<b>Total Casino Gross Revenue</b>	Amount (\$) \$285,488,301	Amount (\$) \$296,075,779	Amount (\$) \$304,850,234	Amount (\$) \$317,350,993	Amount (\$) \$334,387,382
<b>Other Departments</b>					
Hotel Revenue:					
Hotel Nights (submit if required for projection of base No. of Nights)	Amount (\$) \$15,120,046	Amount (\$) \$16,570,544	Amount (\$) \$17,496,680	Amount (\$) \$18,019,046	Amount (\$) \$18,544,951
Food Revenues:					
Non-Alcoholic Beverage Revenues	Amount (\$) \$42,973,737	Amount (\$) \$47,748,596	Amount (\$) \$49,897,283	Amount (\$) \$51,643,882	Amount (\$) \$53,676,582
Alcoholic Beverage Revenues	Amount (\$) \$11,084,550	Amount (\$) \$13,427,722	Amount (\$) \$15,580,389	Amount (\$) \$17,707,338	Amount (\$) \$19,711,485
Retail Revenues:					
Entertainment/Ticket Revenues	Amount (\$) \$7,481,382	Amount (\$) \$8,423,758	Amount (\$) \$9,297,407	Amount (\$) \$11,008,251	Amount (\$) \$11,424,415
Number of Taxable Ticket Sales (submit if required for projection of Entertainment/Ticket Revenues)	Amount (\$) \$6,462,344	Amount (\$) \$7,181,715	Amount (\$) \$7,508,363	Amount (\$) \$7,788,727	Amount (\$) \$7,925,122
Number of Taxable Ticket Sales (submit if required for projection of Entertainment/Admissions/Tickets)	Amount (\$) \$1,544,528	Amount (\$) \$2,053,220	Amount (\$) \$2,166,346	Amount (\$) \$2,221,460	Amount (\$) \$2,265,894
Places of Amusement/Admissions/Tickets	No. of Tickets				
Other Revenues:	Amount (\$)				
Estimated Taxable Income	Amount (\$) \$7,265,520	Amount (\$) \$8,017,155	Amount (\$) \$8,516,250	Amount (\$) \$8,862,404	Amount (\$) \$9,115,685
EBITDA					
Less: Depreciation & Amortization	Amount (\$) \$116,181,987	Amount (\$) \$153,465,1592	Amount (\$) \$165,166,871	Amount (\$) \$173,732,264	Amount (\$) \$183,528,544
Less: Deductible Interest	Amount (\$) (\$54,351,391)	Amount (\$) (\$50,284,421)	Amount (\$) (\$51,573,415)	Amount (\$) (\$53,545,074)	Amount (\$) (\$59,770,138)
Estimated Taxable Income	Amount (\$) \$34,334,674	Amount (\$) \$31,255,3671	Amount (\$) \$30,761,754	Amount (\$) \$32,267,548	Amount (\$) \$31,364,233
<b>*Spillover* / Induced Economic Activity</b>					
Incremental Net Taxable Sales by Other NY Businesses	Amount (\$)				
Incremental Net Taxable Corporate Taxable Income	Amount (\$) \$184,758,412	Amount (\$) \$205,298,235	Amount (\$) \$214,536,656	Amount (\$) \$222,045,439	Amount (\$) \$226,486,347
Incremental Net Revenues for Other NY Businesses	Amount (\$) \$184,758,412	Amount (\$) \$205,298,235	Amount (\$) \$214,536,656	Amount (\$) \$222,045,439	Amount (\$) \$226,486,347
Assumed Margin	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Estimated Taxable Income for Other NY Businesses	Amount (\$) \$9,238,421	Amount (\$) \$10,361,912	Amount (\$) \$10,758,383	Amount (\$) \$11,102,272	Amount (\$) \$11,243,417

