MARKET/REVENUE STUDY

EXHIBIT VIII. A.3

As required pursuant to Exhibit VIII. A.3, the company engaged an independent expert, Marquette Advisors, to evaluate the size of the potential gaming market for the proposed Sterling Forest Resort. Given the company's strong international focus and presence in the lucrative Asian markets and the United Kingdom the company engaged Union Gaming to work with Marquette Advisors in order to focus on the international market and its revenue potential in the context of this project. Marquette Advisors also worked with Strategic Market Advisors on certain non-gaming elements of the report. Both the independent reports of Union Gaming and Strategic Market Advisors have been included as addenda to the Marquette Advisors report on the following page. As required by the RFA, an Excel file has been provided at the end of this exhibit to facilitate the review process.

STERLING FOREST RESORT - CASINO GAMING MARKET ANALYSIS

June 2014

Marquette Advisors File #14015

Prepared for:

RW Orange County LLC 110-00 Rockaway Boulevard Jamaica, NY 11420

Prepared by:



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June 18, 2014

Mr. Christian Goode **RW Orange County LLC** 110-00 Rockaway Boulevard Jamaica, NY 11420

RE: Sterling Forest Resort - Casino Gaming Market Analysis - June 2014

Dear Mr. Goode:

Marquette Advisors is pleased to present our analysis on NY gaming market conditions and review of the revenue potential for a proposed casino resort complex in upstate New York, to be known as Sterling Forest Resort. The new facility will be located in Orange County in the Town of Tuxedo, assumed to open in January 2017, featuring approximately 3,800 slot machines, 330 banked table games and 40 non-banked table games, 1,000 hotel rooms, event and convention space, and a diverse mix of food and beverage outlets. This report presents an analysis of the likely utilization and revenue performance the proposed gaming venue. Our analysis indicates that the facility will be highly successful in its performance, drawing millions of visitors from regional and tourist market segments and providing tremendous economic impact at the local, regional and state level.

In accordance with the terms of our engagement we did not ascertain the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to this project including any federal, state or tribal regulations or compacts. **No effort has been made to determine the possible effect on the proposed project of future federal, state or local legislation**. Further, no effort has been made to determine the possible effect of any environmental or ecological matters or energy shortages.

Our conclusions are based on information developed from research of the market, knowledge of the industry and meetings with representatives of the project team during which we were provided with significant information. The sources of information and bases of the estimates and assumptions are stated in the body of this report. This information and supporting documentation was assumed to be accurate and no attempt at independent verification was made. We have no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the conclusion of our fieldwork, which is concurrent with the report date.

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Mr. Christian Goode **RW Orange County LLC** Page ii

The casino performance and financial projections presented in this report are based on estimates and assumptions developed in connection with our market study. However, some assumptions inevitably will not materialize as anticipated and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur; therefore, actual results achieved during the period covered by our analysis will vary from our projections and the variations may be material. Further, we are not responsible for future marketing efforts and other management actions upon which actual results will depend.

Our report and financial projections are intended for the use of RW Orange County, LLC in its application with the State of New York for a new casino gaming license and related documents. The report may be used, only in its entirety, in support of this effort and/or in support of legislative and regulatory submissions. However, neither the report nor its contents may be referred to or quoted in any registration statement, prospectus, private placement memorandum, appraisal or other financial agreement or document without our prior review and written consent.

The project, if executed as conceptualized has a very high likelihood of exceeding \$1 billion + in Gross Gaming Revenue (GGR) before other revenues from food, beverage, and entertainment amenities are counted and considered.

Sincerely,

MARQUETTE ADVISORS

Marquette Advisors

STERLING FOREST RESORT GAMING MARKET ANALYSIS June 2014

Letter of Transmittal i-ii

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ADDENDA:

- 1. UNION GAMING ANALYTICS REPORT
- 2. SMA REPORT
- 3. PROFILE OF MARQUETTE ADVISORS

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

Casino gaming has expanded across North America at a remarkable pace. In addition to the traditional gaming markets in Nevada and Atlantic City, limited casino gaming is now conducted in historic towns in South Dakota and Colorado; riverboat and land based gaming has been legalized and is operating successfully in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Louisiana, Missouri and Mississippi. Three large commercial casinos have been developed in Detroit. Commercial casinos exist in 22 states. Racinos have been developed in 26 states, including New Mexico, New York, Pennsylvania, Oklahoma, Maine, Indiana, Florida, Rhode Island, Delaware, West Virginia, Iowa, and the Virgin Islands. In Canada, tremendously successful land-based casinos have opened in several cities in Quebec, Ontario and Alberta.

Among the most rapid and significant expansions of casino style gaming in the U.S. more recently has occurred on Indian reservation land. High stakes gaming operations on Indian lands have become an important source of jobs and income to many tribes around the country. Such operations are governed by federal law and by compacts negotiated between tribes and the states in which their reservations lie. The regulatory status often allows Indian gaming operations to offer games and prize structures not otherwise available in their area, enabling them to provide a unique entertainment alternative to the surrounding population. As a result, both the demand for and supply of such facilities has expanded rapidly. The Indian gaming industry has doubled in size since 2001.

At the opposite end of the spectrum, in many areas, tracks offering pari-mutuel wagering on horse and dog races have been in a state of decline, with this trend often attributed to the rise in the popularity and availability of casinos within the same region. Although the decline in the live racing component of the pari-mutuel industry is far more complex in its causes than simply competitive impact from casino gaming, the industry is turning increasingly to casino style games to reverse the trend. Video lottery terminals and slot machines have been installed at tracks in a number of states in an attempt to supplement track income to enable faltering tracks to survive. Further, many states, including New York, have already or are considering the addition of casino gaming facilities as a source of source of additional tax revenue.

Proposed Sterling Forest Resort - Tuxedo, NY

Marquette Advisors was retained by RW Orange County LLC to analyze a possible casino gaming complex in the Hudson Valley/Catskill region of New York and its potential performance, considering current and expected future New York gaming market conditions. The new casino resort complex, Sterling Forest Resort, will be built in Tuxedo (Orange County), on route 17A on the current 238 acres New York Renaissance Faire and Tuxedo Ridge Ski Center site.

The site is located approximately 2.5 miles west of the to-be built intersection of 17A and Interstate 87, a major north south interstate providing direct and easy access from all areas of NY City, the boroughs, and New Jersey. A new interchange is to be built as a part of this project at 17A and I-87 and the access improvements which will be built are considered in our gaming market analysis following. The location and access is superior in all respects.

The proposed facility is to be a year round resort facility that will substantially enhance the existing amenities within Sterling Forest, including the existing Tuxedo Ridge Ski Center and the New

York State Renaissance Fair. Included in the proposed resort would be approximately 140,000 square feet of gaming space, roughly 9% of the entire planned development.

The resort program is described elsewhere in detail but generally the program is as follows;



Guest Rooms/Suites: 1,000 Gaming Machines: 3,800

Gaming Tables: 370
Retail Stores: 4
Parking Spaces: 8,900
Restaurants: 20
Bars: 9
Pools: 4
Spas: 2

Meeting Space: 36,080 square feet

The property is expected to attract regular visitation from throughout local, regional, and international market segments, given the operator's extensive overseas experience and regional tourism.

Located less than a one-hour drive from New York City, the new Sterling Forest Resort and casino gaming complex will regularly draw gamers from the greater NY/NJ metro area, including day-trip, overnight, and extended-stay resort guests, as well as a mix of national and international travelers.

SCOPE OF SERVICES

We have reviewed common gaming demand factors, completed a detailed review of the relevant market area (i.e. expected primary customer draw area) surrounding the subject development site, along with a profile of the competitive gaming supply within and peripheral to the New York market. Marquette Advisors has reviewed regional gaming market statistics and the performance of individual casino facilities, including those in New York and neighboring states, and has prepared estimates of future casino utilization and gaming revenue for Sterling Forest, a proposed casino, resort and entertainment complex proposed for Tuxedo in Orange County, NY. The facility is projected to open on January 1, 2017. Utilization and revenue modeling was prepared for a 10 year period starting 1-1-2017 and includes development, marketing ramp-up and stabilization of the gaming facility.

The projections factor in market area population and income growth trends, as well as appropriate changes in gaming participation rates in the region, and redistribution of market share (casino trips) as relevant due to the introduction of new gaming facilities in upstate New York in accordance with recent legislation.

In addition, incremental gaming revenue is calculated due to the planned hotel room capacity (at 1,000 rooms) and demand expected beyond the projected local and regional market needs, inclusive of both domestic tourism and international travel which will occur as a result of a detailed marketing plan presented elsewhere.

The Operators have a unique customer market awareness, knowledge of, and penetration of Asian and European (UK) market segments, due to their existing operations and proprietary player data base worldwide.

Town of Tuxedo

General Area

Tuxedo Town, including Tuxedo Park is a small community of a combined 3,624 residents in Orange County, New York. Tuxedo is located approximately 35 miles north of the George Washington Bridge of Manhattan, New York City. The area is ideally located at Sterling Forest Park.

Sterling Forest Park is part of the Ramapo Mountains, a forested chain of the Appalachian Mountains, and connected to the Catskills. The major lake in the region, which is largely surrounded by private residences, is Tuxedo Lake. Its location within the mountains provides panoramic views all around, while providing a lush forest environment for full-time residents, visitors, and vacationers.

Major draws to the area today include both the Tuxedo Ridge Ski Center and the New York Renaissance Faire. The ski center, originally opening in 1962 as the Sterling Forest Ski Area, offers seven trails with a top elevation of 1,200 feet. There are over 100 skiable acres on the mountain, known as Tiger Mountain. During the summer, the center hosts a multitude of events, including concerts and various events. The Renaissance Faire, which takes place over 8 weekends in late summer, is a 35-acre permanent development that has 20 stages and over 100 shops. The Faire draws almost 10,000 attendees per day during the season.

Given the scenic nature of the market area, and existing attractions in the area, the proposed Sterling Forest Resort will be a landmark development for this area, and will significantly lift up and improve this area of Orange County.

The addition of 1,000 guest rooms at a five-star quality level, along with first class restaurants and gaming facilities will serve to resuscitate this once robust tourist area and fully amplify its recovery region-wide.

CURRENT GAMING MARKET CONDITIONS

New York

<u>Historical Background</u>

New York approved a state lottery in 1966, and during the 1970's and 1980's several constitutional amendments that would allow commercial casinos. However, it was not until 2001 until video lottery terminals were permitted. At present, there are nine facilities housing VLTs within the state, all at racetrack facilities, or "racinos".

Most recently in 2013, as will be discussed in greater detail below, New York State legislature approved the licensing of up to four additional destination resort-style casinos within the state, in three defined regions. The proposed Sterling Forest Resort at Tuxedo will fall within the Hudson Valley/Catskill region, and will be the closest Resort-Casino to Manhattan, and thus will unquestionably generate the highest revenues for both the operator and the State. This natural locational advantage is further enhanced by the highly experienced operator who has decades of experience managing resorts of this type worldwide, and is highly successful recently with their Resorts World Casino NYC experience in New York.

Present Day

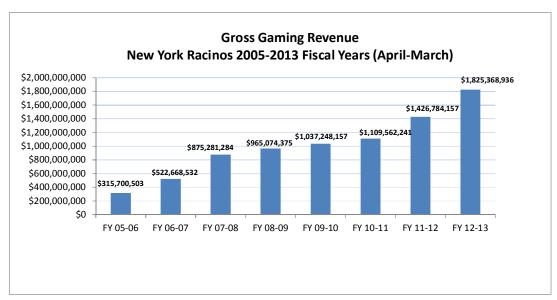
Presently, three tribes have lawful gaming in New York State, and operate a total of eight facilities:

- The Seneca Nation of Indians operate the Class III Seneca Niagara Casino in Niagara Falls, the Class III Seneca Allegany Casino, the Class III Seneca Buffalo Casino in Buffalo, and Class II bingo on both their Cattaraugus and Allegany Reservation lands
- The *St. Regis Mohawks* operate the Class II Mohawk Bingo Palace and the Class III Akwesasne Mohawk Casino, which also houses Class II poker games
- The *Oneida Indian Nation* of New York operates the Turning Stone Casino, which houses both Class II bingo and poker, as well as its Class III gaming operations.

According to Casino City's Indian Gaming Industry Report in 2013, tribal gaming in New York comprised 11,934 gaming machines and 310 table games, generating total revenues of \$921,000,000 in 2011. NY tribal gaming statistics for 2012 and 2013 have not yet been published.

Each of New York's tribal gaming facilities are located far upstate in New York, and thus we do not believe they are competitive with Sterling Forest Resort at the Tuxedo location.

Video lottery gaming operations began in 2004 at Saratoga Gaming & Raceway in Saratoga Springs and have since expanded to eight additional facilities. According to the New York State (NYS) Gaming Commission, as of January 1, 2013, there were 17,213 such machines operating in New York State. The following table summarizes the competitive New York gaming revenues through the most recent fiscal year:



Source: NYS Gaming Commission

We have been engaged to analyze the Sterling Forest Resort casino and its performance potential. Accordingly, RW Orange County, LLC retained Marquette Advisors to provide an analysis and projections of the likely performance, considering existing and potential new competition.

New York legislature has recently approved four new casinos in various regions (including the subject of this report). These locations include:

- Lower Hudson/Catskill (Subject) the counties of Delaware, Greene, Columbia, Sullivan, Ulster, Orange, and Dutchess;
- Capital Region the counties of Fulton, Saratoga, Washington, Montgomery, Schoharie, Schenectady, Rensselaer, and Albany, and;
- Eastern Southern Tier Region generally, the counties of Wayne, Seneca, Broome, Tioga, Chemung, Tompkins, and Schuyler.

The recent legislation will allow for the construction of four new gaming facilities, with no more than two in any one of the three specified regions. Additionally, the legislation assures that no downstate gaming resorts will be permitted for at least seven years after the first upstate gaming license is awarded. The new facilities are allowed to be either new resorts, or conversion of existing New York racinos. The existing upstate Indian casinos will be allowed to retain their geographical exclusivity.



Assumed New Competition

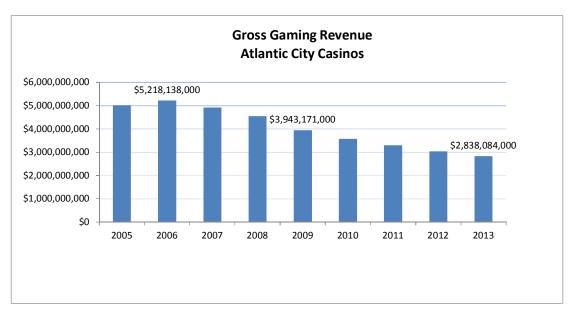
For purposes of this analysis, we examine the potential for the proposed Sterling Forest Resort development in Orange County in the Town of Tuxedo within the Sterling Forest region. It is assumed that another new casino will also be developed in Broome County, while another is assumed to be constructed in the Albany area. These facilities would pose peripheral competition to the Sterling Forest Resort at Tuxedo.

New Jersey

The New Jersey gaming market is currently comprised of 11 casinos, all in Atlantic City. The casinos offer a combined 37,564 total gaming positions, with 26,207 gaming machines and 1,570 table games. Atlantic City's resort casinos offer a combined total of 17,338 hotel rooms.

Atlantic City remains the largest destination gaming market in the eastern U.S., although its casinos have struggled in recent years. The recent economic recession in the U.S. had a marked impact upon Atlantic City. However, the expansion of gaming in eastern states such as Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Maryland and New York has had much more significant negative impact upon Atlantic City over the past several years. In particular, Philadelphia and New York had historically been important feeder markets for Atlantic City. More recently, gamers in these markets are choosing to make fewer trips to Atlantic City due to the availability of large casinos much closer to home and the development of alternative destination casinos such as Sands Bethlehem and Mount Airy in Pennsylvania, and of course Foxwoods and Mohegan Sun in Connecticut. Atlantic City gaming revenues have declined by more than 45% since 2006. In 2013, Atlantic City casino revenues totaled \$2.838 billion, down from \$3.031 billion a year ago and \$5.22 billion in 2006.

Atlantic City fortunes have been further eroded as increased promotional play has accelerated in the direct face of ongoing loss of market share, further eroding performance and returns.



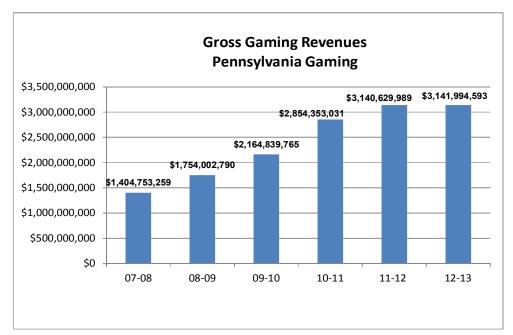
Source: New Jersey Casino Control Commission

Pennsylvania

Pennsylvania now features 11 gaming facilities, including five casinos and six racinos dispersed throughout the state. We expect that several Pennsylvania facilities will pose varying levels of competition to Sterling Forest Resort in Orange County, NY.

This includes Mount Airy Casino Resort in the Pocono Mountains and Sands Casino Bethlehem. Both facilities attract significant patronage from the greater NY/NJ market. As well, Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs in Wilkes Barre will be a secondary competitor to SFR, relative to the population residing in the western-most portion of the expected Orange County draw area. Meanwhile, Parx Casino and SugarHouse in Philadelphia will be peripheral competitors to the south.

Casino gaming in Pennsylvania in FY2012-13 comprised 26,015 total gaming machines and 7,497 gaming tables. Revenues totaled more than \$3,141,000,000 in FY2012-13. The graphic below shows gaming revenue growth in the State of Pennsylvania over the past six fiscal years.

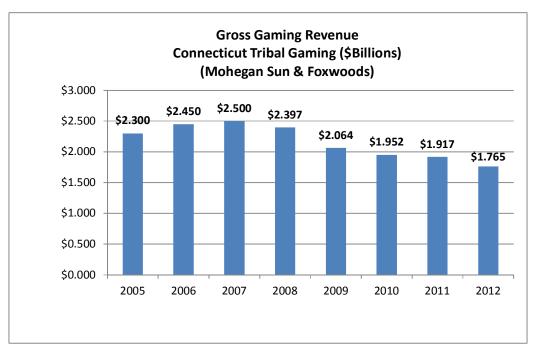


Source: PA Gaming Control Board

The addition of four new casinos in New York State will compete with much of the existing casino veneus in Pennsylvania, particularly those in the Poconos Region.

Connecticut

There are two gaming tribes in Connecticut, each operating a single casino. Combined, Foxwoods and Mohegan Sun feature a total of more than 12,000 gaming machines and 700 table games. At their peak, the facilities generated combined revenues of more than \$2.5 billion in 2007, drawing heavily from throughout Connecticut and Massachusetts, as well as the greater New York-New Jersey metro area. However, since that time, the casinos have seen marked declines, as gaming has expanded in both New York and Pennsylvania. In 2012, Mohegan Sun and Foxwoods generated combined revenues of \$1.765 billion, down from \$1.917 billion in 2011. Further expansion of gaming in New York and Massachusetts is expected to result in further dilution of revenues at the Connecticut resort casinos.

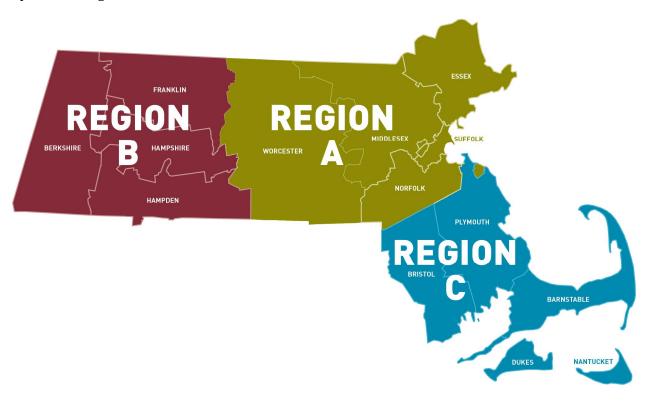


Source: New England Gaming Market Update, 2013 – Center for Policy Analysis, UMass-Dartmouth

The impact on the Connecticut facilities should be substantial, given their location relative to the proposed facilities in New York. Coupled with declining recent performance, the proposed facilities will draw much of the existing gaming population that is NY based from these competitive facilities.

Massachusetts

In 2011, Massachusetts through the Expanded Gaming Act authorized the licensing of three resort casinos and one slots parlor, with the anticipation of issuing licenses in 2014. One resort casino is to be developed in the west, central, and eastern regions of Massachusetts. As of March 2014, in western Massachusetts (Region B as shown below) MGM Resorts is currently the only operator being considered.



It is expected that MGM will develop a large casino resort complex in Springfield, MA. That license was recently awarded. This facility will become the dominant gaming venue in western Massachusetts and will become a primary competitor to Foxwoods and Mohegan Sun in Connecticut. We expect that the MGM-Springfield casino will pose limited and secondary competition to the SFR, NY gaming complex relative to Orange County's eastern market segments, such as the Poughkeepsie and Hyde Park areas.

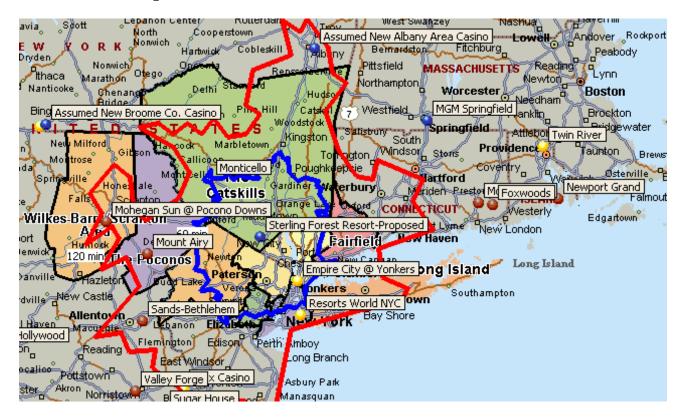
GAMING DEMAND/SUPPLY FACTORS

The amount of gaming demand that exists in a market is a function of the following major factors:

- Population
- Income
- Quantity of gaming facilities
- · Quality and amenities of gaming facilities
- Proximity and convenience of gaming facilities
- Variety and quality of entertainment alternatives

In evaluating the potential gaming market available for a particular new casino, each of these factors must be weighed in relation to the particular characteristics of the market. These factors are discussed in greater detail below.

Population: The most fundamental economic factor affecting casino performance is the size of the population base in the surrounding market, specifically the number of adults of gaming age. Although the correlation is not necessarily direct, the population base in the surrounding region is a major determinant of the number of gaming machines and tables an area can support. The population base surrounding Tuxedo, NY is massive. ESRI Business Information Solutions, a national econometric forecasting firm, estimates that more than **18.5 million adults** reside within a two-hour drive surrounding Tuxedo.



Income: Personal income also plays an important role in affecting the performance potential of a casino market. However, the exact role played is not as obvious as it might seem. The gaming industry has long known that its reputation as being attractive primarily to under-educated,

lower income adults was completely false. Rather, the propensity to gamble tends to *increase* with income. Certainly, casino executives spend a great deal of effort and money to attract and cater to high-income patrons.

Nevertheless, it also does not follow that the higher the average income in a particular market, the larger the gaming pool and the higher the average expenditure per person will be at a particular casino. The average win per person is far more directly influenced by the regulatory environment within which the casino operates and the overall level of competition present in the market. Markets in which casino play is inhibited by such regulations as table game limits, restricted games, and loss limits generally experience lower win per person characteristics than do less regulated markets. Similarly, casinos in markets where there is little competition generally experience higher levels of play that result in higher win per person.