\*Spillover\* / Induced Economic Activity

Incremental Net Taxable Sales by Other NY Businesses

Incremental Net Taxable Corporate Taxable Income

Incremental Net Revenues for Other NY Businesses

Assumed Margin

Estimated Taxable Income for Other NY Businesses

Incremental Tax Projections		Gaming Facility Business Activities			
Jurisdiction	Rate [(% or \$/Unit or State)]	Tax Amount (\$)	Tax Amount (\$)	Tax Amount (\$)	Tax Amount (\$)
Gaming Privilege Taxes					
Gaming Privilege Tax under PML Sec. 1351 on Gross Gaming Revenues from Slot Machines and Electronic Gaming Devices					
Blotting Supplemental Fee Pursuant to PML Sec. 1351 on Gross Gaming Revenues* from Slot Machines and Electronic Gaming Devices	NY State 0.00%	\$151,285,047	\$16,408,341	\$175,643,383	\$140,411,112
Gaming Privilege Tax under PML Sec. 1351 on Gross Gaming Revenues* from House-Banked Table Games	NY State 10.00%	\$10,034,959	\$11,214,453	\$11,689,566	\$11,208,701
Blotting Supplemental Fee Pursuant to PML Sec. 1351 on Gross Gaming Revenues* from House-Banked Table Games	NY State 0.00%	0	0	0	0
Gaming Privilege Tax under PML Sec. 1351 on Gross Gaming Revenues* from Other Gaming	NY State 10.00%	\$740,504	\$761,176	\$822,071	\$850,044
Blotting Supplemental Fee Pursuant to PML Sec. 1351 on Gross Gaming Revenues* from Other Gaming	NY State 0.00%	0	0	0	0
Corporate Profits Tax - see Assumptions	NY State 7.10%	0	0	0	0
Sales & Use Taxes	NY State 4.00%	\$255,614	\$267,249	\$300,279	\$310,789
NY State Retail Sales Tax					
Host City/Town Retail Sales Tax					
Orange	4.13%	\$246,065	\$256,524	\$305,463	\$316,511
NY State	4.00%	\$1,718,449	\$1,389,344	\$1,395,481	\$1,397,482
Host County Retail Sales Tax					
NY State Food Sales Tax					
Host City/Town Food Sales Tax					
Host Village Food Sales Tax					
Host County Food Sales Tax					
NY State Non-Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Host Village Non-Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Host City/Town Non-Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Host County Non-Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
NY State Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Host Village Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Host City/Town Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Host County Alcoholic Beverage Sales Tax					
Lodging/Bed Taxes					
NY State Lodging/Bed Tax					
Host Village Lodging/Bed Tax					
Host City/Town Lodging/Bed Tax					
Host County Lodging/Bed Tax					

Entertainment/Ticket Taxes				
Host Village Entertainment/Ticket Tax				
Host City/Town Entertainment/Ticket Tax				
Host County Entertainment/Ticket Tax				
Places of Amusement Admissions Taxes	NY State	4.00%		
NY State Amusement Admissions Tax				
Host Village Amusement Admissions Tax				
Host City/Town Amusement Admissions Tax				
Host County Amusement Admissions Tax				
Other Revenue, Income and Sales Taxes				
Specify Other Host City/Town Business Activity:				
Orange County Hotel Occupancy Tax	Orange	5.00%	\$756,034	\$421,527
"Spillover" / Induced Economic Activity				
Intercounty Corporate Profits Taxes on Other NY Businesses	NY State	7.10%	\$655,928	\$721,809
Intercounty Retail Sales, Food, Beverage, Lodging and Amusement				
Admissions Taxes from Other NY Businesses				
NY State Retail Sales Tax	NY State	4.00%	\$7,390,736	\$4,211,529
Host Village Retail Sales Tax				
Host City/Town Retail Sales Tax				
Host County Retail Sales Tax				
Other Revenue, Income and Sales Taxes				
Specify Other Host Village Taxes:				
Specify Other Host City/Town Taxes:				
Specify Other Host County Taxes:				

\* = "Gross Gaming Revenues." In this table shall have the definition provided in PML Sec. 1301.25.

IV. Table of Slot Machine Fees

Assumptions	Year 1				
	2017	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Number of Slot Machines and Electronic Gaming Devices	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
Number of Gaming Tables (House-Banked & Other Tables)	150	150	150	150	150
Tax Projections					
Slot Machine Fees Pursuant to PML Sec. 1348	Rate	Assessment (\$)	Assessment (\$)	Assessment (\$)	Assessment (\$)
Gaming Table Fees Pursuant to PML Sec. 1348	\$500 / Device	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000
	SSD / Table	\$55,000	\$55,000	\$55,000	\$55,000

Incremental Real Property Tax for the Sunshine Facility		Year 1 2017	Year 2 2018	Year 3 2019	Year 4 2020	Year 5 2021
Assumption*	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)
Cost of Land and Improvements*						
Hard Construction Costs						
Soft Construction Costs Included in Assessed Value						
Financing Costs						
Infrastructure Improvements Owned by the Private Sector						
Infrastructure Improvements Owned by Governments						
Construction Contractors						
Total Estimated Incremental Assessed Real Property Value (Roll-Forward to Future Years)	446,569,300	451,076	451,020	455,920	461,642	
Current Ad Valorem Rate						
Jurisdiction	Value/Rate (%)	Tax Amount (\$)				
New Windsor	3.10%	\$14,110,655	\$14,253,150	\$14,395,722	\$14,539,400	\$14,685,076
Orange	0.39%	\$1,729,345	\$1,746,029	\$1,764,277	\$1,782,526	\$1,799,799

\* = Submit pre-opening costs in Year 1 and post-opening costs in the year incurred. Roll forward total assessed value from year-to-year and add new costs incurred in each year.

\*\* = Purchase Price of Land and Existing Improvements Excluded Because Already Taxed

Assumptions	FTE Workers	Year 1 2013		Year 2 2014		Year 3 2015		Year 4 2016		Year 5 2017	
		Average Annual Wage / Salary and Tip	FTE Workers	Average Annual Wage / Salary and Tip	FTE Workers	Average Annual Wage / Salary and Tip	FTE Workers	Average Annual Wage / Salary and Tip	FTE Workers	Average Annual Wage / Salary and Tip	FTE Workers
<b>Gaming Facility Workers</b>											
General and Administrative											
Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians	24	\$127,547	24	\$127,602	24	\$130,358	24	\$132,365	24	\$135,434	
Clerical Workers, Compliance, Accounting, and Sales	166	\$40,381	166	\$40,442	166	\$41,271	166	\$42,006	166	\$42,938	
Human Resources	7	\$45,713	7	\$49,813	7	\$50,829	7	\$51,825	7	\$52,887	
Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners	348	\$133,448	348	\$133,524	348	\$134,227	348	\$134,912	348	\$135,610	
Catering											
Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians	126	\$65,100	126	\$65,171	126	\$66,004	126	\$67,016	126	\$67,257	
Dealers and game supervisors	668	\$55,346	668	\$59,406	668	\$60,534	668	\$61,606	668	\$62,692	
Clerical Workers, Sales and Hosts	78	\$24,310	78	\$24,940	78	\$25,459	78	\$25,984	78	\$26,488	
Security and surveillance	131	\$26,402	131	\$26,475	131	\$27,205	131	\$27,949	131	\$28,708	
Cleaners											
Other											
Hotel											
Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians	5	\$55,383	5	\$56,000	5	\$57,120	5	\$58,264	5	\$59,424	
Clerical Workers, Sales and Marketing Staff	36	\$30,304	36	\$30,746	36	\$31,545	36	\$32,217	36	\$32,863	
Room cleaners, housekeeping supervisor	91	\$29,393	91	\$29,573	91	\$30,265	91	\$30,870	91	\$31,488	
Other											
Food and Beverage											
Professionals, Chefs, Managers, Executives and Technicians	76	\$49,332	76	\$49,230	76	\$50,215	76	\$51,219	76	\$52,244	
Clerical Workers, Sales and Service Workers											
Food preparers and servers, Hosting staff, and Cleaners	924	\$33,913	924	\$34,293	924	\$35,081	924	\$35,792	924	\$36,496	
Other											
Other (including convention, entertainment, retail, etc.)											
Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians	33	\$40,326	33	\$42,413	33	\$43,261	33	\$44,126	33	\$45,009	
Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners											
Other											
<i>*Spillover* / Induced Economic Activity</i>											
Total Incremental Job Creation (Other than Direct Gaming Facility Employment)											
Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians											
Clerical Workers, Sales and Service Workers											
Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners											
Other - our model does not provide job rates for indirect impacts											
	1,575	\$48,193	1,575	\$49,155	1,575	\$50,118	1,575	\$51,143	1,575	\$52,164	