Rather, the importance of income comes as a supplement to the population base and tourism potential by determining the total pool of dollars available to be spent on discretionary activities such as casino gaming. Another way of examining that pool of dollars is to look at existing expenditures on discretionary items, such as entertainment, recreation, and fees. Based upon ESRI statistics, annual expenditures on such items by the population residing within two-hours of Tuxedo, NY totaled more than **\$90 billion** in 2013. Clearly, there is an enormous supply of available dollars for spending on entertainment and recreation in the regional market, including casino gaming.

Quantity of gaming facilities: The number of gaming devices and tables present in a market in relation to the size of the population base available is a major determinant of the performance of those gaming devices and tables. To a certain extent, the gaming dollars available in a market are spread over the number of devices in that market. However this relationship is not constant. In most markets where multiple casinos exist, the local population has a tendency to gamble at casinos more frequently, due to the convenience and variety of gaming facilities available, thereby expanding the pool of gaming dollars. For example, if a second casino of similar size were added to a market, the first casino would not be expected to lose one-half of its volume. Instead, the total gaming volume available to the two casinos would be expected to increase somewhat, for both casinos to share, although some dilution of the first casino's business would be expected to occur. As a market begins to approach equilibrium between the supply of gaming positions and the gaming demand, however, each additional expansion has an increasingly larger dilutive effect upon the overall market.

In markets such as Albuquerque, NM, or several markets in Oklahoma where several casinos exist within a short driving distance of the population base, casino gaming participation rates are among the highest in the nation. By comparison, in New York, with its huge population base and far fewer casino gaming options which are much more geographically dispersed, casino gaming participation rates remain relatively low. We expect that the addition of new gaming facilities in upstate New York will result in a fairly significant increase in gaming participation rates within 30 to 60 minutes surrounding those facilities, and somewhat modest increases at greater distances. As well, the introduction of these new facilities will result in a further redistribution of market share amongst casino competitors in New York and neighboring states.

Depending on the facilities and infrastructure of the casino itself and the surrounding area, a casino's market need not be entirely limited by the local or even regional population base present. To the extent the population base in the region is low, significant demand can be imported from elsewhere, particularly from places where gaming is not available. Hotels and

bussing programs can import demand. Las Vegas is an extreme example of a market that has developed such a large concentration of gaming facilities and amenities that they attract patrons from around the world. Atlantic City is another such market, although it has been in a decline in recent years for a variety of reasons, primarily the proliferation of gaming throughout Pennsylvania, Connecticut and New York. The development of facilities within and near major population centers has greatly reduced Atlantic City's ability to attract gamers from these feeder markets.

Proximity and convenience of gaming facilities: Related to the quantity of gaming facilities is the proximity and convenience factor in influencing gaming demand. People are more likely to visit a casino that is close to their home and/or is easily accessed within a short driving distance (i.e. the New Mexico and Oklahoma examples referenced above). In the case of the Hudson Valley/Catskill region, we expect more frequent patronage by "local" customers originating from within about a 30-minute drive, with less frequent day-trip and extended visits by customers residing between 30 and 120 minutes from the property. This will be the most convenient full-service gaming facility for many affluent gamers residing in northern New Jersey and Manhattan. We note that the subject site is strategically located, with a planned major interchange upgrade that will make the casino accessible within about a 45-minute drive from the George Washington Bridge. The quality and location of the proposed resort and casino is expected to draw additional guests from both national and international markets, on a yearround basis. NYC-area gamers are expected to continue to utilize the gaming facilities closest to them for slot gaming on a most frequent basis, those being Resorts World NY and Empire City at Yonkers Raceway, although many will make regular, but less frequent trips to Tuxedo due to the unique high end characteristics of the facility and its location.

Quality and amenities of gaming facilities: A casino that features amenities and a high quality environment will entice the area population to visit more frequently and will encourage people to travel a greater distance, thereby increasing the casino's market share and possibly increasing the size of the area's gaming pool. Restaurants are successful at increasing visitation, particularly in markets where few restaurant alternatives may exist. Moreover, varied high quality food and beverage offerings can give a particular casino a significant advantage over another facility within the same market that may offer fewer or lower quality restaurants. Hotels and resort facilities are used to attract gamers from a greater distance, and to increase the duration of their visit. By providing a full range of amenities and lodging facilities, SFR is expected to capture regular "destination" resort gaming business from more distant market segments, primarily NYC and the surrounding metro area.

Importantly, we note that through the provision of VIP gaming on-site and strategic marketing and player development tapping Genting's New York, regional and international player database, the facility is expected to attract a considerable high-end customer segment, particularly Asian customers, at a rate which exceeds that achieved by the majority of facilities existing in the region presently. To date, Sands Bethlehem has demonstrated similar success in attracting high-end VIP gamers from the New York region. This facility is the only complex within a two-hour drive from NYC, which will provide such a VIP gaming experience and targeted marketing program.

Variety and quality of entertainment alternatives: A population's propensity to participate in gaming activities is influenced by the variety and quality of entertainment alternatives available to them. In general, urban populations which have movies, shopping,

sporting events, restaurants and other entertainment alternatives readily available tend to participate in gaming activities less frequently than do rural populations that do not have these activities conveniently available. This factor also holds gaming participation rates down in much of New York, which features among the deepest and most diverse mix of entertainment, recreation and leisure activity alternatives of any city in the world.

PROJECTED REGIONAL DRAW AREA & COMPETITION

Marquette Advisors examined the characteristics of the proposed Sterling Forest Resort gaming location and the surrounding population base and competitive facility locations.

We expect that the facility in Tuxedo will attract the majority of its customers from within a 30 to 120-minute drive time. The casino will attract "regular" customers from a local market, with less frequent patronage originating from those customers residing between 60 and 120 minutes from the facility, as well as national and international tourist segments. NYC and NJ-metro markets are expected to be important feeder markets for the complex.

Sterling Forest Resort will receive competition from several facilities in the surrounding region.

Competitors will include the Mount Airy Casino Resort in the Poconos, as well as Sands Casino Resort in Bethlehem, PA. Both facilities attract customers from New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Resorts World NYC and Empire City at Yonkers Raceway will continue to capture the majority of casino trips originating from the metro area, although these gamers will continue to split less frequent "destination" casino trips among gaming properties within a reasonable driving distance. This includes the subject new casino in Orange County and others such as Mount Airy, Mohegan Sun - Poconos, Sands-Bethlehem, Mohegan Sun, and Foxwoods.

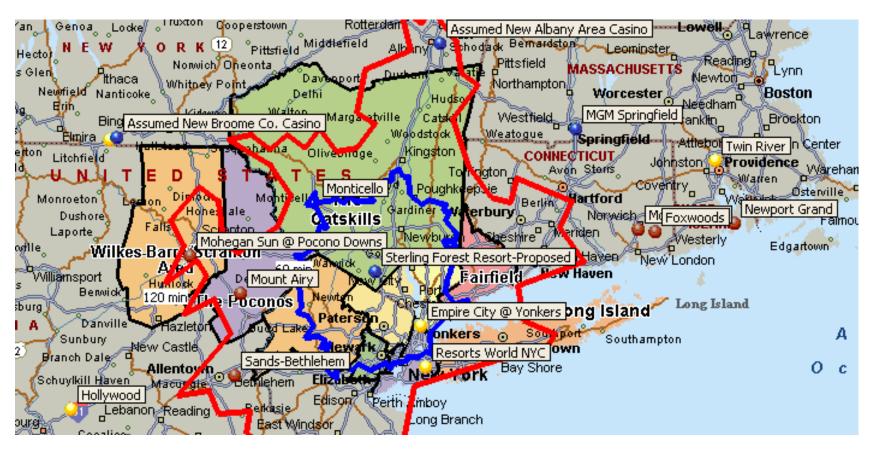
Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs will be a secondary competitor, relative to the submarkets lying west of Orange County and the Wilkes-Barre/Scranton area. An assumed new Broome County Casino is also expected to pose secondary competition to the north and west, as is an assumed newly licensed casino in the Capitol-Albany area. Facilities in the Philadelphia area to the south, such as Parx Casino, Valley Forge, and Sugar House pose limited peripheral competition relative to Sterling Forest Resort's southern-most market segments.

Atlantic City is also a relevant competitor, particularly its larger resort venues such as Borgata, Caesar's and Harrah's, as this market continues to capture a portion of gaming expenditures from the NY/NJ metro market, albeit a declining share of the market as more convenient gaming venues have been developed with more convenient locations and more competitive overall product. Despite the development of the Borgata in Atlantic City, this market continues to lose market share due to the overall obsolete nature of the casino properties and the allure of newer, better facilities in more proximate locations. Most populated areas of NY and NJ are much more proximate to Tuxedo than Atlantic City.

The map on the following page shows the expected regional draw area (shaded area) surrounding the proposed Orange County gaming site. For reference, the map also shows a 60 and 120-minute drive time surrounding the site (according to Microsoft MapPoint software calculations). The location and current revenue performance of surrounding casinos is also indicated on the map.

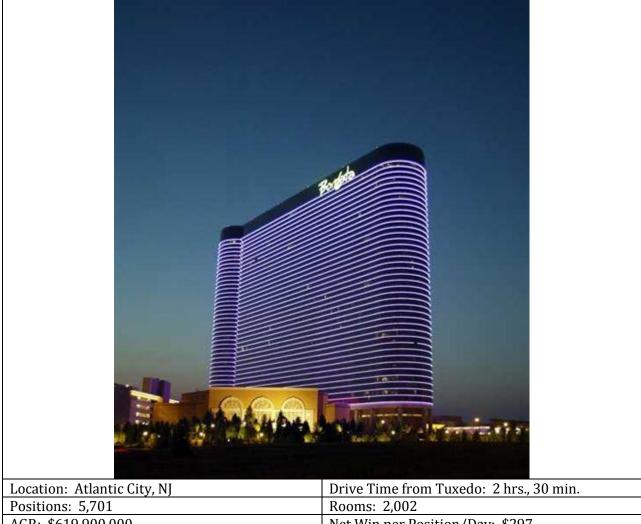
Projected Regional Draw Area for Sterling Forest Resort (shaded area) & Competitive Casino Locations

Blue line = 1-hour drive time from Tuxedo Red line = 2-hour drive time from Tuxedo



Orange County NY & Surrounding Market Area Competitive Gaming Supply								
Competitive Casinos	Location	Gaming Machines	Tables Non-Poker	Poker Tables	Total Positions	Hotel Rooms	Annual Gaming Revenues	Net Win per Position-Day
Mount Airy Casino Resort	Mount Pocono, PA	1,900	77	11	2,538	188	\$186,000,000	\$201
Sands Casino Resort	Bethlehem, PA	3,024	152	30	4,358	300	\$456,000,000	\$287
Resorts World Casino New York	Jamaica, NY	5,000	-	-	5,000	-	\$770,000,000	\$422
Empire City at Yonkers Raceway	Yonkers, NY	5,400	-	-	5,400	-	\$550,000,000	\$279
Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs	Wilkes-Barre, PA	2,332	66	18	2,956	-	\$267,000,000	\$247
Mohegan Sun Casino	Uncasville, CT	5,530	350	42	8,358	1,176	Foxwoods & Mohegan Sun combined revenues = \$1,765,000,000	
Foxwoods Resort Casino	Mashantucket, CT	5,830	280	100	8,690	1,916	\$1,1 00,000,000	\$284
Parx Casino	Bensalem, PA	3,361	121	45	4,613	-	\$487,000,000	\$289
Borgata Hotel, Casino & Spa	Atlantic City, NJ	3,700	165	94	5,701	2,002	\$617,900,000	\$297
Harrah's Atlantic City	Atlantic City, NJ	2,630	180	40	4,250	2,590	\$356,400,000	\$230
Caesar's Atlantic City	Atlantic City, NJ	2,190	100	30	3,160	1,140	\$336,400,000	\$292
Assumed New Facilities								
Sterling Forest Resort (subject)	Tuxedo, NY	3,800	330	40	6,470	1,000		
Assumed New Broome Co Casino	Broome Co. NY	1,500 - 2,000	40	10	1,870 - 2,370	N/A		
Assumed New Albany-area Casino	Albany, NY	1,500 - 2,000	40	10	1,870 - 2,370	N/A		
MGM-Springfield	Springfield, MA	3,000	75	25	3,750	300		
Note: one table equals 7 gaming posit	Note: one table equals 7 gaming positions, poker tables equal 9 gaming positions.							
Source: Marquette Advisors								

<u>Borgata - Atlantic City</u>



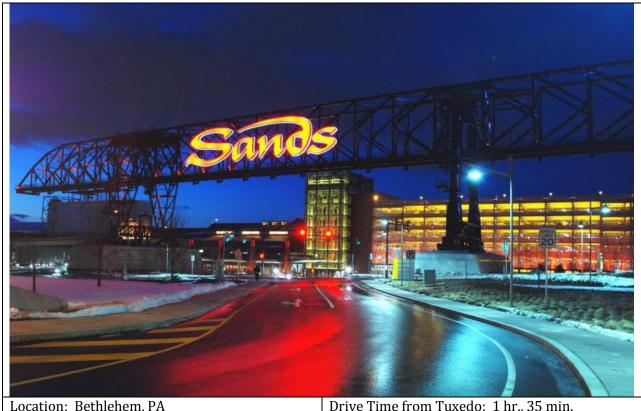
Location: Atlantic City, NJ	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 2 hrs., 30 min.
Positions: 5,701	Rooms: 2,002
AGR: \$619,900,000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$297

Mount Airy Casino Resort



Location: Mount Pocono, PA	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 1 hr., 35 min.
Positions: 2,538	Rooms: 188
AGR: \$186,000,000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$201

Sands-Bethlehem Casino Resort



Location: Bethlehem, PA	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 1 hr., 35 min.
Positions: 4,358	Rooms: 300
AGR: \$456,000,000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$287

Resorts World Casino New York



Location: Jamaica, NY	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 1 hr., 5 min.
Positions: 5,000	Rooms: n/a
AGR: \$770,000,000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$422

Empire City at Yonkers Raceway



Location: Yonkers, NY	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 45 min.
Positions: 5,400	Rooms: n/a
AGR: \$550.000.000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$279

Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs



Location: Wilkes-Barre, PA	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 1 hr., 45 min.
Positions: 2,956	Rooms: 2,956
AGR: \$267.000.000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$247

Mohegan Sun Casino



Location: Uncasville CT	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 2 hrs., 30 min.
Positions: 7,780	Rooms: 1,200
AGR: \$945,000,000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$207

Foxwoods Casino

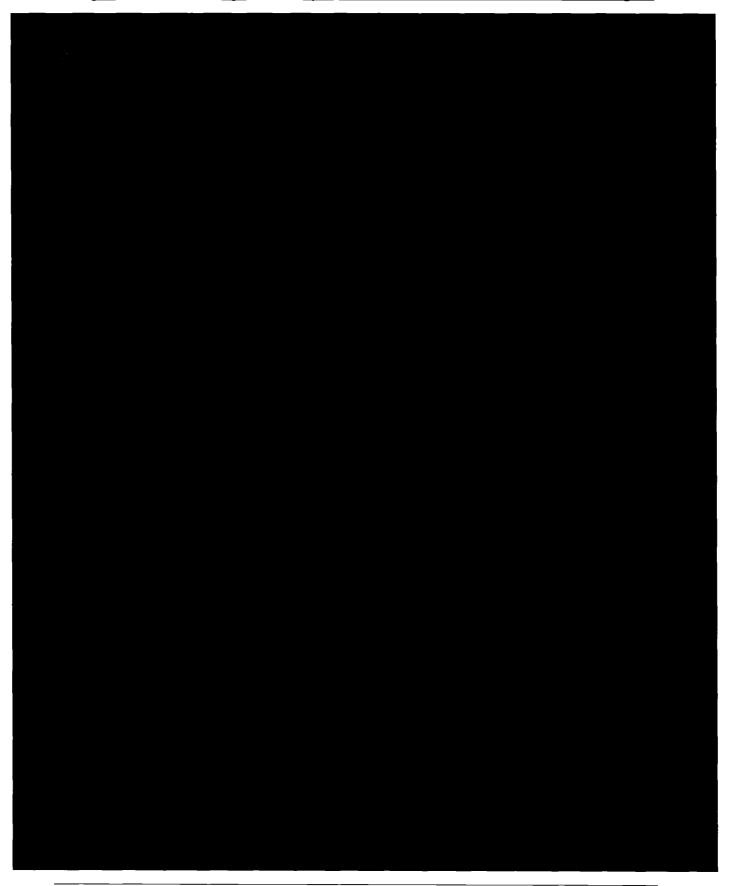


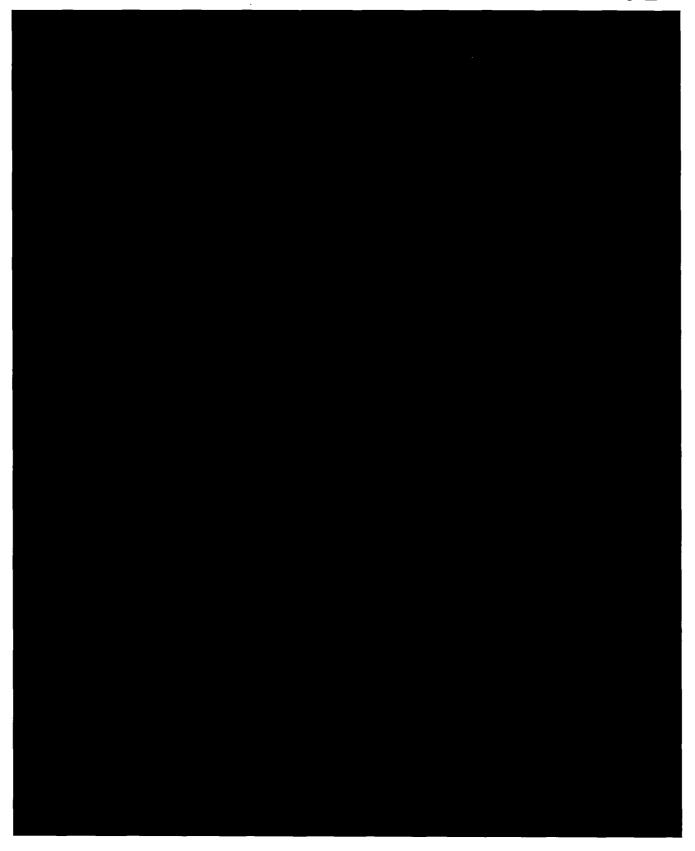
Location: Mashantucket, CT	Drive Time from Tuxedo: 2 hrs., 40 min.
Positions: 8,373	Rooms: 1,416
AGR: \$824.000.000	Net Win per Position/Day: \$168

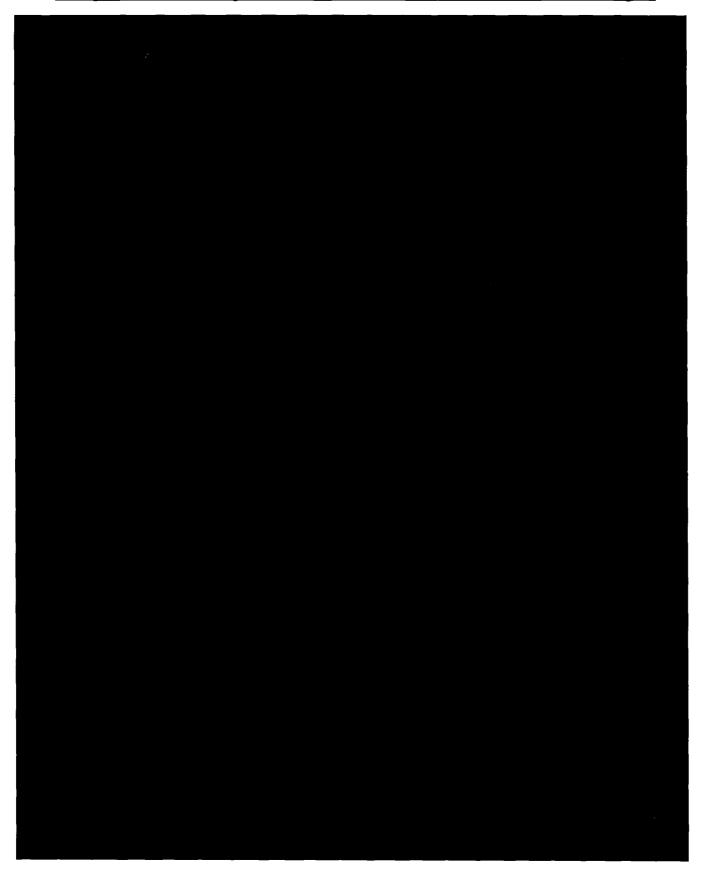
Parx Casino

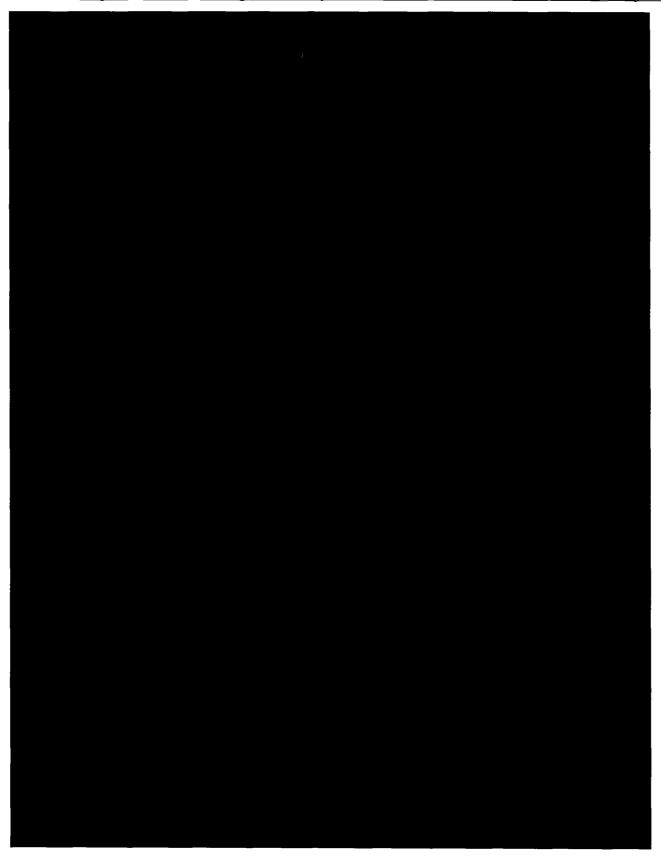


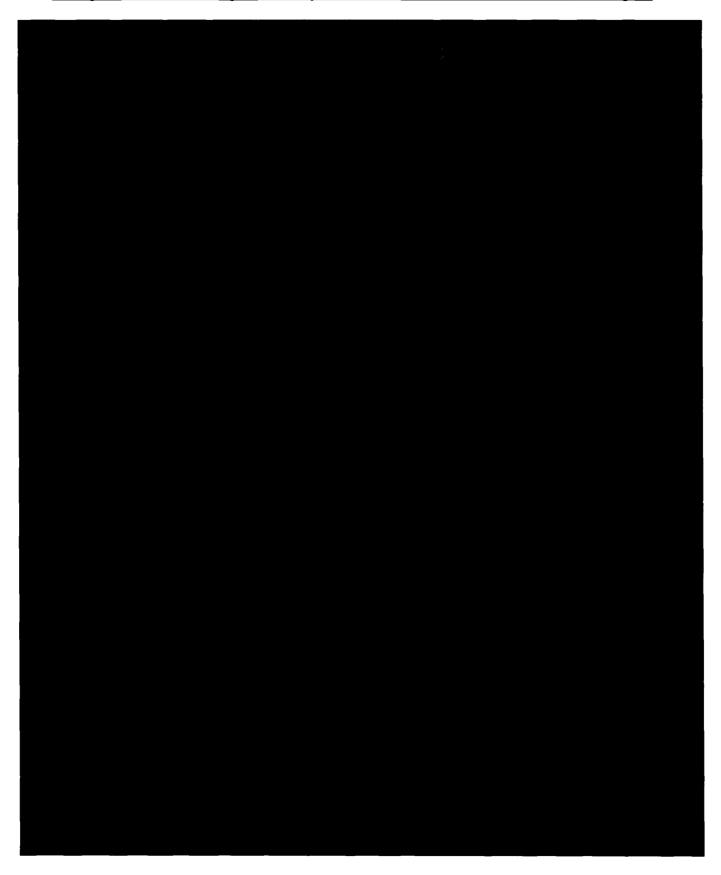
Marquette Advisors	Marquette	Advisors
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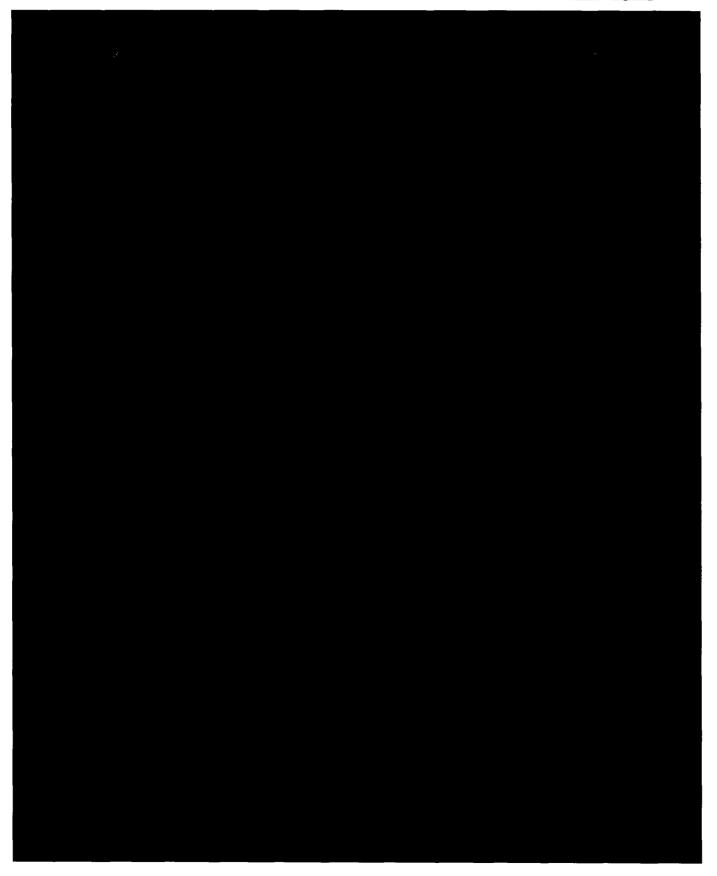




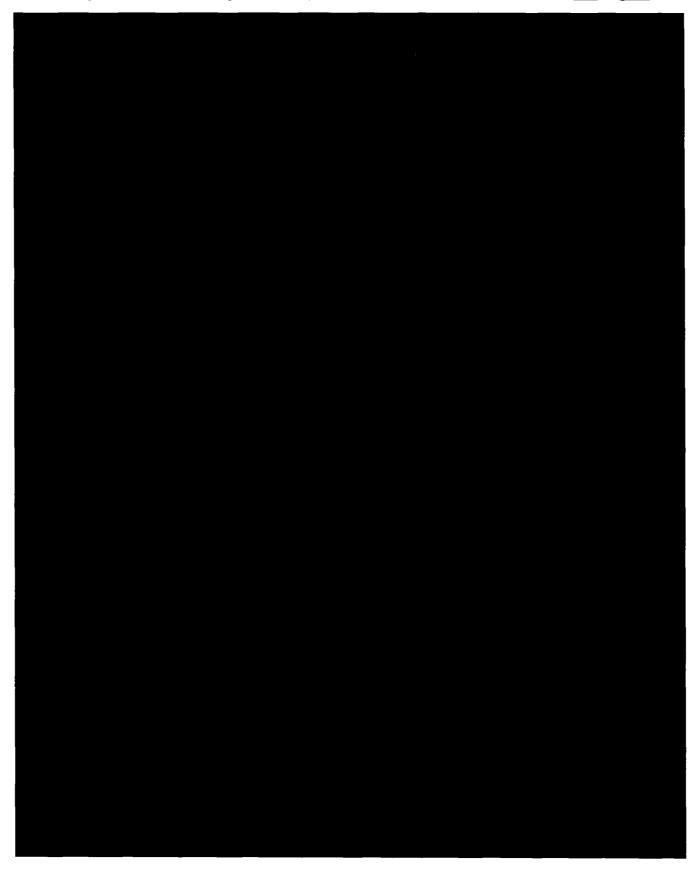












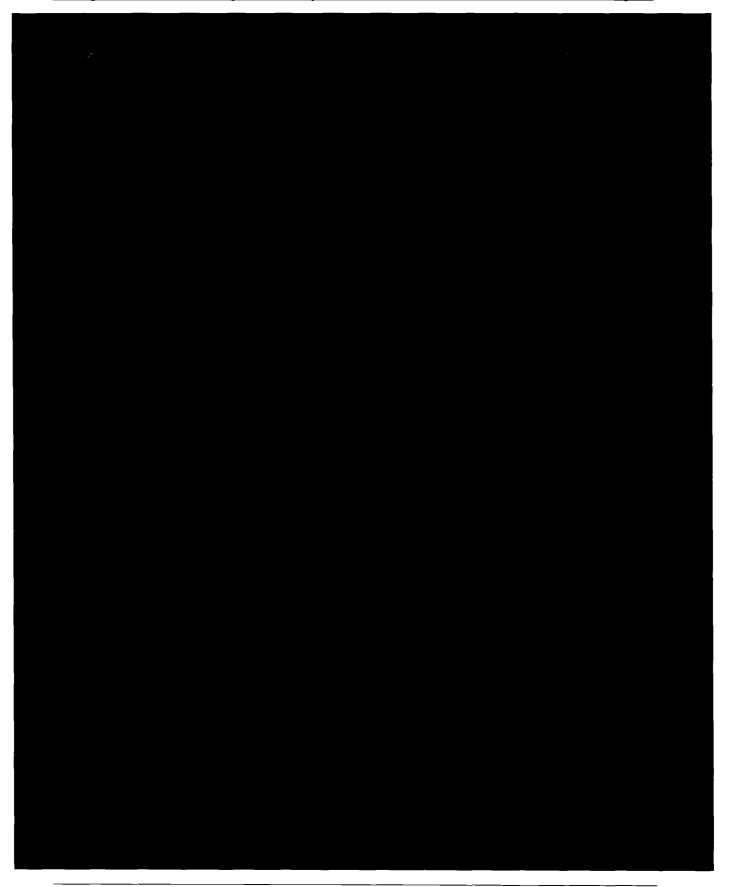


Figure 2: Annual 10 Year GGR Recapture Forecast by Case (USD mm)

Outbound Gaming Spend Analysis - Low Case (\$mm)	2017F	2018F	2019F	2020F	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
Las Vegas VIP Play Recapture		\$27	\$28	\$28	\$28	\$28	\$29	\$29	\$29	\$30
Asian VIP Play Recapture	\$51	\$51	\$52	\$52	\$53	\$53	\$54	\$54	\$55	\$55
Other VIP Play Recapture	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$3	\$3	\$3
Induced Revenues from Asian Tourists to NYC	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$8	\$9	\$9	\$9
Induced Revenues from Shoppers to Woodbury Common Outlets	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15	\$15
Total Recaptured GGR from Asian VIP & Tourist Play	\$103	\$104	\$105	\$106	\$107	\$108	\$109	\$110	\$111	\$112
Outbound Gaming Spend Analysis - Average Case (\$mm)	2017F	2018F	2019F	2020F	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
Las Vegas VIP Play Recapture	\$44	\$44	\$45	\$46	\$47	\$48	\$49	\$50	\$51	\$52
Asian VIP Play Recapture	\$127	\$130	\$134	\$138	\$143	\$147	\$151	\$156	\$160	\$165
Other VIP Play Recapture	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4	\$4
Induced Revenues from Asian Tourists to NYC	\$12	\$12	\$12	\$13	\$13	\$13	\$13	\$13	\$14	\$14
Induced Revenues from Shoppers to Woodbury Common Outlets	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$20	\$21	\$21	\$21	\$21
Total Recaptured GGR from Asian VIP & Tourist Play	\$206	\$211	\$216	\$221	\$226	\$232	\$238	\$244	\$250	\$256
Outbound Gaming Spend Analysis - High Case (\$mm)	2017F	2018F	2019F	2020F	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
Las Vegas VIP Play Recapture	\$62	\$64	\$66	\$68	\$70	\$72	\$74	\$76	\$78	\$81
Asian VIP Play Recapture	\$380	\$399	\$419	\$440	\$462	\$485	\$509	\$535	\$562	\$590
Other VIP Play Recapture	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5	Ś5	\$5	\$5	\$5	\$5
Induced Revenues from Asian Tourists to NYC		\$16	\$17	\$17	\$17	\$18	\$18	\$18	\$19	\$19
Induced Revenues from Shoppers to Woodbury Common Outlets	\$26	\$26	\$26	\$26	\$27	\$27	\$27	\$27	\$28	\$28
Total Recaptured GGR from Asian VIP & Tourist Play	\$488	\$510	\$532	\$556	\$581	\$606	\$634	\$662	\$692	\$723

Source: Union Gaming Analytics

Figure 4: Annual 10 Year Asian Visitor Forecast by Case

Visitor Analysis - Low Case	2017F	2018F	2019F	2020F	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
Las Vegas VIP Recaptured Visitors	2,709	2,722	2,736	2,750	2,763	2,777	2,791	2,805	2,819	2,833
Asian VIP Play Recaptured Visitors	5,068	5,093	5,118	5, 144	5,170	5,195	5,221	5,247	5,273	5,299
Other VIP Play Recaptured Visitors	241	241	241	241	241	241	241	241	241	241
Visitation from Induce d Asian Tourists to NYC	13,995	14,065	14,135	14, 205	14,276	14,347	14,418	14,490	14,562	14,635
Visitation from Induced Shoppers to Woodbury Common Outlets	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	156,000
Total Recaptured GGR from Asian VIP & Tourist Play	178,014	178,122	178,231	178,340	178,450	178,561	178,672	178,783	178,895	179,008
Visitor Analysis - Average Case	2017F	2018F	2019F	2020F	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
Las Vegas VIP Recaptured Visitors	3,483	3,517	3,552	3, 587	3,623	3,659	3,695	3,732	3,769	3,806
Asian VIP Play Recaptured Visitors	10,136	10,337	10,541	10,750	10,963	11,180	11,401	11,627	11,857	12,092
Other VIP Play Recaptured Visitors	29	289	288	288	287	286	285	285	284	283
Visitation from Induced Asian Tourists to NYC	20,993	21,097	21,201	21,306	21,412	21,518	21,624	21,731	21,839	21,947
Visitation from Induced Shoppers to Woodbury Common Outlets	210,600	211,124	211,649	212,176	212,703	213,232	213,763	214,295	214,828	215,362
Total Recaptured GGR from Asian VIP & Tourist Play	245,501	246,364	247,232	248,107	248,988	249,875	250,769	251,669	252,577	253,490
Visitor Analysis - High Case	2017F	2018F	2019F	2020F	2021F	2022F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2026F
Las Vegas VIP Recaptured Visitors	3,096	3,142	3,188	3, 235	3,283	3,332	3,381	3,431	3,481	3,533
Asian VIP Play Recaptured Visitors	19,005	19,660	20,338	21,039	21,765	22,515	23,292	24,095	24,926	25,785
Other VIP Play Recaptured Visitors	241	240	239	238	237	236	234	233	232	231
Visitation from Induce d Asian Tourists to NYC	27,991	28,129	28,267	28,406	28,546	28,687	28,828	28,970	29,113	29,256
Visitation from Induced Shoppers to Woodbury Common Outlets	273,000	274,358	275,723	277,095	278,474	279,859	281,251	282,651	284,057	285,470
Total Recaptured GGR from Asian VIP & Tourist Play	323,333	325,529	327,755	330,014	332,304	334,628	336,986	339,380	341,809	344,275

Source: Union Gaming Analytics

*Note that the <u>246,364 visitors</u> as shown above can also be expressed as approximately <u>622,000 visitor</u> <u>days</u>, according to Union Gaming Analytics, based on an average length of stay of 2 to 3 days per international visitor.

Summary - Gaming Revenue Performance

Presented on the following page is a summary of our gaming revenue forecast for Sterling Forest Resort's first 10 years of operations, assumed to commence on January 1, 2017. Low-average-and high forecasts are provided, in accordance with the RFA. Gaming revenue growth over the projection period is based on our review of market factors, as well as population and income growth in the area, and full implementation of marketing and player development programs by RW Orange County LLC over time. The facility is projected to capture approximately 6,952,600 casino visits (visitor days) and \$1,034,896,000 in net gaming win by year two of operations (2018).

LOW REVENUE MODEL

	Proposed Sterling Forest Resort Projected Gaming Revenues - 10 Yr Forecast										
	Gaming Devices Projected Gaming Revenue										
			·			•	Avg. Daily				
			Total		Avg Daily Win		Win per	Total Gaming	Avg. Daily Win	Total Casino	Avg. Win
Year	Machines	Tables	Positions	Machines	per Machine	Tables	Position	Revenue	per Position	Visitor Days	per Visit
2017	3,800	370	6,470	\$405,066,341	\$292	\$364,289,419	\$385	\$769,355,760	\$326	5,920,140	\$130
2018	3,800	370	6,470	\$448,073,712	\$323	\$396,432,688	\$419	\$844,506,400	\$358	6,332,515	\$133
2019	3,800	370	6,470	\$470,577,398	\$339	\$413,004,322	\$437	\$883,581,720	\$374	6,509,403	\$136
2020	3,800	370	6,470	\$493,156,267	\$356	\$430,354,539	\$455	\$923,510,806	\$391	6,600,633	\$140
2021	3,800	370	6,470	\$507,380,956	\$366	\$441,655,175	\$467	\$949,036,130	\$402	6,693,230	\$142
2022	3,800	370	6,470	\$522,032,384	\$376	\$453,264,830	\$479	\$975,297,214	\$413	6,787,214	\$144
2023	3,800	370	6,470	\$537,123,356	\$387	\$464,192,775	\$491	\$1,001,316,131	\$424	6,882,604	\$145
2024	3,800	370	6,470	\$552,667,056	\$398	\$476,448,558	\$504	\$1,029,115,614	\$436	6,979,420	\$147
2025	3,800	370	6,470	\$568,677,068	\$410	\$489,042,015	\$517	\$1,057,719,083	\$448	7,077,687	\$149
2026	3,800	370	6,470	\$586,167,380	\$423	\$501,983,275	\$531	\$1,088,150,655	\$461	7,177,426	\$152
					•						
Source	: Marquette A	dvisors									

MIDDLE REVENUE MODEL

	Projected Gaming Revenues - 10 Yr Forecast										
	Gam	ing Device	es			Projected Gamin	g Revenue				
							Avg. Daily				
			Total		Avg Daily Win		Win per	Total Gaming ,	Avg. Daily Win	Total Casino	Avg. Win
Year	Machines	Tables	Positions	Machines	per Machine	Tables	Position	Revenue	per Position	Visitor Days	per Visit
2017	3,800	370	6,470	\$459,073,712	\$331	\$488,432,688	\$517	\$947,506,400	\$401	6,509,657	\$146
2018	3,800	370	6,470	\$506,859,680	\$365	\$528,036,320	\$559	\$1,034,896,000	\$438	6,952,581	\$149
2019	3,800	370	6,470	\$530,752,664	\$383	\$549,338,136	\$581	\$1,080,090,800	\$457	7,147,313	\$151
2020	3,800	370	6,470	\$556,840,297	\$401	\$572,505,043	\$606	\$1,129,345,340	\$478	7,247,454	\$156
2021	3,800	370	6,470	\$572,645,506	\$413	\$588,950,194	\$623	\$1,161,595,700	\$492	7,349,082	\$158
2022	3,800	370	6,470	\$589,924,871	\$425	\$605,738,700	\$641	\$1,195,663,571	\$506	7,452,217	\$160
2023	3,800	370	6,470	\$606,692,617	\$437	\$623,880,861	\$660	\$1,230,573,478	\$521	7,556,883	\$163
2024	3,800	370	6,470	\$624,963,396	\$451	\$641,387,287	\$678	\$1,266,350,683	\$536	7,663,103	\$165
2025	3,800	370	6,470	\$642,752,298	\$463	\$660,268,905	\$698	\$1,303,021,203	\$552	7,770,901	\$168
2026	3,800	370	6,470	\$662,074,867	\$477	\$678,536,972	\$718	\$1,340,611,839	\$568	7,880,299	\$170

HIGH REVENUE MODEL

	Proposed Sterling Forest Resort Projected Gaming Revenues - 10 Yr Forecast										
	Com	ina Davia	20		-	Drainated Camir	a Bayanya				
	Gain	ing Device	es			Projected Gamir	_				
			Total		Ava Doily Win		Avg. Daily	Total Camina	Ava Daily Win	Total Casino	Avg. Win
Year	Machines	Tables	Positions		Avg Daily Win per Machine	Tables	Win per Position	Total Gaming , Revenue		Visitor Days	per Visit
				Machines					per Position		
2017	3,800	370	6,470	\$522,081,083	\$376	\$782,575,957	\$828	\$1,304,657,040	\$552	7,107,647	\$184
2018	3,800	370	6,470	\$575,645,648	\$415	\$840,639,952	\$889	\$1,416,285,600	\$600	7,587,279	\$187
2019	3,800	370	6,470	\$602,927,930	\$435	\$880,671,950	\$932	\$1,483,599,880	\$628	7,796,047	\$190
2020	3,800	370	6,470	\$632,524,327	\$456	\$922,655,547	\$976	\$1,555,179,874	\$659	7,906,345	\$197
2021	3,800	370	6,470	\$650,910,057	\$469	\$958,245,213	\$1,014	\$1,609,155,270	\$681	8,018,290	\$201
2022	3,800	370	6,470	\$670,817,358	\$484	\$995,212,570	\$1,053	\$1,666,029,928	\$705	8,131,912	\$205
2023	3,800	370	6,470	\$691,261,879	\$498	\$1,034,568,947	\$1,094	\$1,725,830,826	\$731	8,247,238	\$209
2024	3,800	370	6,470	\$712,259,736	\$514	\$1,074,326,015	\$1,136	\$1,786,585,751	\$757	8,364,294	\$214
2025	3,800	370	6,470	\$732,827,528	\$528	\$1,116,495,796	\$1,181	\$1,849,323,323	\$783	8,483,104	\$218
2026	3,800	370	6,470	\$754,982,353	\$544	\$1,160,090,670	\$1,227	\$1,915,073,023	\$811	8,603,698	\$223
					•		•				
Source	: Marquette A	dvisors									

The table on the following page shows a summary of projected visitation and revenues by point of origin in 2018.

Proposed S Projected Customer Visits & Gar	terling Forest Resort ming Revenues by Poi	nt of Origin 2018	
		2018	
Submarket/County	Visitor Days	Revenue	Avg. per Visit
NYC			
Queens	161,031	\$25,765,013	\$160
Brooklyn	146,606	\$21,990,960	\$150
Manhattan	54,090	\$9,736,135	\$180
Bronx	90,985	\$12,737,894	\$140
Staten Island	17,740	\$3,193,128	\$180
New York City	470,452	\$73,423,130	\$156
Long Island			
Nassau Co.	53,332	\$9,599,839	\$180
Suffolk Co.	58,762	\$11,164,728	\$190
Long Island Total	112,094	\$20,764,567	\$185
Jersey City	76,396	\$11,459,408	\$150
Newark Area			
Union Co.	96,120	\$14,417,964	\$150
Essex Co.	169,454	\$25,418,070	\$150
Newark Area Total	265,574	\$39,836,034	\$150
Rutherford/Paterson NJ Area			
Bergen Co.	783,048	\$105,711,519	\$135
Passaic Co.	580,091	\$69,610,944	\$120
Rockland Co.	364,117	\$40,052,848	\$110
Rutherford/Paterson NJ Area Total	1,727,256	\$215,375,311	\$125
Parsipanny Sussex NJ Area			
Morris Co.	235,622	\$36,521,393	\$155
Sussex Co.	71,512	\$9,296,580	\$130
Parsipanny Sussex NJ Area Total	307,134	\$45,817,973	\$149
Westcheser County	168,857	\$21,951,353	\$130
Fairfield Co.	82,950	\$13,271,962	\$160
Wilkes Barre-Scranton Area			
Lackawanna Co.	12,997	\$1,884,594	\$145
Susquehanna Co.	2,972	\$430,880	\$145
Wyoming Co.	1,923	\$278,780	\$145
Wilkes-Barre/Scranton Area Total	17,891	\$2,594,254	\$145
The Poconos			
Monroe Co.	57,755	\$7,219,406	\$125
Wayne Co.	15,665	\$2,349,675	\$150
Pike Co.	54,736	\$5,473,625	\$100
The Poconos Total	128,156	\$15,042,706	\$117
The Catskills			
Sullivan Co.	59,813	\$6,579,458	\$110
Delaware Co.	5,446	\$680,756	\$125
Ulster Co.	135,995	\$16,319,347	\$120
Greene Co.	19,926	\$2,490,731	\$125
Orange Co.	1,074,024	\$107,402,400	\$100
Putnam Co.	124,824	\$15,603,019	\$125
Dutchess Co.	427,302	\$47,003,206	\$110
Columbia Co.	26,244	\$3,280,463	\$125
The Catskills Total	1,873,573	\$199,359,380	\$106
Subtotal Regional Market Segment	5,230,333	\$658,896,078	\$126
Add: Domestic Tourism Segment	1,100,000	\$165,000,000	\$150
Add: International Tourism Segment *	622,000	\$211,000,000	\$339
Total # of Visitor Days & Gaming Revenue	6,952,333	\$1,034,896,078	\$149
* International Tourism Segment forecast by U	nion Gaming Analytics		
Source: Marquette Advisors			

APPENDIX A: MARKET ANALYSIS (EXHIBIT VIII. B. 1)

Introduction

This section is provided in accordance with the requirements of the RFA, specific to Exhibit VIII. B. 1. This includes an estimate of revenues from both gaming and non-gaming components at the proposed Sterling Forest Resort and the projected distribution of those revenues by point of origin. Specifically, we herein provide estimates of revenues coming from within New York State and from out-of-state customers.

Gaming Revenue Distribution - New York & Out-of-State Customers

Sterling Forest Resort will attract considerable visitation from gamers residing outside the State of New York. The table below shows an estimated distribution of gaming revenues originating from New York and out-of-state customers.