\*Spillover\* / Induced Economic Activity

Total Incremental Job Creation (Other than Direct Gaming Facility Employment)

Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians

Clerical Workers, Sales and Service Workers

Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners

Other - our model does not provide job rates for indirect impacts

Incremental Tax Projections*		Tax Amount (\$) Based on Average Annual Wage/Salary and Type Worker Type		Tax Amount (\$) Based on Average Annual Wage/Salary and Type Worker Type		Tax Amount (\$) Based on Average Annual Wage/Salary and Type Worker Type		Tax Amount (\$) Based on Average Annual Wage/Salary and Type Worker Type	
General and Administrative		\$ 4,018.38	\$ 10,192.455	\$ 8,118.35	\$ 21,352.33	\$ 8,118.35	\$ 18,352.33	\$ 8,118.35	
Professional, Managers, Executives and Technicians		\$ 1592.048	\$ 3,978.319	\$ 2,284.24	\$ 5,779.183	\$ 2,136.43	\$ 4,352.33	\$ 2,136.43	
Clerical Workers, Compliance, Accounting, and Sales		\$ 2,279.63	\$ 5,601.65	\$ 2,080.57	\$ 5,021.25	\$ 2,051.62	\$ 3,864.65	\$ 2,048.20	
Human Resources		\$ 2,480.65	\$ 6,201.67	\$ 2,487.35	\$ 5,921.12	\$ 2,551.62	\$ 3,064.65	\$ 2,521.58	
Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners		\$ 1,834.53	\$ 4,571.508	\$ 1,831.18	\$ 4,772.647	\$ 1,862.32	\$ 2,047.27	\$ 1,972.31	
Casino		\$ 2,583.49	\$ 551.346	\$ 2,589.24	\$ 553.137	\$ 2,647.54	\$ 560.065	\$ 2,707.10	
Professional, Managers, Executives and Technicians		\$ 3,295.55	\$ 2,139.246	\$ 3,506.13	\$ 2,340.206	\$ 3,581.77	\$ 2,383.284	\$ 3,662.93	
Dealers and Agents, Supervisors		\$ 2,022.43	\$ 509.390	\$ 1,284.37	\$ 300.181	\$ 1,216.57	\$ 302.692	\$ 1,205.254	
Clerical Workers, Sales and Hosts		\$ 2,022.43	\$ 504.936	\$ 2,077.11	\$ 505.551	\$ 2,074.15	\$ 507.275	\$ 2,071.11	
Security and Surveillance									
Chambers									
Other									
Hotel									
Professional, Managers, Executives and Technicians		\$ 3,279.24	\$ 15.395	\$ 3,246.45	\$ 15.6432	\$ 3,354.69	\$ 15.7391	\$ 3,432.37	
Clerical Workers, Sales and Marketing Staff		\$ 1,667.75	\$ 561.028	\$ 1,671.74	\$ 561.183	\$ 1,711.68	\$ 561.621	\$ 1,752.43	
Rooms Cleaners, Housekeeping Supervisors		\$ 1,570.30	\$ 142.987	\$ 1,580.27	\$ 144.531	\$ 1,626.55	\$ 148.016	\$ 1,665.54	
Other									
Food and Beverage									
Professionals, Chfs, Managers, Executives and Technicians		\$ 2,943.48	\$ 225.104	\$ 2,489.81	\$ 216.536	\$ 2,913.32	\$ 221.412	\$ 2,978.10	
Clerical Workers, Sales and Service Workers		\$ 1,891.79	\$ 1,646.701	\$ 1,892.79	\$ 1,748.936	\$ 1,837.15	\$ 1,799.381	\$ 1,902.41	
Food Preparation and Servers, Hospitality Staff, and Cleaners									
Other [including convention, entertainment, retail, etc.]									
Professional, Managers, Executives and Technicians		\$ 2,404.61	\$ 793.252	\$ 2,410.07	\$ 793.532	\$ 2,464.79	\$ 801.338	\$ 2,520.59	
Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners									
Other									