		S	terling Forest Resort							
	Proje	cted Gaming Revenu	e Distribution (NY & C	Out-of-State Customer	s)					
		To	otal Gaming Revenue							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5					
Low	\$769,356,000	\$844,506,000	\$883,582,000	\$923,511,000	\$949,036,000					
Average	\$947,506,000	\$1,034,896,000	\$1,080,091,000	\$1,129,345,000	\$1,161,596,000					
High	\$1,304,657,000	\$1,416,286,000	\$1,483,600,000	\$1,555,180,000	\$1,609,155,000					
	Gaming Revenue from New York Residents									
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5					
Low	\$304,402,000	\$337,303,000	\$353,617,000	\$390,302,000	\$380,977,000					
Average	\$337,303,000	\$373,792,000	\$381,888,000	\$410,411,000	\$422,258,000					
High	\$370,205,000	\$410,280,000	\$430,158,000	\$450,521,000	\$463,538,000					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5					
Low	\$464,954,000	\$507,203,000	\$529,965,000	\$533,209,000	\$568,059,000					
Average	\$610,203,000	\$661,104,000	\$698,203,000	\$718,934,000	\$739,338,000					
High	\$934,452,000	\$1,006,006,000	\$1,053,442,000	\$1,104,659,000	\$1,145,617,000					
Source: Mai	rquette Advisors									

Non-Gaming Revenue Distribution - New York & Out-of-State Customers

Marquette Advisors was also asked to evaluate Sterling Forest Resort and its potential to attract additional revenue from non-gaming activities from out-of-state visitors. In doing so, Marquette has relied upon separate gross revenue forecasts for non-gaming components developed independently by Strategic Market Advisors (SMA) for all non-gaming profit centers, with the exception of ATM, Credit Card advance commissions, etc., for which projections were developed by RW Orange LLC. Marquette subsequently developed estimates of the expected in-state/out-of-state non-gaming revenue distribution based on its own analysis of gaming customer distribution by point of origin for domestic guests, as well as the Union Gaming Analytics analysis of the international customer segment. Presented on the following page is Marquette's projection of non-gaming revenues by point of origination (showing those originating from in-state & out-of-state) for the facility's first five years of operations, based on low-mid-and high-case scenarios.

	Projecte		erling Forest Resort	Out-of-State Custom	ers)							
	Frojecte	u Non-Gailling Reven	de Distribution (NY &	Out-or-state custom	ersj							
		Total Nor	-Gaming Revenues b	y Yr.								
		Non Gaming Pe	evenue Forecast (Sou	rco: SMA)								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
					1 00.1 0							
Low	\$212,377,906	\$228,146,351	\$238,135,808	\$246,159,731	\$254,422,946							
Average	\$235,975,451	\$253,495,945	\$264,595,343	\$273,510,813	\$282,692,162							
High	\$259,572,996	\$278,845,540	\$291,054,877	\$300,861,894	\$310,961,379							
	All Other Per	vonue (ATM, CC Adva	nco Commissions of	c) (Source: RW Oran	ao I I C)							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
	Total T	Tour Z	Teal 5	i cai 4	T Car S							
Low	\$12,269,415	\$13,473,104	\$14,099,188	\$14,738,320	\$15,146,580							
Average	\$15,050,219	\$16,446,567	\$17,167,466	\$17,953,195	\$18,465,733							
High	\$20,556,507	\$22,328,830	\$23,389,974	\$24,519,249	\$25,364,831							
		GPAND TOT	AL Non-Gaming Re	wonline								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
Low	\$224,647,321	\$241,619,454	\$252,234,996	\$260,898,052	\$269,569,526							
Average	\$251,025,670	\$269,942,512	\$281,762,809	\$291,464,008	\$301,157,895							
High	\$280,129,503	\$301,174,370	\$314,444,851	\$325,381,143	\$336,326,210							
	Non-Gaming Revenues Originating from NY Residents											
		Non-Gailing Rever	ides Originating Hom	NT Residents								
		Non Gaming Re	evenue Forecast (Sou	rce: SMA)								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
Low	\$74,332,267	\$79,851,223	\$83,347,533	\$86,155,906	\$89,048,031							
Average	\$82,591,408	\$88,723,581	\$92,608,370	\$95,728,784	\$98,942,257							
High	\$90,850,549	\$97,595,939	\$101,869,207	\$105,301,663	\$108,836,482							
	All Other Re	venue (ATM. CC Adva	nce Commissions, et	c) (Source: RW Oran	ae LLC)							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
Low	\$4,294,295	\$4,715,586	\$4,934,716	\$5,158,412	\$5,301,303							
Average	\$5,267,577	\$5,756,298	\$6,008,613	\$6,283,618	\$6,463,006							
High	\$7,194,777	\$7,815,090	\$8,186,491	\$8,581,737	\$8,877,691							
		ODAND TOT	·									
	V4		AL Non-Gaming Re		V F							
Law	Year 1 \$78,626,562	Year 2	Year 3 \$88,282,249	Year 4 \$91,314,318	Year 5 \$94,349,334							
Low Average	\$87,858,984	\$84,566,809 \$94,479,879	\$98,616,983	\$102,012,403	\$105,405,263							
High	\$98,045,326	\$105,411,029	\$110,055,698	\$113,883,400	\$117,714,173							
	No	n-Gaming Revenues	Originating from Out-	of-State Customors								
	140	n-Canning Revenues	originating from out-	or-otate oustomers								
		Non Gaming Re	evenue Forecast (Sou	rce: SMA)								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
Low	\$138,045,639	\$148,295,128	\$154,788,275	\$160,003,825	\$165,374,915							
Average	\$153,384,043	\$164,772,364	\$171,986,973	\$177,782,028	\$183,749,905							
High	\$168,722,448	\$181,249,601	\$189,185,670	\$195,560,231	\$202,124,896							
	All Other Re	venue (ATM, CC Adva	nce Commissions. et	c) (Source: RW Oran	ge LLC)							
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
Low	\$7,975,120	\$8,757,517	\$9,164,472	\$9,579,908	\$9,845,277							
Average	\$9,782,642	\$10,690,268	\$11,158,853	\$11,669,577	\$12,002,726							
High	\$13,361,730	\$14,513,739	\$15,203,483	\$15,937,512	\$16,487,140							
		GDAND TOT	AL Non-Gaming Re	avenues								
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5							
Low	\$146,020,759	\$157,052,645	\$163,952,748	\$169,583,734	\$175,220,192							
Average	\$163,166,685	\$175,462,633	\$183,145,826	\$189,451,605	\$195,752,632							
High	\$182,084,177	\$195,763,340	\$204,389,153	\$211,497,743	\$218,612,036							
Ü					. ,- ,							

Recapture of NY Gaming Revenue

In accordance with the RFA, we have also analyzed the current and projected gaming market environment in terms of the flow of NY resident casino gaming trips and expenditures at facilities located outside of NY. We are aware that many New York gamers regularly patronize casinos elsewhere. As a result of the Sterling Forest Resort development, we expect that there will be considerable recapture of gaming dollars currently exiting the State to out-of-state casinos. The table below shows our estimates of gaming expenditures which would otherwise be captured by out-of-state casinos which will be recaptured by the Sterling Forest Resort during its first five years of operations. Low-average-high estimates are provided in accordance with the RFA.

			ng Forest Resort							
_	Projected Recapture of NY Resident Gaming Expenditures Currently Going to Casinos in Other States									
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5					
Low	\$146,276,290	\$160,564,552	\$167,993,876	\$175,585,524	\$180,438,610					
Average	\$180,147,765	\$196,763,000	\$205,355,810	\$214,720,491	\$220,852,197					
High	\$248,052,203	\$269,275,950	\$282,074,298	\$295,683,680	\$305,945,929					
Source: Marqu	ette Advisors									

ADDENDA

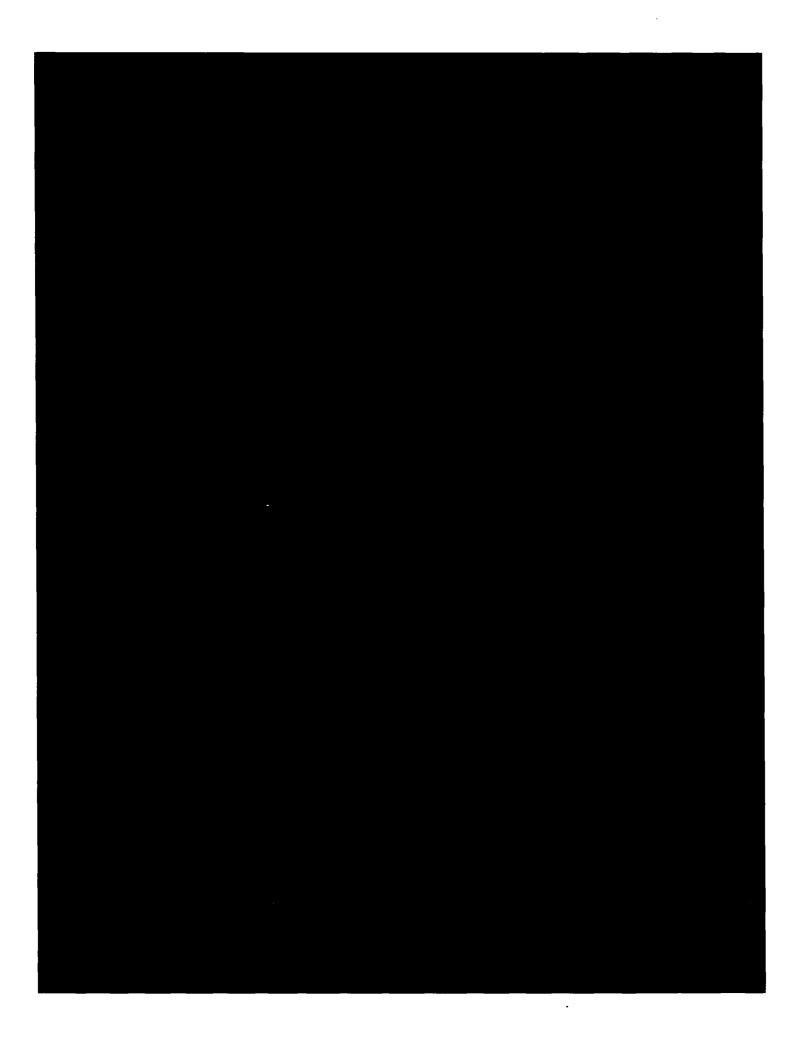


Sterling Forest Resort Project



June 2014







Union Gaming Background and Expertise

Union Gaming Group was formed in March 2009 as a portfolio of companies focused exclusively on the global gaming industry. The companies specialize in equity and credit research, sales and trading, investment banking, and gaming market studies, economic analyses and consulting. Union Gaming Analytics, Union Gaming Advisors and Union Gaming Research are wholly owned subsidiaries of Union Gaming Group. Union Gaming Advisors focuses on mergers and acquisitions, private placements, equity and debt offerings, and strategic advisory. Union Gaming Research covers the largest universe of gaming equities among its competitive set, uniquely based with offices in Las Vegas, Macau, and Hong Kong.

Union Gaming Advisors, LLC is a registered broker-dealer and a member of FINRA / SIPC Legal.

Union Gaming Research, LLC is a registered investment adviser in the state of Nevada. For more information about Union Gaming Group, please visit our website at www.uniongaminggroup.com.

Union Gaming Analytics

Union Gaming Analytics provides consulting services to corporate, government and institutional gaming clients focused on a broad spectrum of gaming related activities. Our expertise and depth of knowledge of the worldwide gaming industry positions us well to provide our clients with unbiased research, analysis and recommendations to help guide investment decisions and shape public policy.

Currently, Union Gaming Analytics client retentions for quantitative research efforts include market sizing and gaming market studies for casino and gaming operators, profitability and utilization studies for gaming and equipment suppliers, and several governmental agencies. Additionally, Union Gaming Analytics conducts ongoing consumer-focused, primary and secondary research on gaming trends.

Both management and employees of Union Gaming have a long-standing history and deep knowledge of the domestic and global gaming markets via our many years of equity research coverage (while at Deutsche Bank as well as Union Gaming Group) and C-level gaming industry experience. This expertise spans both casino operations and gaming technology providers. We have years of on the ground, in market experience visiting casinos throughout the U.S., understanding market dynamics which has allowed us to build a comprehensive database by market and casino. Additionally, we have performed international gaming market and feasibility studies for governments and casino operators who were looking to expand and develop gaming enterprises in new, untapped jurisdictions including: Vietnam, Spain, South Korea, Japan, Eastern Russia (Vladivostok), Malaysia, and Mongolia.

By way of example, our Las Vegas based team is currently monitoring hotel occupancy and rates trends, slot play behaviors, nightlife and consumer spending gaming, as well as, locals gaming play. On a national basis, the team tracks gaming revenue by state and county, by game type and by property.

Additionally, some examples of primary research our Macau-based research team is currently conducting include the following:

• Proprietary mass market customer survey (Macau) included collecting data at all primary points of entry into the country of Macau to determine casino preference via branded casino shuttle bus headcounts



- Construction pipeline review (Las Vegas / Macau) including regularly scheduled photography of numerous under-construction projects in both markets to better gauge the progress and timing of new development
- Electronic table game census (Macau/Singapore/Cambodia) is an annual piece that tracks all electronic table game installations by property, by manufacturer, and by game type (e.g. baccarat, roulette)

Our typical client engagements include the following scope of services, but not limited to:

Feasibility Studies - Deep dive analysis of the viability of a proposed gaming project including revenue, cash flow and return on investment projections.

Gaming Market Studies - In-depth market and property studies of all gaming jurisdictions worldwide, including market revenue projections and the impact of new gaming supply and new gaming technology.

Economic Impact - Economic impact analysis of greenfield developments, property expansions and new gaming markets or concepts in the communities in which they operate.

Financial Suitability - Analysis of balance sheets, sources and uses of cash and liquidity relative to project scope for gaming license applicants.

Legislative/Regulatory Support - Expert testimony and presentation to governmental, legislative and regulatory bodies to better understand the financial and market impact of proposed gaming legislation.

Fairness Opinions - Provide fairness opinions for multiple kinds of public & private gaming transactions, including a merger, takeover, divestiture or asset sale.

For more information about Union Gaming Analytics, please visit our website at www.uniongaminganalytics.com.



Previous Engagements

Assessing the current and future performance of casinos, their financial viability, and the impact of new gaming assets in an established market is something in which Union Gaming Analytics has a great deal of experience, both as a consultant to private gaming enterprises and as a consultant to the public sector. Our proprietary consumer-focused research reaches global markets and jurisdictions, including operators, state governments, gaming commissions, technology providers, equipment manufacturers, route operators, promoters and customers.

Below is a representative list of clients that have or are currently engaged with Union Gaming Analytics during the past 6+ years. Out of respect for our clients and certain disclosure agreements we are not listing the specific services provided, but will be pleased to discuss the nature of the relationship upon request.

- AC Gateway LLC
- Bally Technologies
- Blue Tarp reDevelopment LLC
- Brookfield Real Estate
- Caesars Entertainment
- Deloitte & Touche (Government of Cyprus)
- DesertXpress
- Enterprise Acquisition Corp.
- Fortunet
- Gaming Partners International
- Genting
- Iowa Racing and Gaming Commission
- Kansas Lottery Gaming Facility Review Board
- Karambunai Corp.
- KSL Capital Partners
- Las Vegas Sands
- Market East Associates
- Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe
- MGM Hospitality
- MGM Resorts International
- MI Developments Inc.
- NagaCorp Ltd.
- New York Gaming Association
- Northern Lights Management
- Palms Casino Las Vegas
- Playboy Enterprises
- Prism Crystal Enterprises
- Sands China Ltd.
- Shuffle Master



- South Dakota Lottery
- The Red Mile
- Tioga Downs Casino
- Tropicana Entertainment
- Vancouver Gaming Project (unable to disclose client name at this time)
- William Morris Endeavor Entertainment

Upon request, Union Gaming Analytics would also be happy to provide examples of our client reports and deliverables for the clients we have listed above.



Project Team

In order to exceed the stated goals and objectives of the project, Union Gaming Analytics intends to utilize the most senior members of its management team to complete this project. Union Gaming Analytics believes that its project team is uniquely qualified and also possesses the requisite gaming experience, knowledge and industry relationships to perform the analysis on this project.

Management of Union Gaming Analytics has extensive experience and relationships within every facet of the gaming industry (i.e. casino operators, slot/vlt route operators, manufacturers, regulators, investors, etc.).

During his career as a C-level gaming executive, Rich Baldwin (see bio below) has held a number of senior level finance and management positions and therefore brings a unique perspective to each consulting engagement that he undertakes. Rich is considered a subject matter expertise in his field and has developed an extensive professional network across the gaming industry that he draws upon when working on various client engagements.

During his career as a gaming analyst Bill Lerner (see bio below) has worked extensively with most, if not all of the management teams spanning casino operators, slot route operators, slot manufacturer's, etc. and has therefore become well versed and is considered a subject matter expert in his field. In addition, Bill has developed an extensive professional network in the gaming space, which he is able to utilize as an important resource when working on various client engagements.

With the experience and expertise previously described, Union Gaming Analytics believes that its management team is uniquely qualified for this engagement. We are not simply career consultants but rather a group with vast hands on industry experience that allows us to provide our clients with a more comprehensive and actionable analysis.

Following are the bios for the team members Union Gaming Analytics proposes for this engagement.



Richard Baldwin, MBA, CPA



Managing Director - Union Gaming Analytics

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Baldwin has over 17 years of corporate finance, capital markets, investor relations and general management experience spanning the global gaming industry. He is considered a subject matter expert in his field and has developed an extensive professional network across the gaming industry, upon which he is able to draw when working on various client engagements. Baldwin has held several executive level positions, including Chief Financial Officer at Tropicana Entertainment, Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer at Shuffle Master Gaming (NASDAQ: "SHFL") and Director of Corporate Finance & Investor Relations at International Game Technology (NYSE: "IGT"). Baldwin started his career on the client service side with Deloitte & Touché LLP, at which time he received his CPA license in the state of Nevada. Baldwin graduated from the University of Nevada, Las Vegas and earned his MBA from The Paul Merage School of Business at The University of California, Irvine. He lives in Las Vegas with his wife and two children.

Role in this study: Project lead and overall project management



Bill Lerner, MBA



Analyst – Union Gaming Analytics | Principal – Union Gaming Group

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+1 (702) 866-0747

Lerner has spent over 16 years on Wall Street as a gaming analyst covering the Gaming & Lodging industries. Lerner, along with two of his former colleagues at Deutsche Bank Securities formed Union Gaming Group in March 2009. Prior to forming Union Gaming Group, Lerner was Managing Director and Senior Gaming & Lodging analyst at Deutsche Bank Securities. This followed ten years at Prudential Securities and Deutsche Morgan Grenfell. Lerner has been recognized by Institutional Investor as part of it's "All American Research Team" and Wall Street Journal's "Best of the Street." During his career as a gaming analyst, he has worked extensively with most, if not all of the management teams spanning casino operators, slot route operators, slot manufacturers, etc. in the global gaming industry. Lerner has an MBA from Boston University and a BA from Syracuse. He currently lives in Las Vegas with his wife and three children.

Role in this study: Executive support and research



Grant Govertsen



Analyst – Union Gaming Analytics | Principal – Union Gaming Group

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Govertsen has spent over 8 years on Wall Street as a research analyst covering the Gaming & Leisure industries. Govertsen, along with two of his former colleagues at Deutsche Bank Securities formed Union Gaming Group in March 2009. Prior to forming Union Gaming Group, Govertsen supported research coverage on Deutsche Bank's gaming platform with Lerner and was the lead analyst of the bank's Lifestyle Brands / Leisure Products sector. Prior to joining Deutsche Bank, Govertsen worked at several boutiques economic consulting firms where he had primary responsibility for feasibility and market studies related to gaming and real estate developments. He began his career with Coopers & Lybrand's Financial Advisory Services group, with a focus on securities litigation support.

Role in this study: Executive support and research



Michael Greene



Director – Union Gaming Analytics

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Greene has over 13 years of corporate finance, investment banking, investor relations, and private equity experience in the gaming and lodging industries. Greene joined Union Gaming Analytics in March 2014 as a Director. Prior to joining the firm, Greene managed the investor relations department at International Game Technology (NYSE: "IGT"). Prior to IGT, he was a Vice President with a private equity firm focused on the lodging industry and worked in corporate finance at Pinnacle Entertainment, Inc. (NYSE: "PNK"). Greene began his career as an investment banker at Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc. in their real estate, gaming, lodging and leisure department. Greene received a B.B.A. from The University of Michigan.

Role in this study: Lead Researcher

Resort Market Assessment

Tuxedo, New York June 2014

Completed by: Strategic Market Advisors 7 Crest Drive Suite A Somersworth, NH 03878

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Introduction

RW Orange County LLC ("Genting") retained Strategic Market Advisors ("SMA") to provide advisory services related to its proposed Sterling Forest Resort to be located in Tuxedo, New York. Genting will introduce a true world-class casino resort one-hour from Manhattan and enhance existing attractions in Tuxedo. An investment in excess of \$1.2 billion will capitalize on the location near the New York Metropolitan Statistical Area ("MSA"). The planned positioning will target premium casino gamers from the area with broader marketing through the Genting organization. Specifically, Gentings' three East Asia properties and associated marketing organization will market the combined destination of Sterling Forest Resort and New York to its existing customer base. The firm plans to make substantial investments in order to effectively induce tourism.

The proposed resort will be located in a cleared area located along State Highway 17A in Tuxedo, New York. An approved exchange will be funded and built where 17A meets Interstate 87, enabling easy access along the 2.5-mile, four lane roadway. Sterling Forest Resort plans to fund the construction of exit 15B to facilitate the existing and new traffic in the area. In addition, Genting plans to invest in improvements for the existing Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area and the New York Renaissance Faire, which are located in close proximity. A 24-acre garden will be added and year-round events and activities will feature these attractions and the neighboring recreational activities at Sterling Forest and Harriman State Parks.

The new highway exchange will shorten the driving time to the site to one-hour from central Manhattan. It is the most proximate site to the center of the New York MSA being publicly discussed. Traffic congestion in the New York MSA can be persistent, and accordingly Genting plans to develop alternatives for its potential clients. A water taxi from the west side of Manhattan to the Alpine Boat Basin located along the Palisades Interstate Parkway in New Jersey will replace frequently congested roadways with notable views of the city and the Hudson River along the 25 minute journey. Connecting limousine service will make the transit time from Manhattan a predictable one-hour journey. Sterling Forest Resort will also offer seaplane service to VIPs from the New York Skyport on the East River to nearby Greenwood Lake. Other air alternatives could be facilitated at the nearby Warwick Airport. Guests from more distant locations will be able to use one of New York City's three major airports.

The New York MSA includes over 19 million people and is currently underserved. Nearby facilities offer a limited selection of slot machines that are subject to high revenue sharing agreements. Financially this makes investment in the facilities, marketing, and player rewards programs difficult compared to casino resort alternatives. The casino resort alternatives in the region are more out of state and more distant, requiring overnight stays. They range from facilities in northeastern Pennsylvania, which are as close as a 1.5 hour drive, to Atlantic City and Connecticut properties which are approximately two-hours away. These distances are critical to the consumer decision, and Sterling Forest Resort will create a nearby, in-state alternative that can effectively compete to serve the New York MSA population.

Engagement Overview

In order to conduct its analysis, SMA supplemented its knowledge of the New York and Northeast tourism and gaming markets by conducting further research in the market area, discussing current trends with industry professionals familiar with the area, and meeting with Genting's management team to better understand its approach. In order to forecast the revenue potential of the resort, specific tasks SMA undertook include:

- Visiting the site including an evaluation of its ingress, and egress;
- Evaluating the broader transportation network within the addressable market;

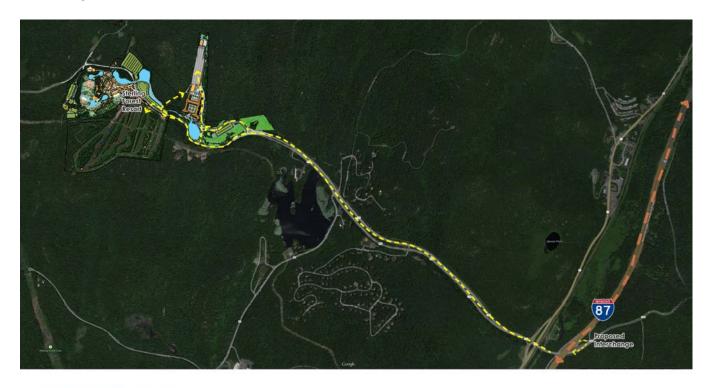
- Reviewing the competitive offerings in New York and other nearby markets;
- Researching tourism in the region;
- Evaluating the market for premium players from East Asia;
- Evaluating the population demographics within the addressable market and comparable markets;
- Forecasting the revenue potential of the casino, lodging components, and amenities.