\*Spillover\*\* / Induced Economic Activity  
Total Incremental Job Creation (Other than Direct Gaming Facility Employment)  
Professionals, Managers, Executives and Technicians  
Clerical Workers, Sales and Service Workers  
Production and Transport Operators, Laborers and Cleaners  
Other assumed effective tax rate comparable to existing

\$ 2,360.08 \$ 3,717.136 | \$ 2,433.49 \$ 3,364.233 | \$ 2,591.10 \$ 3,351.239 | \$ 2,565.43 \$ 3,414.176 | \$ 2,621.68 \$ 3,432.301

\*\* Apply current NY State income tax rates to the average annual wage/salary & tips for the respective job category and multiply by the FTE workers in said category; assume FTEs as Single or Married Filed Separately, with no exemptions or deductions.

VII. Community Impact Payments

Assumptions	Year 1					Year 2					Year 3					Year 4				
	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)	Amount (\$)				
<b>Gaming Facility Financial Metrics</b>																				
Casino Department																				
Gross Gaming Revenue* from Slot Machines and Electronic Gaming Devices	\$587,970,633	\$433,022,325	\$460,418,557	\$466,181,620	\$475,201,293															
Gross Gaming Revenue* from House-Banked Table Games	\$200,249,561	\$121,085,627	\$126,085,664	\$126,987,213	\$127,486,753															
Gross Gaming Revenue* from Other Gaming	\$7,406,040	\$7,411,763	\$8,220,713	\$8,458,437	\$8,678,406															
Less: Commissions/Sales	\$40,207,262	\$44,674,736	\$46,485,029	\$48,313,073	\$49,235,459															
Total Casino Gross Revenue	\$655,469,231	\$591,006,779	\$593,850,234	\$597,264,983	\$604,287,282															
<b>State (SAC, Table, or Total)</b>																				
Community Impact Payments (if any)*																				
Host Village Impact Payments																				
Fixed Host Village Impact Payments																				
Variable Host Village Impact Payments																				
Total Host Village Impact Payments																				
Host City/Town Impact Payments																				
Fixed Host City/Town Impact Payments																				
Variable Host City/Government Impact Payments																				
Total Host City/Town Impact Payments																				
Host County Impact Payments																				
Fixed Host County Impact Payments																				
Variable Host County Impact Payments																				
Total Host County Impact Payments																				

\* = "Gross Gaming Revenue" in this table shall have the definition provided in PML Sec. 1301.25.

A Community Impact Payment is an amount payable, in addition to any business activity or real property taxes, under a host community, community benefit or similar agreement entered into between an Applicant, Manager or any of their affiliates and the Host Village. Host contractually required contributions to charitable organizations. Community Impact Payments include direct payments to governments as well as a measure of Gaming Facility performance such as Gross gaming revenues. Submit community impact payments due in the pre-opening period under Year 1.

VIII. Assumptions

"Other revenues" includes non-room rate hotel revenues (i.e. vending, internet, movie), conference and banquet revenues, restaurant lease, ATM fees and other service fees.

The Incremental Tax Provision is based on the schedule of Construction Costs attached as Exhibit VII.C.19 amounting to an assessed value of between \$420-

\$450 million equating to an approximate \$16.0 million in property taxes.

Current assumption is that structure is an LLC. As such, no Corporate Income Tax was estimated.

F&B Revenues differ from Exhibit VII.A.4 due to inclusion of third-party restaurant operations in this model (creating an economic impact)

Based on the economic impact analysis, Host County Retail Tax for Indirect Spending equates to approximately 65% of the overall In-Park Indirect and Induced spending - the formula for Row 141 was adjusted accordingly

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