Project Description

The Sterling Forest Resort master plan includes 238 acres to be dedicated to developing a world-class casino resort located approximately one-hour travel time from New York City. The plan broadens and enhances Tuxedo's appeal and reinvigorates existing attractions. The casino resort will include a 140,000 square foot ("sq ft") casino, 1,000 five-star hotel rooms, 20,800 sq ft of convention and meeting space, and a 61,000 sq ft spa. The resort will showcase the adjacent 20,000-acre Sterling Forest and nearby Harriman State Park, Bear Mountain State Park, and other natural attractions. Existing attractions that highlight the region's natural beauty will be revitalized through additional investment and expanded visitation. These include Tuxedo Ridge Ski Resort, which will be completely renewed for winter and summer recreation. The popular New York Renaissance Faire will expand to offer new attractions and events. Additional plans include an impressive 24-acre garden that will host seasonal displays including an ice festival. The diverse attractions and substantial investment will create a major attraction within an easy day-trip of the New York City Metropolitan Area ("MSA").

Location and Access

The proposed resort will be located in a cleared area located along State Highway 17A in Tuxedo, New York. The area is located approximately 2.5 miles from where the roadway meets State Highway 17 and Interstate 87. State Highway 17A is four lanes along this stretch since initial plans included an exchange with the Interstate. This exchange, named 15B, was never built. Sterling Forest Resort plans to fund the construction to facilitate the existing and new traffic in the area.



AAA Sterling Forest Resort

Master Location Plan

June 16, 2014

Steelman Partners

The planned exchange will make the estimated drive time of 35 minutes from the George Washington Bridge and one-hour from most parts of Manhattan. However, as traffic can be extensive on the bridge and surrounding roadways, Genting proposes to operate a water taxi service from the west side of Manhattan to the Alpine Boat Basin located along the Palisades Interstate Parkway in New Jersey. The service will bypass frequently congested roadways and replace it with notable views of the city and the Hudson River along the 25 minute journey. Coordinated limousine service from the boat basin will make the transit time from Manhattan a predictable one-hour journey.

Genting recognizes the need for other transportation options and plans to use existing alternatives with which the public is familiar. Sterling Forest Resort will therefore operate regular free shuttles from rail stations in Tuxedo, Harriman, Spring Valley.

Sterling Forest Resort will also start regular service by seaplane from the New York Skyport on the East River to nearby Greenwood Lake. The 15-minute flight and 5-minute drive should combine for a 25-minute maximum transfer. Warwick airport is a 20-minute drive from the Sterling Forest Resort, and plane and helicopter service from smaller regional airports can be instituted.

Research indicates that the emerging wealth in many Asian countries is fueling outbound travel and tourism, and potential tourists are increasingly seeking notable experiences beyond the region. While New York is a significant distance for most of these tourists, it is also a global destination that currently attracts people from this region. Genting operates three casino resorts in East Asia and has a strong brand and existing client base. Genting will use its marketing infrastructure to highlight its location between New York City and Woodbury Commons, two popular shopping destinations, and its tailored offering to those clients. This will drive two main benefits to Genting and the State of New York. First, Genting will induce additional visitation from this growing customer base. Second, The State of New York and Genting will earn more from the existing customer base. If there were enough demand, Genting would consider flying a daily charter from selected East Asian cities to Stewart International Airport.

Ingress and egress at the resort itself is expected to be excellent, with entrances and exits featuring ample lanes for traffic at times of peak demand and well marked space for circulation around the property. Valets are expected to serve arriving guests at hotel lobbies, at a casino entrance, and at a separate entrance for VIP guests. In addition, self-parking will be available in a parking garage towards the rear of the property, with additional parking available in surface lots. There will be a total of 7,800 parking spots dedicated to the resort.



The existing Tuxedo Ridge ski area will include completely new facilities, including its own dedicated parking area. The goal will to make the ski area a premier opportunity for beginner skiers and snowboarders by adding modern facilities and increasing capacity. Additional summer activities may include zip lines, ropes courses, and mountain biking. The New York Renaissance Fair facilities will also be improved, and an adjacent parcel will be used to create a garden. These areas will also have dedicated parking facilities.

Overall Positioning

The comprehensive plan for the Sterling Forest Resort incorporates existing community establishments and the surrounding natural features into a world-class resort area. Thoughtful consideration has been made to transportation alternatives and appropriate investments will be made to facilitate visitation as there is substantial unmet demand in the region. Once guests arrive, a true five-star resort will offer an experience that will be comparable to the best casino resorts in the world when measured by the quality of the facilities, customer service, and amenities.



Consistent with its positioning and the existence of over 10,000 gaming machines in the New York City MSA, Sterling Forest Resort's planned positioning is to appeal to premium guests. This differentiation is evident in its planned introduction of 4,000 slot machines, where demand in the market appears to warrant a greater amount. The property also plans to introduce 350 house-banked table games. This is a relatively high number of games is projected since they are not permitted at the existing New York racetracks. In this manner, Sterling Forest Resort will in part lose potential revenue inherent in the advantage of its location but also differentiate itself in the increasingly competitive casino gaming market in the Northeast United States.

Competitive Environment

Casino gaming in the Northeast is becoming increasingly competitive. For a long time, Atlantic City was the only option in the region and attracted visitors from greater distances. Over the last two decades, the market has grown substantially as properties have opened in neighboring states. Atlantic City has also lost market share and revenue, as more proximate casino resorts provide what is at its core a commodity product. The most successful properties combine a resort environment with an excellent location. These properties are able to best attract and retain nearby customers, providing less risk and reliable revenue streams to their hosts.

New York

Casino gaming exists at 14 locations in New York, including nine racetracks that host video gaming machines and eight Native American casinos.

The commercial facilities were legalized in 2001 and the first property opened in 2004. More than 18,000 video lottery terminals ("VLTs") are offered at the state's racetracks, which are subject to some of the highest effective tax rates in the United States. According to the American Gaming Association's 2013 State of the States Report, in 2012, gaming tax revenue from VLTs totaled more than \$822 million, 45.6% of gaming revenue.

The highest win per unit statistics come from more than 10,000 located in the New York City area, indicative of the demand in that region. Facilities located outside the area do not benefit from such densely populated surroundings and also compete with Native American properties that have more operating freedom. Revenue from VLTs located at racetracks exceeded \$1.9 billion in GGR in 2013, up 6.8% from a year earlier. Resorts World Casino generated the highest gross gaming revenue in 2013 at \$785.1 million while Yonkers generated almost \$560 million. These two facilities generated approximately 70 percent of statewide VLT revenue.

New York VLT Gaming Revenue and Positions					
	2011	2012	2013	CAGR ²	
Resorts World Casino NYC VLT Revenue (\$M) ¹	\$89.3	\$672.6	\$785.1	16.7%	
Machine Count	730	4,954	5,004	1.0%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$335	\$371	\$430	15.9%	
Empire City VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$624.4	\$544.7	\$559.9	-5.3%	
Machine Count	5,355	4,987	5,327	-0.3%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$319	\$298	\$288	-5.1%	
Saratoga VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$150.4	\$159.8	\$159.6	3.0%	
Machine Count	1,782	1,780	1,782	0.0%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$231	\$245	\$245	3.0%	
Finger Lakes VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$122.0	\$129.6	\$131.5	3.8%	
Machine Count	1,195	1,192	1,268	3.0%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$280	\$297	\$284	0.8%	
Monticello VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$60.9	\$63.9	\$62.8	1.6%	
Machine Count	1,110	1,110	1,110	0.0%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$150	\$157	\$155	1.6%	
Fairgrounds (Buffalo Raceway) VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$72.7	\$81.2	\$76.8	2.8%	
Machine Count	939	940	940	0.1%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$212	\$236	\$224	2.8%	
Tioga VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$57.0	\$61.7	\$59.6	2.3%	
Machine Count	802	802	802	0.0%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$195	\$210	\$204	2.2%	
Vernon VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$42.3	\$43.7	\$43.7	1.6%	
Machine Count	764	767	767	0.2%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$152	\$156	\$156	1.4%	
Batavia VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$39.8	\$45.1	\$46.5	8.1%	
Machine Count	607	635	666	4.8%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$180	\$194	\$191	3.2%	
Total New York VLT Revenue (\$M)	\$1,258.8	\$1,802.2	\$1,925.6	23.7%	
Machine Count	13,281	17,166	17,666	15.3%	
Win Per Unit Per Day	\$260	\$287	\$299	7.2%	

Source: New York Gaming Commission

Resorts World opened Oct 2011

²CAGR - Compounded Annual Growth Rate for the 2-year period. Only used 2012/2013 for Resorts World Casino NYC

Despite this performance, casino gamers in New York and neighboring parts of New Jersey and Connecticut that make up the New York MSA continue to travel to casino resorts located in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Connecticut. Due in part to lower effective tax rates these facilities offer a more robust guest experience, including table games in addition to slot machines as well as lodging, a variety of dining experiences, and other amenities. Due in part to this missed opportunity, the State of New York has created a new framework for the introduction of casino resorts.

Upstate New York Gaming Development Act

On July 30th, 2013, Governor Cuomo signed the Upstate New York Gaming Development Act of 2013 into law. This law, and a November 2014 voter-approved amendment to the State constitution, allows for the licensing and development of four new casino resorts to be allocated among three different regions in the state. Each of the below regions are allotted one facility, with the final facility eligible to be placed within any of the three regions. That facility is widely expected to be located in Region1. The three regions are as follows:

- Region 1 The Catskills/Hudson Valley region which includes seven counties (Delaware County, Greene County, Columbia County, Ulster County, Sullivan County, Orange County and Dutchess County). The proximity of Region 1 to the New York MSA makes it likely that the final license will be awarded in this region.
- Region 2 The Albany region which consists of an eight county area (Albany County, Saratoga County, Fulton County, Washington County, Montgomery County, Schenectady County, Schoharie County, and Rensselaer County).
- Region 5 The Eastern Southern Tier region includes portions of seven counties which either lie along the border with Pennsylvania or directly to the north of these counties (Broome County, Tioga County, Chemung County, Tompkins County, Schuyler County, Seneca County and Wayne County).

Additionally, the law allows for two new video gaming facilities on Long Island that may each offer 1,000 machines.

Licenses will be awarded by the New York State Gaming Facility Location Board ("the Board"), an independent five-member board that will review all applications. Successful applicants will have 24 months from the date of receiving the license to begin gaming operations. All licenses carry a 10-year term.

The Upstate New York Gaming Development Act of 2013 restricts the issuance of any additional casino licenses in the State for a 7-year period. When the 7-year restrictive period ends, three additional licenses may be allocated by the New York State Legislature. A constitutional amendment would be required to allow for more than the seven authorized casino licenses.

Application and Bidding Process

A Request for Applications was issued by the Board on March 31, 2014 and all applications must be completed by June 30, 2014. A \$1 million application fee was due on April 23, 2014. Additionally, applicants must pay costs associated with reviewing the applications. Also, successful applicants must pay a one-time licensing fee within 30 days of the granting of the license. The licensing fee is dependent upon the specific area within the region and whether or not a 2nd license is granted within that region.

In the Catskills/Hudson Valley Region, a license in Dutchess or Orange counties will be \$70 million. The licensing fee for the other counties in the region is \$50 million and falls to \$35 million if a license is awarded in Dutchess or Orange counties.

A annual renewal fee may be levied to cover costs associated with evaluating the licensee for renewal on an annual basis.

Further fees include an annual license fee of \$500 per slot and \$500 per table game. These fees may be adjusted for inflation after a 5-year period. Other regulatory costs will be allocated based on the number of positions at each of the four facilities. Licensees will also be charged additional payments which will be earmarked to support horse racing and horse breeders in the state.

Applications will be evaluated based upon three primary factors and are weighted as follows – Economic Activity and Business Development (70%), Local Impact and Location Factors (20%), and Workforce Enhancement Factors (10%).

Each of the factors is described in further detail below as stated by the New York Gaming Commission.

Economic Activity and Business Development

- Realizing maximum capital investment exclusive of land acquisition and infrastructure improvements;
- Maximizing revenues received by the state and localities;
- Providing the highest number of quality jobs in the gaming facility;
- Building a gaming facility of the highest caliber with a variety of quality amenities;
- Offering the highest and best value to patrons to create a secure and robust gaming market in the region and the state;
- Providing a market analysis detailing the benefits of the site location of the gaming facility and the
 estimated recapture rate of gaming-related spending by residents travelling to an out-of-state gaming
 facility;
- Offering the fastest time to completion of the full gaming facility;
- Demonstrating the ability to fully finance the gaming facility;
- Demonstrating experience in the development and operation of a quality gaming facility.

Local Impact and Location Factors

- Mitigating potential impacts on host and nearby municipalities which might result from the development or operation of the gaming facility;
- Gaining public support in the host and nearby municipalities which may be demonstrated through the passage of local laws or public comment received by the board or gaming applicant;
- Operating in partnership with and promoting local hotels, restaurants and retail facilities so that patrons
 experience the full diversified regional tourism industry;
- Establishing a fair and reasonable partnership with live entertainment venues that may be impacted by a
 gaming facility under which the gaming facility actively supports the mission and the operation of the
 impacted entertainment venues;

• Implementing a workforce development plan that utilizes the existing labor force, including the development of workforce training programs that serve the unemployed;

Workforce Enhancement Factors

- Taking additional measures to address problem gambling including, but not limited to, training of gaming employees;
- Utilizing sustainable development principles;
- Establishing, funding, and maintaining human resource hiring and training practices that promote the development of a skilled and diverse workforce and access to promotion opportunities;
- Purchasing, whenever possible, domestically manufactured slot machines for installation in the gaming facility;
- Implementing a workforce development plan that:
 - Incorporates an affirmative action program;
 - Utilizes the existing labor force in the state;
 - Includes specific goals for the utilization of minorities, women and veterans on construction jobs;
 - Identifies workforce training programs;
 - Identifies the methods for accessing employment;
- Demonstrating that the applicant has an agreement with organized labor, including hospitality services, and has the support of organized labor for its application, which specifies:
 - The number of employees to be employed at the gaming facility;
 - Detailed plans for assuring labor harmony during all phases of the construction, reconstruction, renovation, development and operation.

Gaming Tax

In addition to the aforementioned fees and payments, gross gaming revenues will be taxed by the state. Gross gaming revenues are defined as all revenue generated from gaming sources minus all payouts – excluding free merchandise. Gross gaming revenue will be taxed in the following manner:

- In the Catskills/Hudson Valley Region, 39% of gross slot machine revenue and 10% of gross gaming revenue from all other sources.
- In the Albany Region, 45% of gross slot machine revenue and 10% of gross gaming revenue from all other sources.
- In the Southern Tier Region, 37% of gross slot machine revenue and 10% of gross gaming revenue from all other sources.

Minimum Capital Investment Requirements

Each of the three regions has differing minimum capital investment requirements. The minimum capital investment requirement may also be dependent upon the awarding of licenses to other areas within specific regions. In addition to the casino area, at least 1 hotel and other amenities are required as part of the minimum capital requirements for all regions.

The Board will make the determination as to whether or not the purchase or lease of the land and any support infrastructure is included in the minimum capital investment calculation. The minimum capital investment does not include factors such as the licensing fee, financing, other start-up costs and potentially the purchase or lease of the land, pending the decision by the Board. These "implied" excluded costs are projected to total approximately 35% of the total investment.

The table below outlines each region's minimum capital investment requirement based on potential location and potential additional regional licensing.

	Minimum Capital Investment Per Region								
Region	Location	Minimum Capital Investment	Implied Excluded Investment	Total Investment					
1	Dutchess or Orange Counties	\$350,000,000	\$122,500,000	\$472,500,000					
	All other Counties (if no license is awarded in								
1	Dutchess or Orange Counties)	\$130,000,000	\$45,500,000	\$175,500,000					
	All other Counties (if a license is also								
1	awarded in Dutchess or Orange Counties)	\$100,000,000	\$38,500,000	\$138,500,000					
2	All Counties	\$135,000,000	\$47,250,000	\$182,250,000					
5	Wayne or Seneca Counties	\$135,000,000	\$47,250,000	\$182,250,000					
	All other Counties (if no license is awarded in								
5	Wayne or Seneca Counties)	\$85,000,000	\$29,750,000	\$114,750,000					
	All other Counties (if a license is also								
5	awarded in Wayne or Seneca Counties)	\$70,000,000	\$24,500,000	\$94,500,000					
Source: New	York Gaming Facility Location Board								

Winning applicants will be required to place 10% of the projected total investment into an account which will be applied to the final phase of the construction plan. If the facility is not completed in a timely manner, this deposit is subject to forfeit to the state.

Competitive Environment in Neighboring States

New Jersey

All casino gaming in New Jersey is based in Atlantic City – including recently passed legislation which allows for online gaming throughout the state and facilitated by Atlantic City resorts. Casinos began operating in Atlantic City in 1978 and currently there are 11 casinos in operation. The effective tax rate in New Jersey is significantly lower than the VLT facilities in New York and the region. The gaming tax rate is 8% with additional obligations for community investment of 1.25%. For years Atlantic City held a monopoly on gaming in the Northeast, enabling it to market aggressively and invest in their facilities. This broadened its appeal and GGR grew steadily even as competition was introduced. In 2006, GGR peaked at \$5.2 billion. Since that time, increased competition from properties more proximate to major source markets including New York City and Philadelphia led to a decline in Atlantic City's performance. The table that follows provides a summary of Atlantic City gaming revenues from 2011 through 2013.

Atlantic City Gaming Revenue Summary							
	Slot Revenue (\$M)	Table Revenue (\$M)	Total Revenue (\$M)	Average Annual Slot Count	Annual Table Count	Win Per Slot/Day	Win Per Table/Day
2011	\$2,341.2	\$974.7	\$3,315.8	27,302	1,590	\$235	\$1,680
2012	\$2,191.5	\$859.6	\$3,051.1	27,123	1,649	\$221	\$1,428
2013	\$2,073.1	\$801.2	\$2,874.3	26,085	1,624	\$218	\$1,351
Source: New	Jersey Division of Gar	ming Enforcemen	t				

Pennsylvania

The Pennsylvania Racehorse Development and Gaming Act passed in 2004 and enabled up to 61,000 slot machines at up to 14 locations throughout the state. In 2010, this legislation was amended to allow for table games.

Casino gaming in Pennsylvania commenced in late 2006 with the opening of Mohegan Sun Pocono Downs and Philadelphia Park/PARX. Currently, there are 12 gaming facilities operating in the state at racetracks and in stand-alone developments.

As in New York, effective gaming tax rates in Pennsylvania are high. Slot machines are taxed at 55% of gross gaming revenue. Revenue from table games is subject to a 14% tax. These parameters lead to a harmonized tax rate of approximately 47%.

Facilities in Eastern Pennsylvania present a formidable competitive threat to the new properties that will be constructed in New York. Sands Bethlehem and Philadelphia Park/PARX are both located only approximately 80 miles from New York City. These properties are well established in the marketplace and are run by experienced operators .

In 2012, total gaming revenue in Pennsylvania reached \$3.1 billion, surpassing Atlantic City. Pennsylvania is now the second largest commercial casino market in the U.S., behind Nevada. Total gaming revenue dipped slightly in 2013, largely due to maturing competition in surrounding markets.

The following table provides gaming revenue figures for Pennsylvania from 2011 through 2013.

Pennsylvan	ia Gaming Reve	nue 2011-2013	
	2011	2012	2013
Sands Bethlehem (\$M)	\$377.3	\$438.0	\$465.0
Philadelphia Park/ PARX (\$M)	\$493.0	\$494.5	\$487.7
Mohegan Sun (\$M)	\$274.8	\$274.9	\$263.4
Harrah's Chester Downs (\$M)	\$349.1	\$340.8	\$311.2
SugarHouse (\$M)	\$247.7	\$274.1	\$265.6
Presque Isle (\$M)	\$188.4	\$169.6	\$144.6
The Meadows (\$M)	\$282.9	\$284.4	\$264.3
Mount Airy (\$M)	\$185.4	\$186.6	\$183.4
Penn National (\$M)	\$287.3	\$283.0	\$266.8
The Rivers (\$M)	\$343.1	\$351.9	\$352.0
Valley Forge ¹ (\$M)	\$0.0	\$45.7	\$80.3
Nemacolin ² (\$M)	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$13.8
Total (\$M)	\$3,029.2	\$3,143.7	\$3,097.9
Source: Pennsylvania Gaming Control Bo	ard		
¹ Valley Forge opened in March 2012			
² Nemacolin opened in June 2013			

Connecticut

Two casino properties, Foxwoods and Mohegan Sun, are located approximately seven miles from each other in the eastern part of Connecticut. The properties have lost some revenue due to competition primarily originating in New York and Rhode Island. In 2013 combined to offer more than 11,000 slots and generated over \$1.1 billion in slot revenue.

The tribes that operate the casinos: the Mashantucket Pequot Tribe (Foxwoods) and the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut (Mohegan Sun) both have compacts in place with the State of Connecticut that include revenue sharing components. Both tribes contribute 25% of their gross slot revenue to Connecticut's general fund.

The following table summarizes slot revenue for both properties from 2011 through 2013.

Connecticut Slot Revenue (\$M)							
	2011	2012	2013				
Foxwoods	\$633.8	\$576.8	\$530.6				
Mohegan Sun	\$712.3	\$652.8	\$614.4				
Total	\$1,346.1	\$1,229.6	\$1,145.0				

In addition to the substantial slot revenues noted above, both properties generate significant table revenue. According to the Mohegan Tribal Gaming Authority's annual report, Mohegan Sun held \$300.1 million in table revenue in 2013. Foxwoods is expected to generate similar table revenue totals. This implies 2013 gross gaming revenue in Connecticut of \$1.7 billion.

Massachusetts

Massachusetts approved casino gaming in 2011 with the targeted development of up to three casino resorts and one slot parlor. A Category 1 license permits the operation of a casino resort offering slots and table games and requires an \$85 million licensing fee, minimum \$500 million investment, and 25% tax on gross gaming revenue in addition to fees offsetting regulatory costs and increases in public health expenditures. A Category 2 license permits the operation of a slot parlor and requires a \$25 million licensing fee, minimum \$125 million investment, and a 40% tax on gross gaming revenue and additional 9% assessment for the Race Horse Development Fund.

The slot parlor license is being developed by Penn National Gaming in Plainville, which is located in the eastern part of the Commonwealth. MGM recently received the first casino resort license in Springfield. The planned MGM Springfield project is an \$800 million development which will include the casino, hotel, and entertainment and a shopping complex. The complex could potentially be completed within two years and construction may begin as early as this summer. In late June 2014, the two competing proposals for the eastern license will be aired at public hearings. Mohegan Sun's \$1.2 billion proposed development at Suffolk Downs in East Boston is competing against Wynn Resorts' proposed \$1.6 billion plan at a former chemical plant located along the Mystic River in Everett. Finally, a casino resort is expected to be developed in the southeastern part of Massachusetts for which applications have not yet been received.

Synopsis

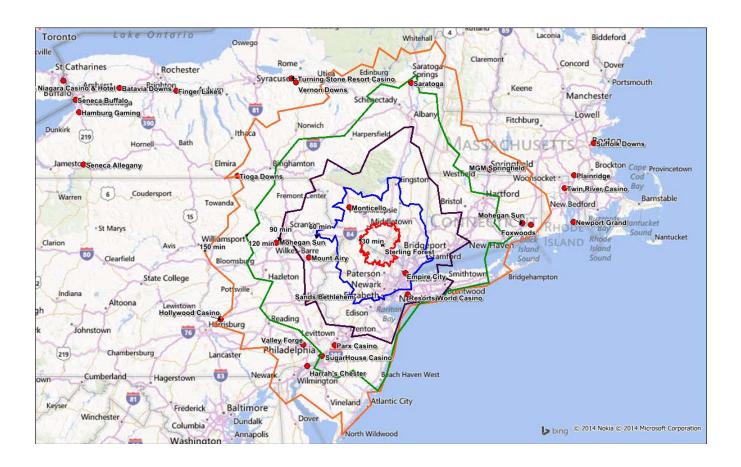
The high revenue sharing agreements that characterize commercial facilities in the New York MSA would put a great deal of pressure on most operations. The lack of competition within this densely populated and wealthy area enables these facilities to overcome their financial burden. Due to those burdens, these properties are largely built for the convenience of those customers and lack the financial flexibility to justify developing a resort experience.

More distant competition includes commercial properties in New Jersey and Pennsylvania and Native American properties in New York and Connecticut. These properties offer resort experiences that include slot machines, which are preferred by most players compared to the VLT machines offered in New York. In addition those properties offer table games, which appeal to different players and broaden a resort's customer base. Most of these properties are in rural locations and also offer hotels, a range of food and beverage outlets, and other amenities. In New Jersey and at the Native American properties, lower gaming taxes and revenue sharing agreements enable the properties to offer incentives that characterize casino gaming in the United States. The New York casino resorts will have a tax advantage for slot play when compared to Pennsylvania. They will also have a benefit in both tax and product compared to the New York VLT properties. For table games, all of the properties in the region pay tax rates that enable them to compete effectively for those customers. The subject property would offer the closest table games to the New York MSA, which will enable it to disproportionately cater to daytrip traffic from the area. The one-hour transit time from Manhattan combined with table games should drive substantial mid-week business.

Additional competition within this segment is expected to come from the resorts authorized by the New York legislation, the casino resort planned for Springfield, MA, and the addition of a casino resort in Philadelphia, PA.

SMA has assumed that two casino resorts are constructed in Region 1, and the second property in that region will offer the most immediate and direct competition to the Sterling Forest Resort. That property is assumed to be located in Sullivan County. The other casino resorts mentioned here are either in markets that are largely unrelated, like the Boston area, or will only offer a limited amount of competition. This includes the Springfield location, which will compete with the proposed facility for tertiary market areas. Similarly, a Philadelphia property is expected to largely compete with the existing properties in that area.

These dynamics are evident in the following map, which shows the drive time distances from the proposed Sterling Forest Resort in 30-minute increments. Sterling Forest Resort's location limits it from direct competition and makes it the most proximate casino resort for residents of the New York City MSA. In fact, its proximate location makes it an easy day trip for many prospective customers and will make it an attractive alternative for customers that would rather return home the same day.



The property's positioning is expected to appeal to premium customers in the region. Many customers with these means live in the New York MSA have grown accustomed to traveling greater distances to find high quality facilities or playing at properties that may not meet their expectations. By appealing to these players, the proposed Sterling Forest Resort is expected to be differentiated from the existing New York MSA properties and most of the regional casino resorts. The resort is therefore expected to recapture revenue that would accrue at out-of-state facilities.

Even taking account the current offerings in the region, the overall penetration of the New York market is relatively low. SMA has examined revenue totals of the two proximate New York VLT facilities along with

estimated market share of regional competitors to generate an approximated revenue per person figure for the New York MSA. Taking these figures into account, the average revenue per person in the New York MSA is currently estimated at \$171. SMA also compared these figures to selected established casino markets in the Northeast: Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Cincinnati. In 2013, the average revenue per person in these markets ranged from an estimated \$274 to \$408 and averaged \$336. The average total of these three markets nearly doubles the New York MSA figure, demonstrating that there is significant untapped potential in the New York market. Taking into account the substantially higher AAHI for residents who live in the New York MSA compared to most regions, the current revenue per person totals in the New York MSA appear even more deflated.

By taking these factors into account and simply doubling the average revenue per person, the New York MSA would appear to be able to support gaming revenue totals of approximately an additional \$3.5 billion. While reaching such a figure would likely take a significant change in product, the potential is apparent. The proposed Sterling Forest Resort, given its location and expected offerings, would be expected to retain some of the revenue being generated within the New York MSA and drive growth in that market.

The table that follows provides an examination of the 2013 MSA projected gaming penetration of selected markets.

2013 Metrop		I Area Gaming Penetration	
	Facility Revenu	ues in Millions	
Pittsburg		Cincinnati	
Rivers	\$352.0	Horseshoe Cincinnati	\$228.0
Meadows	\$264.3	Hollywood Lawrenceburg	\$269.7
Mountaineer	\$223.6	Rising Star	\$69.9
Wheeling Island	\$124.1	Belterra	\$129.8
Total	\$964.0	Total	\$697.4
Population	2,360,867	Population	2,137,406
Revenue/Person	\$408	Revenue/Person	\$326
New York		Philadelphia	
Empire City	\$613.6	Sugarhouse	\$265.6
Resorts World	\$861.9	Parx	\$487.7
Mohegan Sun Pocono	\$263.4	Sands @ 7.5%	\$34.9
Mount Airy	\$183.4	Harrahs Chester	\$311.2
Sands @ 27%	\$125.6	Valley Forge	\$96.3
Connecticut @ 26%	\$429.1	Delaware Park	\$167.9
Atlantic City @ 37%	\$1,063.8	Atlantic City @ 10%	\$287.5
Total	\$3,540.7	Total	\$1,651.1
Population	19,949,502	Population	6,034,678
Revenue/Person	\$177	Revenue/Person	\$274
Average of Pittsburg, Cincinnati, and Philadelphia	\$336		

Source: State agencies, Mohegan Tribal Gaming Authority, US Census Bureau, Strategic Market Advisors

Tourism in the Region

The proposed Sterling Forest casino site is located within close proximity to a number of attractions in the region that appeal to a wide variety of tourists. Travelers who enjoy the outdoors visit the region for areas such as Tuxedo Ridge Ski Resort or one of the region's state parks. Other tourists, those who enjoy shopping experiences, are drawn to Woodbury Common, one of the largest outlet malls in the country. Still others, those searching for a unique interactive experience, visit the New York Renaissance Faire each August and September.

Orange County Tourism

Sterling Forest State Park

Sterling Forest State Park is located off of Route 84 a few miles southwest of the proposed casino site. Sterling Forest State Park is comprised of approximately 22,000 acres with 31 marked trails. Typically a fee of \$6 to \$10 for vehicle admissions is charged, but this fee varies depending on the location and season. There are numerous outdoor activities to be found at the park during the both the summer and the winter seasons. In the summer, activities such as hiking, fishing, biking and bird watching are available. In the winter, ice fishing and snowshoeing are popular activities. For a \$5 fee, hunting is offered during different time periods of the year depending on the type of hunting desired.

Harriman State Park

Harriman State Park is located to the northeast of the proposed Sterling Forest resort site, east of I-87. The park entrance is about a 15-mile drive from the proposed site. At more than 46,000 acres, Harriman State Park is the second-largest park in the New York parks system. The park contains 31 lakes and reservoirs and approximately 200 miles of hiking trails. There are also two beaches and two public camping areas available at the park. While total visitation statistics for the park are not available, a study conducted by the Alliance for New York State Parks found that Lake Welch, the third largest lake in the park, attracts 400,000 visitors annually.

Woodbury Common

The Woodbury Common Outlet Mall is located in Central Valley, New York at the intersection of I-87 and Route 17, approximately 10 miles north of the proposed resort development. Woodbury Common is home to 220 outlet stores, including upscale offerings such as Armani, Gucci, Coach, and Prada. The property encompasses over 800,000 square feet, making it one of the largest contiguous outlet centers in the U.S.

An estimated 12 to 13 million patrons visit the Woodbury Common Outlet Mall annually, which generates approximately \$1.3 billion in sales annually (\$1,550 per sq ft). The \$1.3 billion in sales figure represents over 10 percent of the \$12.3 billion in annually U.S. outlet sales¹.

According to some estimates, foreign visitors, especially Chinese and Japanese tourists, make up 40% of total visitation to the mall. The property employs a staff of interpreters, including those who speak Japanese, Spanish, French, and Portuguese. Currency exchange and foreign shipping services are also available on site. The New York City Port Authority provides daily bus transportation to Woodbury Common.

Currently the property is undergoing a \$170 million renovation that will bring the total square footage to 900,000 and add additional parking. This renovation project is expected to be completed by 2016.

¹ NPD Group

Genting acknowledges the strength of the Woodbury Common property and its subsequent success. In lieu of competing directly against such a facility for retail customers, Sterling Forest Resort plans to operate regular and frequent shuttles to Woodbury Common as a means of enhancing the guest experience.

Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area

The Tuxedo Ridge Ski area in Sterling Forest State Park is located off of Route 17A, approximately 3 miles from I-87 and a half-mile from the proposed resort. The ski season at Tuxedo Ridge typically begins around Christmas and lasts until mid-March depending upon the snow levels. Night skiing is also available during portions of the season.

During the 2013/2014 season, Tuxedo Ridge hosted approximately 30,000 total ski visits. About 33% of these visits were from season pass holders. Total revenue at the facility approximated \$1.5 million. Tuxedo Ridge is a family mountain that caters to beginner skiers. It offers two lifts, seven trails, and a tubing park. Trail lengths range from 600 feet to 2,000 feet. The summit of the mountain is 1,185 feet and the base is 785 feet, which represents a 400-foot vertical drop. Dining options on the property include a cafeteria-style restaurant and a pub, both located in the main lodge. According to staff, the facility draws customers from West Chester, Bergen, Rockland, and New York City.

New York Renaissance Faire

The New York Renaissance Faire is a roughly two-month event held annually in Tuxedo Park, New York over eight weekends and on Labor Day in August and September. The 2014 version will be the 37th year of the event and runs from August 2nd through September 21st. The Faire itself is a recreation of a medieval village with 75+ costumed actors, 100+ craftspeople, events, and games which allows guests to glimpse at what life was like for residents of that time period. The Village is permanent and the grounds are solely used for the Faire each year.

There are more than 125 performances provided at the New York Renaissance Faire during its two-month run. Events include jousting, birds of prey demonstrations, storytelling displays, various magic and comedy acts and singing, dancing, and other theater performance routines. The craftspeople sell a wide variety of products such as glass and pottery, armor and weaponry, clothing, jewelry, and games and toys. There is also a bevy of food and beverage options ranging from typical carnival-style food such as hamburgers, funnel cakes, shaved ice, and frozen bananas to more exotic offerings like Boar platters, lamb and vegetable shish-Kebabs, and turkey legs. Additionally, eight pubs and taverns are located onsite. The New York Renaissance Faire offers several human-powered rides and games of skill.

In 2013, the New York Renaissance Faire had its most successful year in the recent history. Paid attendance in 2013 reached nearly 131,000, up 16.2% over 2012 levels. Attendance levels in 2013 were also up more than 56% over 2011 totals. Total income reached nearly \$2.2 million in 2013, which was an increase of 18.3% over the previous year. The following table shows attendance and income statistics for the New York Renaissance Faire from 2011 through 2013.

New '	New York Renaissance Faire Statistics 2011-2013							
	Paid Attendance	Change	Total Income	Change				
2011	83,328		\$1,407,088					
2012	112,644	35.2%	\$1,857,467	32.0%				
2013	130,839	16.2%	\$2,198,080	18.3%				

New York City Tourism

New York City is a global destination, attracting more than 50 million tourists annually. Approximately 20% of these tourists come from other countries, with 69% using New York as a point of entry. Half of all domestic tourists are day-trippers coming from the surrounding area² or along the Amtrak corridor (Washington DC to Boston). Seventy-seven percent of all domestic visitors come to New York for leisure purposes, including 38% that are visiting friends and family. Shopping (38%) and fine dining (28%) are the most popular activities.

The strongest source of foreign visitation is nearby Canada, with other major sources including several European countries as well as long-haul visitors from China and Australia. China has been the fastest growing source of visitation, growing at 30% annually since 2008 and moving well into the top ten sources of visitation. An estimated 81% of international tourists visit New York for vacation or holiday and they are more enthusiastic tourists when compared to domestic visitors. Shopping is again the most popular activity, with 91% of them shopping, more than twice the percentage of domestic tourists. Sightseeing (87%), galleries and museums (55%), and fine dining (40%) are other top activities.

Visitors to New York City by Country/Region (in 000's)							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013(p)	CAGR ¹
Domestic Tourists	37,600	37,000	39,100	40,300	41,800		2.1%
Top 10 Overseas Markets							
United Kingdom	1,328	1,088	1,055	1,055	1,033	1,041	-4.8%
Brazil	341	332	589	718	806	895	21.3%
France	561	519	596	662	667	664	3.4%
China (PRC) ²	174	151	229	427	541	646	30.0%
Australia	336	419	479	532	595	619	13.0%
Germany	590	568	528	587	605	608	0.6%
Middle East ^{3,4}	370	355	406	436	478	521	7.1%
Italy	457	431	469	495	449	456	0.0%
Eastern Europe ³	342	353	298	367	384	406	3.5%
Spain	412	357	388	402	380	383	-1.4%
Canada	964	880	977	1,033	1,063	1,100	2.7%
Mexico	288	234	384	376	387	384	5.9%
Total International Visitation	9,450	8,835	9,744	10,583	10,918	11,382	3.8%

Source: NYC & Company, US Department of Commerce/OTTI, Tourism Economics

¹CAGR - Compounded Annual Growth Rate for the 5-year period. Calculated through 2012 for domestic tourists.

³Due to sample size limitations for sizing the market, regional markets were analyzed together

⁽p) Preliminary

²People's Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong

⁴Middle East includes Israel

² According to NYC & Company, a day tripper must come from beyond 50 miles

Transportation Network

Accessibility is a major determinant for casino visitation, particularly given the competition in the region. Sterling Forest Resort will enjoy excellent proximity to northern New Jersey, New York City, and its northern suburbs. The existing site, which currently enjoys secondary roadway access similar to the Connecticut resorts, has been reviewed. Plans indicate dramatic improvements not only via roadways but also additional access using waterways and air transportation.

Roadways

The property is located on State Highway 17A, 2.5 miles from Interstate 87. A planned exchange between the two roadways was approved but never funded. Genting plans on funding the construction of this exchange to better facilitate travel. According to the New York Department of Transportation, this section of Interstate 87 had average daily traffic of 87,764 vehicles, 16.8% of which were trucks, in 2012.

Via Interstate 87, the highway network extends to the north and south, connecting into many roads that facilitate travel around New York City. The Palisades Parkway is a popular roadway between Interstate 87 and New York with motorists since trucks are not permitted. It's more scenic journey has views from the west bank of the Hudson River. The Garden State Parkway and Interstate 287 are larger roadways that also extend into the populated parts of northern New Jersey.

Travel from the opposite side of the Hudson River includes three bridge and tunnel options in New York City in addition to the more proximate Tappan Zee Bridge as well as other bridges to the north, near the communities of Harriman and Newburgh. These major transportation junctures extend into road and highway networks serving the east.

With the construction of the new highway exchange, Sterling Forest Resort will be a 35-minute drive from the George Washington Bridge and a one-hour drive from central Manhattan.

Waterway Service

Sterling Forest Resort will operate water taxis to bring customers from the docks located on the west side of Manhattan to the Alpine Boat Basin. The Basin is located along the Palisades Parkway and will enable passengers to bypass roadways susceptible to traffic congestion. From the Basin, a limosuine service will bring customers to the Sterling Forest Resort. While the transportation time will still be one hour, it will be predictable and more enjoyable.

Rail

Train service is expected to be an option that a number of casino visitors utilize due to its availability and ease of use. Train service to Tuxedo runs along the Port Jervis Line to Secaucus Transfer Station. From the Secaucus, passengers can connect to Penn Station in Manhattan or may connect to other New Jersey Transit services, including a connection for Amtrak at Newark Penn Station. Passengers along the Port Jarvis Line may also connect with the Port Authority Trans-Hudson (PATH) service or NY Waterway ferry service in Hoboken for access to lower Manhattan. There are 13 trains that run from Secaucus Monday through Friday, including five during PM peak periods. There are 12 trains that run from Tuxedo to Secaucus Transfer Station, including five during AM peak periods. On the weekends and holidays, there are seven trains that run from Secaucus Transfer Station to Tuxedo and eight that run from Tuxedo to Secaucus. The trip from Tuxedo to Secaucus Transfer Station is roughly 45 minutes. A six-minute free transfer is expected to be provided to bring guests from Tuxedo to the Sterling Forest casino resort.

Airports

Warwick Municipal Airport is located off of Route 13 (Kings Highway), three miles northeast of Warwick. Warwick Municipal Airport is a public use airport with three runways (one paved, two turf). As of 2011, the airport had about 12 general aviation aircraft operations per day. Visitors to the Sterling Forest resort who utilize this airport would likely take Kings Highway to Warwick which connects to Route 17A near the casino resort. The trip is estimated to take approximately 20 minutes from the airport to the casino.

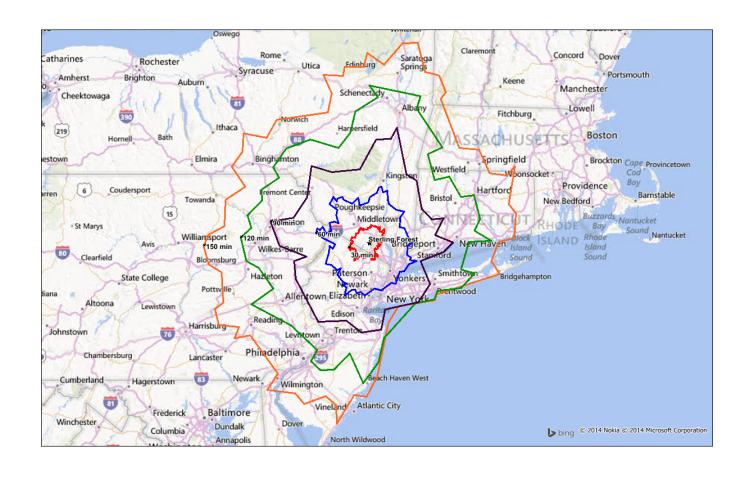
Stewart International Airport is located near the intersection of I-84 and I-87, roughly 30 miles from the proposed development site. The airport has been operated by the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey since November, 2007. The airport has two runways and there are seven gates at the terminal. Four commercial carriers service the airport (Allegiant, jetBlue Airways, Delta Connection and US Airways Express). Stewart International offers approximately 2,000 parking spaces within walking distance of the terminal. In 2012, total commercial passenger traffic was 157,588.

Regional Demographics

Research on the demographics of the population living within a 90-minute drive of the proposed Sterling Forest location was conducted. The population within a 30-minute drive of the proposed location included nearly 290,000 adults in 2013 and is expected to grow to over 308,000 adults in 2018. The Average Annual Household Income ("AAHI") of this region was the highest of all of the regions analyzed at over \$114,000 in 2013 and is expected to reach over \$130,000 in 2018.

The adult population total rises considerably in the 30-minute to 60-minute drive time band. Nearly 7.2 million adults live within this band, which includes parts of northeastern New Jersey that lie within the New York City MSA. By 2018, the adult population of this band is projected to total nearly 7.4 million. The residents of this area have an AAHI level of over \$100,000. The 60-90 minute drive-time band has the largest adult population at nearly 7.9 million in 2013 and is projected to reach over 8.2 million adults in 2018. This drive-time band includes much of New York City, which is expected to be a prominent market for the proposed facility. Incomes are slightly lower in this region than the two closer bands, at an average of nearly \$94,000. The aggregate income totals for this band were estimated at over \$426 billion in 2018.

	Sterling Forest Demographics by Drivetime						
	0 min-30 min	30 min-60 min	60 min-90 min	0 min-90 min			
2013 Total Population	421,598	9,721,467	10,753,922	20,896,987			
2013 Population 21+	289,551	7,184,509	7,883,727	15,357,788			
2018 Total Population	441,186	9,926,036	11,101,566	21,468,789			
2018 Population 21+	308,654	7,381,829	8,256,431	15,946,914			
2013 Average Annual Household Income	\$114,710	\$100,683	\$93,943	\$97,498			
2018 Average Annual Household Income	\$130,136	\$114,333	\$106,312	\$110,510			
2013 Aggregate Income (000)	\$16,090,564	\$377,927,602	\$362,704,282	\$756,722,448			
2018 Aggregate Income (000)	\$18,958,530	\$449,138,174	\$426,419,028	\$894,515,732			

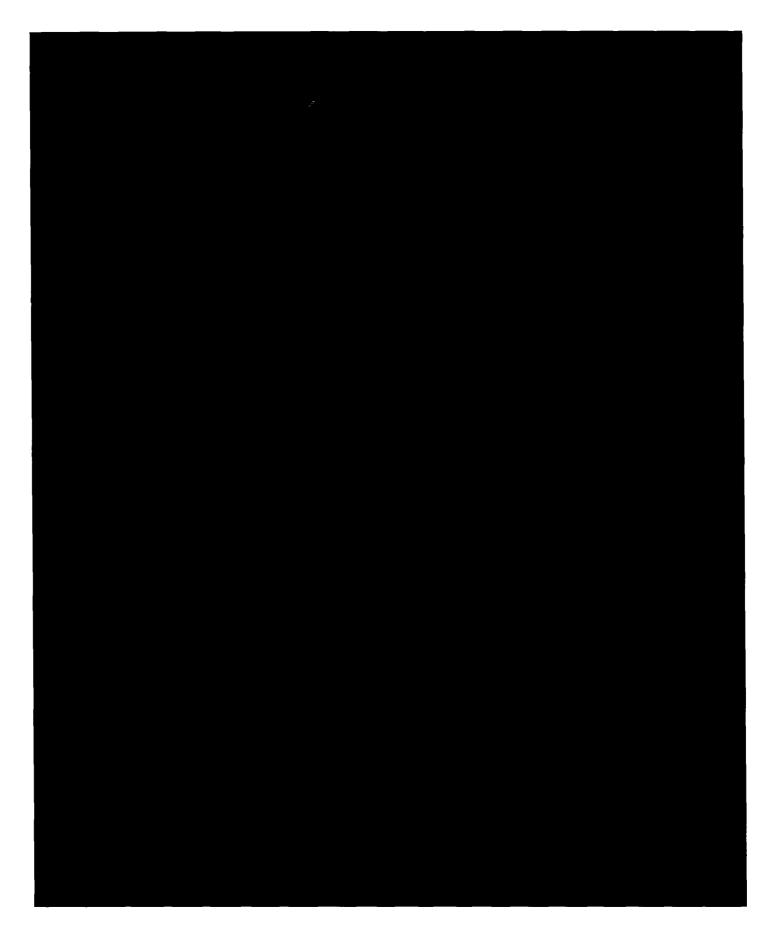


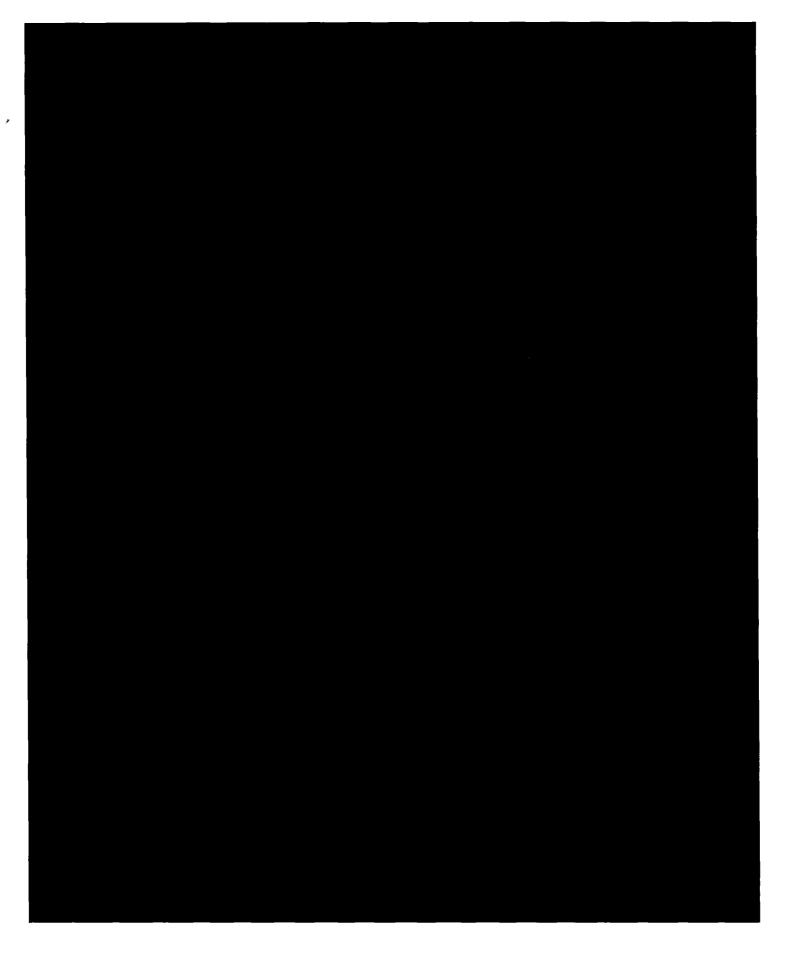
Sterling Forest Resort Offering and Positioning

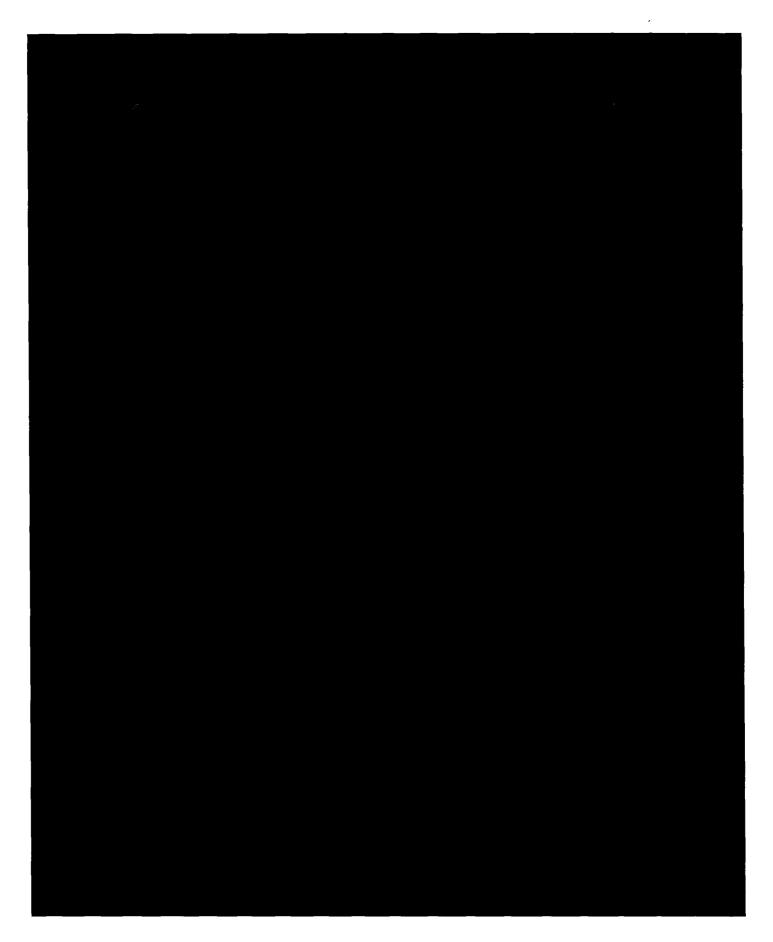
Genting plans to make an investment in excess of \$1.2 billion in the Sterling Forest Resort. The world-class resort will introduce a true casino resort approximately one-hour from Manhattan while enhancing existing attractions in Tuxedo. The hotel will include 1,000 five-star, including suites and villas adjacent to gardens and the pool area. The casino will be nearly 140,000 sq ft and will include 4,000 slot machines, 350 house-banked table games, and 40 poker tables. Special areas for high-limits slot and table play will be offered, and a dedicated area for popular Asian games including baccarat and pai gow will incorporate appropriate cultural nuances and target this valuable customer segment. Complementing these key elements will be meeting and convention space including a wedding chapel, 18 food and beverage outlets, live entertainment, and an extensive spa offering. Nearby, the property will offer other recreational activities including a renovated Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area, garden, and the 22,000-acre Sterling Forest State Park. The resort provides the nearby urban and suburban population with an opportunity to enjoy a convenient, high-quality casino resort experience complemented by the adjacent recreational opportunities and natural beauty.

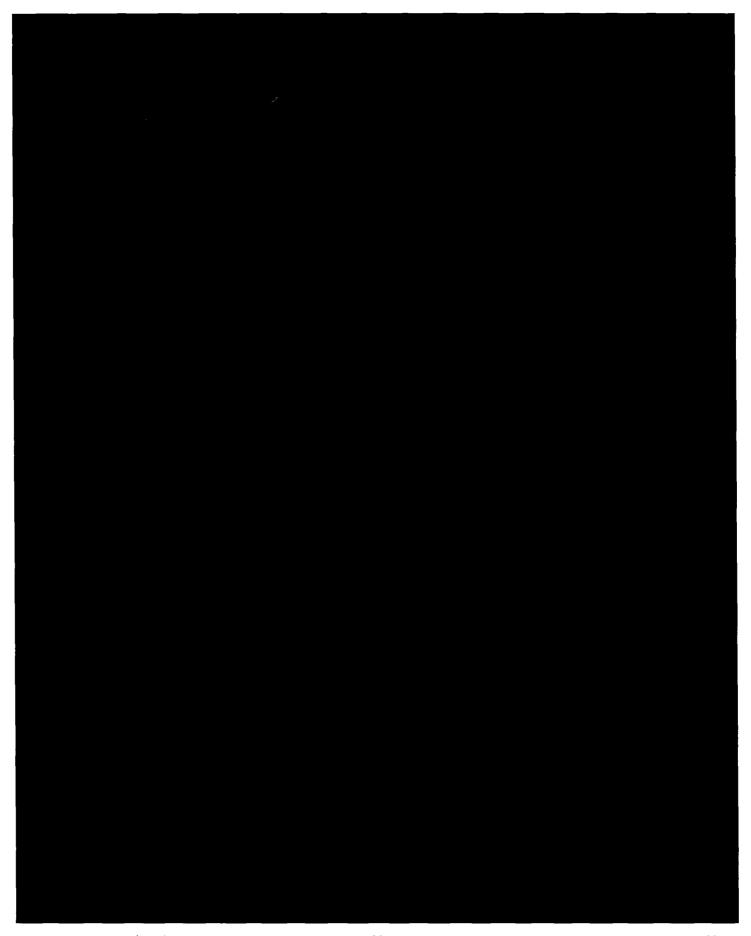
The casino resort positioning targets premium players, and is therefore expected to offer a limited number of gaming positions when compared to strategies that attempt to address all of the perceived demand. This strategy recognizes the role of the existing slot machines located at racetracks in New York and leaves space for competing options by differentiating itself within the market place. While the property will bring in less players, the ones it does attract will have higher than average budgets.

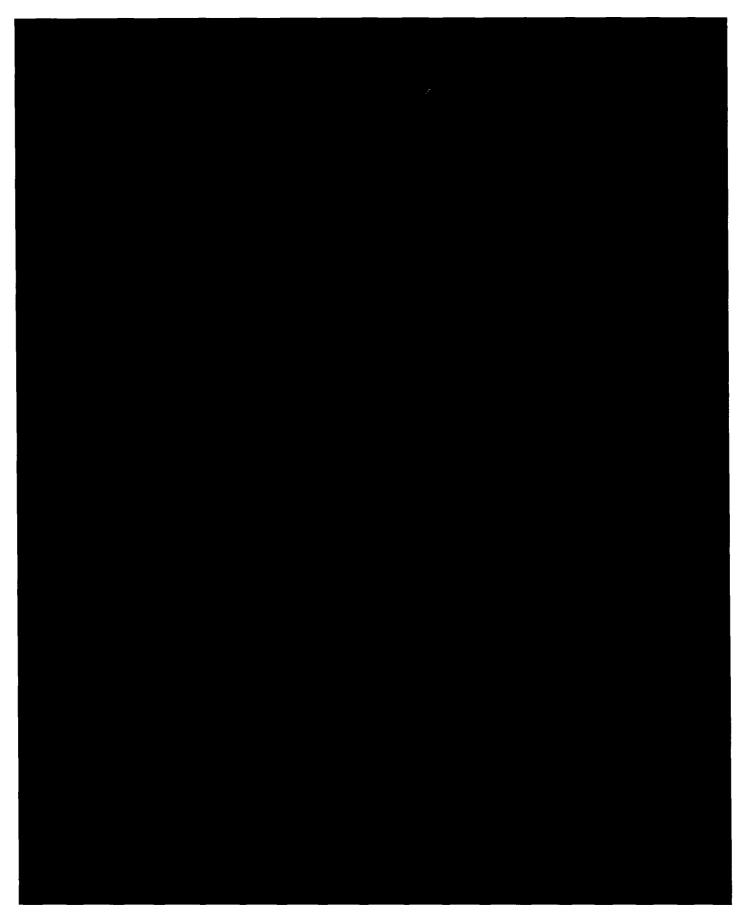
Access at the site is expected to be excellent through the addition of the nearby highway exchange, addition of water taxis, and dedicated air service. The property itself has dedicated valet areas, self parking, and space for arriving and departing vehicles to easily enter, navigate, and exit the property.

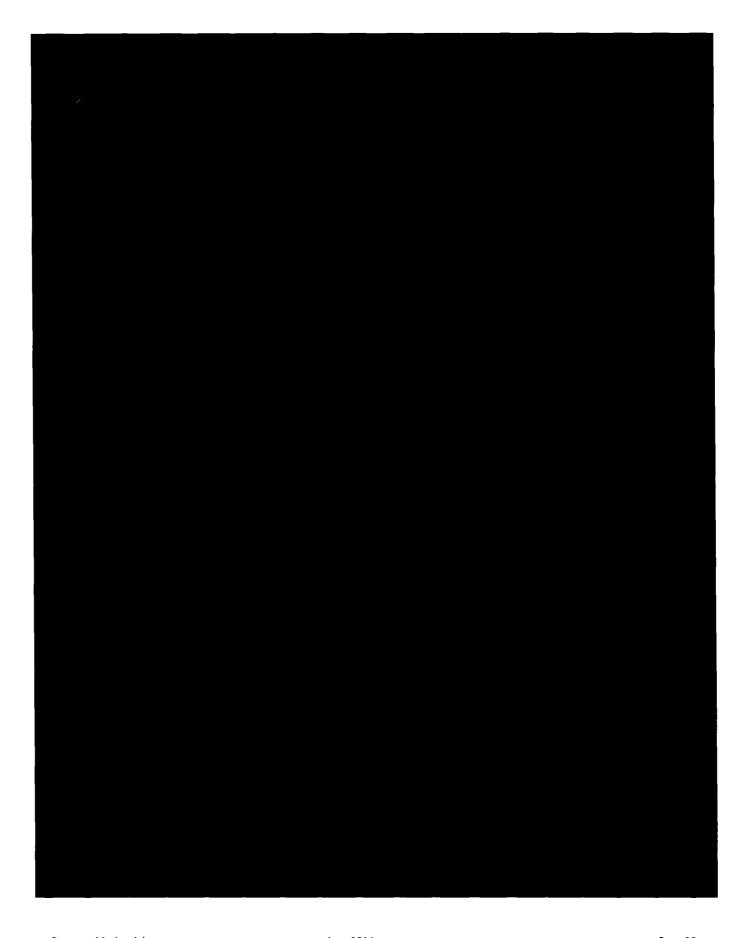


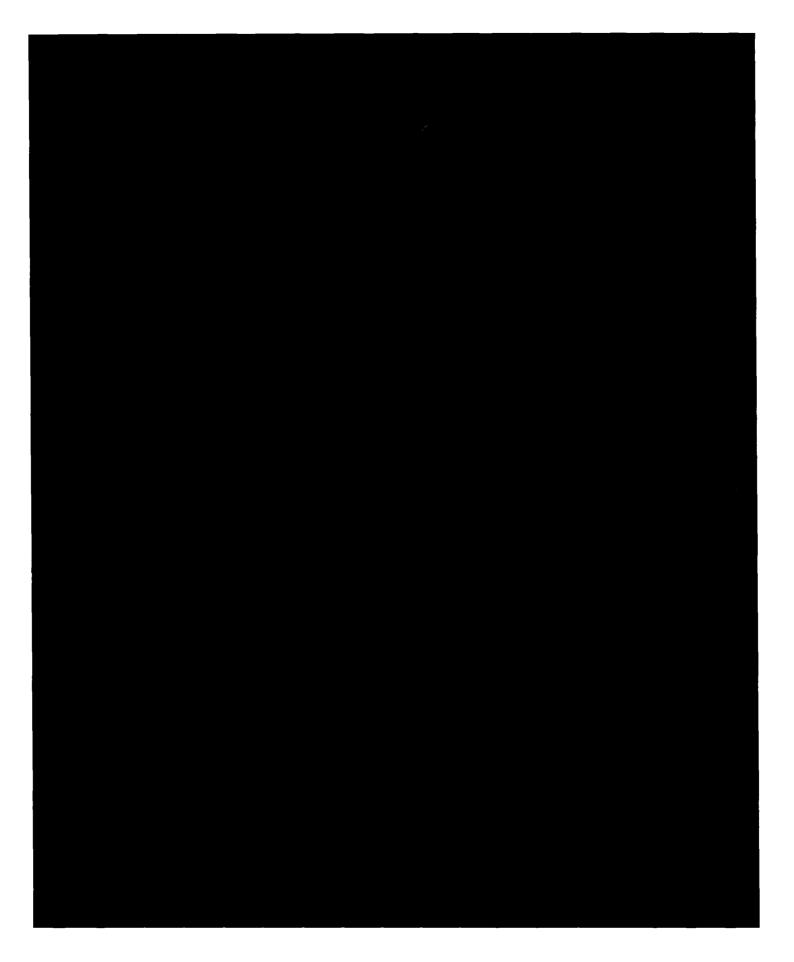












Casino Resort Amenity Forecasts

SMA was asked to review the revenue that could be generated by specific amenities at the proposed Sterling Forest Resort. Casino gaming can be a unique amenity that drives visitation to a resort and become a primary source of revenue. Casino amenities originally focused on keeping guests at the facility longer, but in many instances were offered at below market prices. This strategy was linked to the profitability of the casino and the hopes of earning incremental play from guests. Hotels and food and beverage outlets address needs and were therefore among the earliest amenities.

Amenities have evolved in two primary ways. First, amenities have expanded to include a wider range of offerings. For hotels, this includes both higher quality accommodations and a wider range of options in terms of suites that are situated adjacent to other amenities, such as pools, golf courses, or gardens. In food and beverage, this includes varying price points and a selection of cuisines. However, amenities have also diversified beyond these needs to offer other options. These include meeting and convention facilities to attract groups, retail shopping, and live entertainment. In addition, recreational activities such as golf courses, spas, and water-based sports activities.

Next, amenities have shifted from being subsidized or break-even to being increasingly important sources of revenue and profit. On the Las Vegas Strip, non-gaming amenity revenue has grown to become more than 60% of gross revenue at the largest and most diversified resorts. Hotels, food and beverage outlets, and retail operations increasingly include brands that can complement and even broaden a casino resort's positioning and appeal. Whether these are branding or licensing deals, stakeholders increasingly demand that these amenities are economically viable. The importance of profitable amenities has grown in recent years, particularly at properties with the appropriate positioning and appeal.

Amenities at the Sterling Forest Resort will include 23 food and beverage establishments, a 61,000 sq ft spa, and 20,800 sq ft of meeting and convention space. The resort will also manage live events at two nearby amphitheaters with combined seating of approximately 3,000. These all represent opportunities to profitably broaden the resort's appeal. SMA was asked to review the food and beverage outlets, live entertainment, and the spa. Following details on the experience at other, similar resorts SMA will project the performance of these resort amenities.

Resort Amenity Performance

The large resorts located along the Las Vegas Strip started diversifying their profitability into amenities before most other casino resorts in the United States and even the world. This arguably started approximately 25 years ago with the opening of the Mirage Resort, although as a trend the diversification of profitability gained more popularity in the last 10 to 15 years. In recent years, approximately 10% of surveyed visitors say the primary purpose of their trip to Las Vegas was to gamble. In contrast, 45% say they went for the broader purpose of vacation or leisure. This response, and the revenue streams detailed in the following table, demonstrate the diversification of revenue streams and the importance of non-gaming amenities.

Between fiscal year 2007 and 2013, gross gaming revenue has declined approximately 11%. This is largely a function of slot machine play, which is down nearly 16%. In comparison, food revenue is up 11% and beverage revenue is up 40%. This demonstrates the popularity of food and beverage options to the casino resort experience. It should be noted that beverage revenue in particular is tied to the increasing popularity of night clubs, which are driving visitation and sales by retaining popular DJs. Other revenue, which includes spa sales, is the only other category that is up, at nearly 3%.

Las Vegas Strip Casino Resort Performance, US\$72 million and above in GGR							
	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013
Number of Properties	23	23	23	23	22	23	23
Gross Gaming Revenue	\$5,943,694,056	\$5,760,434,033	\$4,853,898,541	\$4,682,667,911	\$4,898,993,318	\$5,041,456,984	\$5,293,675,063
Slots Revenue	\$3,030,559,340	\$3,014,796,054	\$2,577,663,294	\$2,367,647,850	\$2,397,853,968	\$2,510,693,279	\$2,557,552,533
Table Revenue	\$2,652,395,996	\$2,510,289,368	\$2,077,976,474	\$2,116,313,178	\$2,317,082,526	\$2,356,489,327	\$2,568,689,823
Other Gaming Revenue	\$260,738,720	\$235,348,611	\$198,258,773	\$198,706,883	\$184,056,824	\$174,274,378	\$167,432,707
Room Revenue	\$3,764,726,879	\$3,797,326,096	\$3,129,426,479	\$2,850,908,047	\$3,073,509,916	\$3,505,324,872	\$3,591,335,679
Food Revenue	\$2,029,297,035	\$2,167,536,904	\$1,921,229,921	\$1,864,545,377	\$1,973,343,004	\$2,222,493,769	\$2,249,775,030
Beverage Revenue	\$779,905,429	\$739,823,659	\$746,563,305	\$790,338,974	\$852,409,619	\$1,035,220,986	\$1,089,344,430
Other Revenue	\$2,053,268,070	\$2,175,067,475	\$2,027,630,606	\$1,918,455,191	\$2,023,723,945	\$2,165,629,797	\$2,108,062,510
Gross Revenue	\$14,570,891,469	\$14,640,188,167	\$12,678,748,852	\$12,106,915,500	\$12,821,979,802	\$13,970,126,408	\$14,332,192,712
Complimentary Expenses	\$1,438,373,962	\$1,480,431,546	\$1,480,439,055	\$1,517,184,403	\$1,464,799,002	\$1,603,183,321	\$1,625,158,244
Net Revenue	\$13,132,517,507	\$13,159,756,621	\$11,198,309,797	\$10,589,731,097	\$11,357,180,800	\$12,366,943,087	\$12,707,034,468
EBITDA	\$3,707,318,261	\$3,490,268,087	-\$365,138,632	\$1,645,357,072	\$2,222,386,502	\$2,776,451,592	\$2,905,875,403
EBITDA Margin	28.2%	26.5%	-3.3%	15.5%	19.6%	22.5%	22.9%
Occupied Rooms	24,504,276	24,277,794	23,311,839	23,343,511	23,537,876	24,417,278	24,561,469
Available Rooms	25,622,936	25,529,460	25,515,657	25,935,123	25,832,645	26,503,691	26,617,238
Occupancy	95.63%	95.10%	91.36%	90.01%	91.12%	92.13%	92.28%
Average Daily Rate	\$154	\$156	\$134	\$122	\$131	\$144	\$146
Revenue per Room per Day							
Table Games	\$108	\$103	\$89	\$91	\$98	\$97	\$105
Slot Machines	\$124	\$124	\$111	\$101	\$102	\$103	\$104
Food and Beverage	\$115	\$120	\$114	\$114	\$120	\$133	\$136
Other Revenue	\$84	\$90	\$87	\$82	\$86	\$89	\$86
Source: Nevada State Gaming Control Board							

Operators of casino resorts outside Las Vegas are following these trends. The University of Massachusetts conducted a 2010 survey that found 17% of visitors to the Native American casinos in Connecticut do not gamble, but rather visit for other amenities. The American Gaming Association is consistent, estimating that 26% of visitors don't play casino games. In Atlantic City, the Borgata has distinguished itself and grown in a declining market in part due to its robust amenities package.

These properties are highlighted because they are located in the Northeast, but the trend towards entertainment as reflected in a broader array of amenities is national and even global. The most effective operators are using amenities to complement their positioning and drive increased profitability, but not losing site of how those amenities complement their casino and drive incremental play. This can be either by providing

additional entertainment to casino gamers or by hosting travel companions while gamers play. Operators at the forefront of this trend are also adjusting their rewards programs to include non-gaming expenditures.

Case Studies

SMA evaluated casino resorts for comparison purposes to the proposed Sterling Forest Resort in terms of positioning, customer base, and amenities. The selected resorts include Wynn Las Vegas ("Wynn LV"), Borgata, and Mohegan Sun. While Wynn LV is not in the region, its appeal towards the high-end of the market and location in a destination market makes it significantly different but still useful in terms of the insight it provides. The Borgata and Mohegan Sun properties compete in the Northeast, offer amenities consistent with the proposed Sterling Forest Resort, and target the same customer base.

The following table provides a comparison between these three properties and the proposed Sterling Forest Resort. The three existing properties offer more rooms than the proposed Sterling Forest Resort, which is also more proximate to its customer and will therefore host less overnight guests. Wynn LV's casino offering is heavily skewed towards table play (74% of gaming positions), with Sterling Forest being skewed in that direction (53%) compared to its regional competitors. Similarly, Sterling Forest Resort's food and beverage offering focuses on higher end dining as a share of all dining. The proposed Sterling Forest Resort does not have a substantial retail component, but will offer shuttle service to and from nearby Woodbury Common, a large and popular retail mall. Live entertainment at the proposed resort is likely most similar to Borgata, which features more intimate, exclusive venues. All of the resorts host large spas, the one at Mohegan Sun is operated by a third-party. Wynn LV's spa earned a five-star distinction from Forbes and is only available for hotel guests.

Selected Resort Amenities						
	Wynn LV	Mohegan Sun	Borgata	Sterling Forest		
Casino and Hotel						
Rooms	4,748	1,200	2,767	1,000		
Slots	1,854	5,530	3,200	4,000		
Tables	230	285	180	350		
As % of gaming positions	74%	31%	34%	53%		
Food and Beverage Outlets						
Fine Dining	10	4	5	4		
Casual Dining	9	21	14	12		
Bars & Lounges	6	13		6		
Clubs	5	3	2	2		
Retail (square feet)	96,000	95,000	45,000	3,731		
Meeting (square feet)	284,000	100,000	88,000	20,800		
Other Revenue Elements						
Entertainment	2 theaters	10,000-seat arena	3,700-seat event center	2,000-seat amphitheater		
			950-seat theater	1,000-seat amphitheater		
Recreation	golf	golf		ski area		
Spa	2 spas	1 spa, 20,000 sq ft	2 spas, 54,000 sq ft	61,000 sq ft spa		

Source: Company Filings, Company web sites, Strategic Market Advisors

Note: Includes estimated sq ft of retail space for Borgata

The financial results for each of the selected resorts were evaluated in order to identify operating characteristics and performance metrics that could form the foundation of the analysis for Sterling Forest Resort. Those metrics are highlighted in the following table. When comparing the forecasted performance of the gaming and hotel components of the proposed Sterling Forest Resort, it is important to note that similarities exist within the

selected properties. This is likely particularly true of Mohegan Sun and Borgata, which compete in the Northeast market.

2013 Performance (\$M)					
	Wynn LV	Mohegan Sun	Borgata		
Gaming	\$682.8	\$911.2	\$615.7		
Hotel	\$377.6	\$40.9	\$115.1		
Food and Beverage	\$489.1	\$60.0	\$140.3		
Other	\$220.4	\$108.5	\$42.4		
Gross Revenue	\$1,769.8	\$1,120.6	\$913.5		
Promotional Allowances	\$188.5	\$78.5	\$217.8		
Net Revenue	\$1,581.3	\$1,042.1	\$695.7		
Source: Company Filings					

Note: Mohegan Sun leases many outlets, leading to lower revenue on a comparison basis

More detailed comparisons are based on the specific amenity being considered and are detailed in the following sections.

Estimated Food and Beverage Revenue

The trend towards increased revenue and profitability is perhaps most prevalent in food and beverage operations. The exceptional range of food and beverage opportunities available in today's casino resorts help to signal property's positioning. Furthermore, satisfying people's hunger lies at the very foundation of the hospitality industry.

The most successful casino resorts host multiple food and beverage options with a range of price points and options. Restaurateurs and celebrity chefs lease or license casino resort eateries now. These properties can be notable and limited dining experiences that can complement a special occasion or night out. The "eatertainment" trend highlights not just dining, but the importance of the overall experience. In addition, popular chains offer familiar dining options for guests that prefer that experience.

Lounges and night clubs increasing popularity makes them significant contributors to the performance of casino resorts in Las Vegas. In fact, Las Vegas hosts seven of the top ten grossing nightclubs in the United States. Globally, and by several counts, Las Vegas is said to host two of the top five nightclubs. This performance is driving the Las Vegas beverage revenue detailed earlier in this section. Most new regional casino resorts in the planning stage include night clubs while other resorts are making space to fit them into their existing structures. This will benefit the planned night clubs at the proposed Sterling Forest Resort.

Sterling Forest Resorts' food and beverage program is most similar to Mohegan Sun and Borgata. This is in part based on the mix of restaurants but also as some are planned to be leased or branded, putting pressure on reported revenue. For comparison purposes, Wynn LV manages all of its food and beverage options as part of its operating strategy. This drives higher food and beverage revenue for a property that also drives high revenue through its customer base and up-market appeal.

Sterling Forest will, however, have a greater share of drive-in guests when compared to Borgata or Mohegan Sun. This is due to its location proximate to the New York MSA and extensive transportation plans, which will

⁵ Nightclub & Bar and Technomic Inc 2013

enable many guests to visit without spending an evening. The food and beverage revenue, on a per occupied room basis, should therefore be higher at Sterling Forest Resort. Borgata and Mohegan Sun are increasingly dependent on weekend guests as competing supply in key source markets attracts mid-week business at their more proximate locations. The win per occupied room, therefore, largely reflects the performance of their hotels. To the extent that the win per occupied room does reflect day trippers, it is expected to be offset by the higher price points established at Sterling Forest Resort based on its positioning. For this reason, the F&B revenue per occupied room was applied to the forecasted occupied room nights for Sterling Forest Resort and day trip guests are accounted for separately.

To develop the F&B revenue per occupied room, SMA used the 2013 average for the Mohegan Sun and Borgata properties that attract visitors from the region. F&B revenue was estimated to grow 2% annually between 2013 and 2017 to reach \$166 per occupied room. This results in an estimated \$50 million in F&B revenue from hotel guests.

Casino day trip guests also tend to use food and beverage outlets, although average expenditures tend to be lower than hotel guests due to shorter stays, some customers do not use the outlets at all. The Portrait of the American Gambler survey indicated that 24% of day trip guests do not dine, and the median expenditure for those that do is \$30. In comparison, the average guest expenditure at Mohegan Sun was \$16 between 2011 and 2013. In order to be conservative, SMA gauged expenditures on this number, discounting the average expenditure to \$12 due to the proximity of the customer base. This drove \$63 million in food and beverage revenue from day trippers and a total estimated food and beverage estimate of nearly \$119 million.

Forecasted F&B Revenue				
MS/Borgata 2013 Average per Occupied Room	\$153			
2017 Forecasted Average per Occupied Room	\$166			
RND	338,426			
Hotel Guest F&B Revenue (\$M)	\$56.1			
Day Trips	5,230,333			
Revenue/Visit	\$12			
Day Trip F&B Revenue (\$M)	\$62.8			
Total F&B Revenue (\$M)	\$118.9			
Source: Company Filings, Marquette Advisors, Strategic Market Advisors				

Estimated Amphitheater Revenue

Live entertainment venues are another popular amenity at just about all casino resorts, with options including magic shows, impersonators and tribute shows, comedy acts, production/Broadway shows, and headline acts. The Sterling Forest Resort will offer an outdoor amphitheater that will be used by both the New York Renaissance Faire and for other events booked by casino management. The venue will be most appropriate for headline acts.

Between 60% and 72% of Las Vegas visitors report going to a show during their trip. According to the Portrait of the American Gamblers, 36% of overnight guests to regional casinos reported spending an average of \$120 on entertainment over the previous 12 months. That is to say, over the previous 12 months 36% reported spending a total of \$120 on entertainment in regional casinos. While there was some drop, an impressive 19% of day trippers spent an average of \$87 on entertainment over the previous 12 months.

Sterling Forest will host live events at two intimate amphitheaters, one consisting of 2,000 seats and the second with 1,000 seats. These venues will provide an element of exclusivity for concerts, comedians, and other entertainment. It is important to note that DJs will play a variety of club music in two night clubs, and those projections are included in our food and beverage forecasts.

The amphitheaters will provide an air of intimacy due to their sizing. Supply will be further limited as the casinos provide tickets to events to selected guests. This will drive higher pricing for the remaining seats than can be expected at theaters not associated with casino resorts. Relative to the casino resorts highlighted earlier in this section, the venues' seating capacity is most similar to the Borgata, which has a live events center that can host 3,500 people, the 950-seat Music Box venue, and a comedy club. Shows at Borgata are frequently sold out due to the popularity of the acts relative to the size of the venues. SMA's analysis indicates that the venues at Borgata drive about \$18 to \$20 per occupied room night. Wynn, with a much different offering and market, generates about \$55 per occupied room night.

Borgata's venues are located indoors and therefore are able to host events year-round. In contrast, the planned amphitheater spaces are outdoors and will have roughly 4 months during which weather is considered reasonable by the average person. This shortens the overall number of days the venue can be used. However, the summer is a more popular time of year for people to take vacations and seek out entertainment, and many performers focus on the summer season. Therefore the venue is expected to be utilized frequently.

Forecasts are shown in the following table. SMA estimated that 3.5 shows per week would be held between the two venues. This clearly includes mid-week events, which can be difficult to sell out, but overall a relatively high level of utilization is expected, similar to other casino resorts and other live entertainment venues. This results in estimated sales of 162,000 tickets. An average price of \$60 is assumed based on pricing at other casino resorts, where some performers or times do not warrant high prices. Other events can be exclusive and command higher prices. In comparison, Borgata venues appear to have average pricing between \$50 and \$75. These events include headline acts, driving higher prices on a comparison basis. The estimated \$9.7 million in revenue implies \$29 in live entertainment per occupied room. This is higher than Borgata, which has a greater dependency on its larger hotel for visitation.

Estimated Live Entertai	nment Revenue
Weeks	17
Events/Week	3.5
Events	60
Seats	3,000
Utilization	90%
Tickets Sold	162,000
Average Price	\$60
Revenue	\$9,720,000
Occupied Rooms	338,426
Revenue per Occupied Room	\$29
Source: Strategic Market Advisors	

Estimated Spa Revenue

Spas are a popular amenity within casino resorts for both gaming and non-gaming guests. Some casinos have aggressively expanded their spas, and like other amenities, Las Vegas led the charge. While Wynn, Bellagio, and the Venetian all enjoy up-market positioning and clientele that are more likely to enjoy a day in the spa, many

other properties have successfully integrated spas into their operations. Given that spas tend to still be focused in the largest properties, it is noteworthy that 3% of all visitors to Las Vegas report visiting a spa during their trip.

Spending on spa visits is discretionary, and as such was susceptible to the recent economic downturn. According to the International Spa Association("ISPA"), US spa expenditures reached \$14 billion in 2012, up from \$13.4 billion in 2011. Performance in the industry has rebounded, with visitation, revenue per visit, total revenue, and employment all increasing over the last three years. In 2012 there were 160 million spa visits with an average expenditure per visit of \$87. This average increases to \$127 for hotels and resorts, which on average offer a broader range of services and charge higher prices. The average resort spa, according to ISPA, was nearly 13,000 sq ft and generated \$1.5 million in revenue from nearly 12,000 visits in 2012.

While spas obviously exist in and around New York City, the vast majority appear to be day spas that have limited space. This narrows the potential range of services any spa can offer, limiting the appeal of the overall experience and forcing consumers to search for spas that offer the services they seek. For this reason, the spa at Sterling Forest Resort will have a dedicated marketing effort in the regional market and dedicated space to accommodate these guests. Guests will be enrolled in a rewards program and a customer base will be built. This strategy results in a spa that appears abnormally large when compared to the room count or other in-house metrics against industry benchmarks.

The spa at Mohegan Sun is leased, and as such our foundation for forecasted spa revenue has to rely on comparisons to Wynn LV and the Borgata. Wynn LV only allows hotel guests to use its spa, which enjoys a five-star rating from Forbes. While Sterling Forest Resort's expected quality is high, the most appropriate comparisons are likely to the spa at the Borgata, which includes 54,000 sq ft. The Borgata spa achieved an estimated sales per sq ft of \$161 compared to \$119 for a hotel resort as reported by ISPA.

Spa Expenditures (2013)						
	Wynn LV	Borgata				
Spa per occupied room	\$21.06	\$10.21				
Sales per sq ft		\$160.77				
Source: Company Filings						

The Sterling Forest Resort spa will be 61,000 sq ft, about 20% larger than Borgata's. The spa will serve a smaller hotel but also a much larger local population. The dedication to the local market, which is not expected to use the hotel on most stays, will drive a substantial revenue stream. Therefore, the lower room count is expected to be offset by the larger local population, and the Sterling Forest Resort spa is expected to perform similarly to the Borgata spa. SMA therefore applied the sales per square foot figure, assuming 2.0% annual growth, to forecast \$10.6 million in spa sales in the first full year of operations.

Estimated Sterling Forest Resort Spa Sales (000)				
Sales per sq ft	\$174.03			
square feet	61,000			
Estimated spa sales (000)	\$10,615.7			
Source: Strategic Market Advisor	S			

Off-Site Amenity Evaluation

The Sterling Forest Resort's location was planned in conjunction with existing attractions located along State Route 17A. Within a mile of the planned location is the Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area, the New York Renaissance Faire, and additional property where a garden will be located. Some visitors will choose to visit these attractions, thus enhancing the overall appeal of the property.

Adventure World Evaluation

Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area will be transformed into Adventure World, which will include skiing as well as zip lines, ropes courses, alpine slides, and other summer attractions. The Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area in Sterling Forest State Park is located off of Route 17A, approximately one-half mile from the proposed Sterling Forest Resort location. The ski area⁶ features approximately 400 feet of vertical drop serviced by two ski lifts. Overall the mountain incorporates about 100 acres, 30 of which are skiable. A third lift serves a tubing area, and night skiing is offered on the entire mountain. Snowmaking covers about 25% to 30% of the mountain, making it difficult to extend the season from beyond the Christmas to mid-March timeframe, a window which is highly weather dependent. A mild season from 2011 to 2012 put the industry on unstable financial footing and was likely more severe at Tuxedo Ridge in part for this reason.

Also contributing to the business' performance are dated facilities. The aforementioned lifts are old, and have likely been in service well beyond the useful life that would be determined for accounting purposes. A fourth lift sits idle and is apparently in disrepair. The lodging facilities, parking area, and other facilities are essentially all in need of investment. Performance reflects these dynamics, where last season the ski area attracted about 30,000 skier days⁷. In comparison, Mount Peter in nearby Warwick likely attracted three to four times that amount.

Tuxedo Ridge, Mount Peter, and some other ski areas are positioned on relatively small mountains and considered to be family or beginner areas. These mountains tend to be located in foothills or other areas that are not necessarily as deep into mountain ranges as other ski areas that cater to more advanced skiers. As they are generally characterized by greater proximity and access, these mountains compete extensively for customers that consist of families. These families enroll children in programs and purchase season passes, becoming dedicated customers in the process.

As a sport skiing is expensive, and the National Ski Areas Association ("NSAA") confirmed that skiers are more affluent than the general population. In its National Demographic Study 2012/13, the NSAA noted that 45% of skiers came from households earning over \$100,000 per year in 2006/07. This increased to 54% in 2012/13. At the same time, representation from households earning less than \$50,000 dropped from 30% to 21%. Nationwide, 21% of households earn more than \$100,000 annually.

⁶ Throughout this report SMA may refer to the combined ski and snowboarding sports as skiing

⁷ A skier day is defined as one skier or snowboarder on the mountain for one day

SnowSports Industry America reported that 15.5 million Americans are active skiers or snowboarders, with about 60% of all participants being focused in ten states. Nationwide this figure implies a participation rate of 5.0%. However, participation can vary depending on a number of factors including proximity, wealth, and climate. Skiers made 13.3 million visits in the northeast during the 2012/2013 season, with an estimated 4.8 million originating in the New York/New Jersey/Pennsylvania tri-state area. The NSAA indicated that 55.6% of the trips that originated in this area also accrued in the Northeast region, which also includes New England. Resorts in New England, and particularly Vermont, are popular with skiers and snowboarders that live in this region.

Estimated 2013 R	egional Market	t Dynamics				
2013 Total Population	421,598	9,721,467	10,753,922			
2013 Average Annual Household Income	\$114,710	\$100,683	\$93,943			
Premium (discount)	10%	3%	-2%			
Visits	53,586	1,156,992	1,217,739			
Total Visits	2,428,317					
Share that accrue in the region	55.60%					
Visits in the Northeast Region	1,350,144					
Non-Expert	52%					
Non-Expert Visits in the Northeast	1,262,725					
Tuxedo Ridge Visits	30,000					
Share	2.4%					
Mount Peter Visits	120,000					
Share	9.5%					
Source: National Ski Areas Association, Strategic Market Advisors						

Mount Peter and Campgaw, two nearby competitors, feature newer facilities including more modern lifts with greater capacity. These facilities keep skiers and boarders on the mountain rather than in a line or on a lift. This is a key to serving customers. In addition, lodges and other facilities at the base of the mountains seem to be more modern.

All three ski areas offer rental equipment, lessons, and racing. Tuxedo Ridge and Campgaw offer tubing as well. Tuxedo Ridge hosts summer events including adventure races and concerts. Mount Peter and Campgaw may also hold summer events that they do not note on their web site. Summer is an increasing source of revenue for ski areas due to the high fixed costs associated with the facilities and newer and emerging forms of entertainment including adventure races, zip lines, and rope courses.

The following table shows Tuxedo Ridge and its nearby competitors and includes a comparison of vertical feet per hour ("VTF"). VTF is the product of the number of passengers a lift can move in an hour and the number of vertical feet it rises and is quoted herein in thousands. The sum of all the lifts (not including magic carpets that serve beginner areas) for each mountain is presented in the following table. Mount Peter, which serves more vertical feet, has a much greater VTF than Tuxedo Ridge and is able to command higher prices. The planned expansion will put Tuxedo Ridge on more equal footing.

	Competition		Tuxedo Ridge			
	Mount Peter	CampGaw	Existing	Planned		
V TF	2,100	648	538	2,198		
Pricing						
Adult Season	499	285	169			
Junior Season	469	210	149			
Adult Weekend	45	36	42			
Junior Weekend	36		32			
Source: Strategic Market Advisors						

While daily lift ticket prices are competitive, Tuxedo Ridge's season pass costs seem low. SMA compared these prices to a benchmark developed by the NSAA. Mountains in the Northeast that are under 7,500 VTF had average adult season pass prices of \$558 and \$371 for juniors.

The following table demonstrates the estimated revenue breakdown of the 2013 revenue generated by the winter operations at Tuxedo Ridge, developed based on conversations with the management team. On a per visitor basis, Tuxedo Ridge is generating \$47 per visitor compared to \$61 for the NSAA benchmark. If Tuxedo Ridge were able to reach the Benchmark levels, it would represent a 30% increase in revenue. This opportunity seems particularly strong for the non-ticket revenue, where Tuxedo Ridge is achieving 72% of the average performance.

Estimated Tuxedo	Ridge 2013 Per	formance
Season Passes	\$140,000	
Ticket Sales	\$525,000	
F&B	\$280,000	
Ski School	\$175,000	
Programs	\$105,000	
Tubing	\$175,000	
Total Revenue	\$1,400,000	
Per Day Analysis	Tuxedo	Benchmark
Skier Days	30,000	150,777
Ticket Revenue/Visit	\$22.17	\$26.59
Non-Ticket Revenue/Visit	\$24.50	\$34.08
Total Revenue/Visit	\$46.67	\$60.67
Source: National Ski Areas As	ssociation, Strategic Ma	arket Advisors

In the Northeast, mountains between 0 and 7,500 VTF averaged 150,777 visits during the 2012/13 season and had an average of 129 skiable acres. Larger mountains serve more advanced skiers, requiring more space per

skier due to higher average speeds. In comparison, it is likely that Mount Peter, which is a similar size as Tuxedo Ridge, handles over 100,000 visitors per season. As the planned expansion of the ski area will incorporate unused and more varied terrain, SMA believes that Tuxedo Ridge can operate similarly. The two mountains are about 8 miles apart and attract about 12% of the total number of beginner visits originating within 90 minutes. From this perspective, SMA believes the demand in the market is also present, and that an improved Tuxedo Ridge ski area can attract visitation commensurate with its enhanced offering.

Tuxedo Ridge, aside from the mountain and terrain, will essentially be a new mountain after its renovations. Four new ski lifts will serve the ski area in addition to a magic carpet for the beginner area. Loading areas will feature loading carpets that help avoid loading challenges that force operators to stop lifts. More terrain will become accessible and more varied runs will enable families to use the mountain longer, since more advanced members will have more intermediate terrain.

The base area will be improved as well, including a new parking area that will be paved, a dedicated area for loading and unloading customers and groups, and new facilities for rentals, lift ticket sales, lessons, dining, and all other base-area activities. These improvements will not only make it easier for families to get on the mountain, but it will make parents that stay in the lodge more comfortable.

The market for non-expert skiing in the region was assumed to grow at the same rate as the population, with the total target market shown in the following table. The new facilities are expected to be among the nicest in the market as they will be totally new. This is expected to drive growth in market share that will approach the levels achieved at Mount Peter, but at a discount as Mount Peter will also lose market share and the market will reach a new equilibrium. Average ticket revenue and average non-ticket revenue is based on the pricing achieved at Mount Peter, CampGaw, and other, similar mountains in the broader region with the benchmarks being a secondary point of reference. This pricing is believed to represent a discount compared to Mount Peter, as the influx of supply should drive further competition for what can be a price-sensitive customer base. In particular, with additional opportunities for non-ticket revenue, Tuxedo Ridge's growth opportunity is two-fold. This will drive over 100,000 skier days by the third year of operations and total revenue of \$6.7 million.

	,	ciated Rever		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
1,290,187	1,297,145	1,311,174	1,332,504	1,361,483
7.50%	8.25%	8.75%	8.75%	8.75%
96,764	107,014	114,728	116,594	119,130
\$27.00	\$27.54	\$28.09	\$28.65	\$29.23
\$29.50	\$30.09	\$30.69	\$31.31	\$31.93
\$56.50	\$57.63	\$58.78	\$59.96	\$61.16
\$5,467,166	\$6,167,244	\$6,743,996	\$6,990,777	\$7,285,670
	1,290,187 7.50% 96,764 \$27.00 \$29.50 \$56.50	1,290,187 1,297,145 7.50% 8.25% 96,764 107,014 \$27.00 \$27.54 \$29.50 \$30.09 \$56.50 \$57.63	1,290,187 1,297,145 1,311,174 7.50% 8.25% 8.75% 96,764 107,014 114,728 \$27.00 \$27.54 \$28.09 \$29.50 \$30.09 \$30.69 \$56.50 \$57.63 \$58.78	1,290,187 1,297,145 1,311,174 1,332,504 7.50% 8.25% 8.75% 8.75% 96,764 107,014 114,728 116,594 \$27.00 \$27.54 \$28.09 \$28.65 \$29.50 \$30.09 \$30.69 \$31.31 \$56.50 \$57.63 \$58.78 \$59.96

Adventure World revenue during the new winter season and the forecasted performance for the summer operations is shown in the following table. Revenue streams such as lessons, rental equipment, and food and beverage will all grow with greater visitation, an improved offering, and increased pricing power. Summer operations were also benchmarked, for the selected attractions, based on ratios observed in operations in the Northeast. In total, revenue is expected to grow from approximately \$6 million in 2017 to \$7.9 million in the fifth year of operations.

Forecasted Rev	enue by Dep	partment for	Adventure V	Vorld	
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Winter Operations					
Ticket Sales	\$2,612,628	\$2,947,178	\$3,222,795	\$3,340,725	\$3,481,648
Snowplay and Other Winter Operations	\$256,908	\$289,806	\$316,908	\$328,505	\$342,362
Lessons	\$827,816	\$933,819	\$1,021,148	\$1,058,515	\$1,103,167
Food and Beverage	\$913,452	\$1,030,421	\$1,126,785	\$1,168,016	\$1,217,287
Retail	\$199,818	\$225,405	\$246,484	\$255,504	\$266,282
Rental	\$342,545	\$386,408	\$422,544	\$438,006	\$456,483
Other	\$313,999	\$354,207	\$387,332	\$401,506	\$418,442
Total Winter Operations	\$5,467,166	\$6,167,244	\$6,743,996	\$6,990,777	\$7,285,670
Summer Operations					
Summer Visits	29,915	33,084	35,469	36,046	36,830
Zip Lines/Canopy Tours	\$108,250	\$122,111	\$133,531	\$138,417	\$144,256
Alpine Slide/Mountain Coaster	\$142,693	\$160,965	\$176,018	\$182,459	\$190,156
Other Attractions	\$132,852	\$149,864	\$163,879	\$169,876	\$177,042
Food and Beverage	\$108,250	\$122,111	\$133,531	\$138,417	\$144,256
Total Summer Operations	\$492,045	\$555,052	\$606,960	\$629,170	\$655,710
Total Revenue	\$5,959,211	\$6,722,295	\$7,350,956	\$7,619,947	\$7,941,381
Source: Strategic Market Advisors					

Forecasted Adventure World Performance

The following estimated pro-forma income statement shows the forecasted level of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. Expenses were forecasted based on ratios observed for comparable facilities in the Northeast and were adjusted for the expected operating strategies and conditions in the area. This includes higher than average wages due to the income levels in the region and lower marketing expenses due to the combined marketing effort conducted in conjunction with Sterling Forest Resort. Margins gradually improve to match the average level of performance in year 3 and improve slightly thereafter.

Snowplay and other Winter Operations \$256,908 \$289,806 \$316,908 Lessons \$827,816 \$933,819 \$1,021,148 Food and Beverage \$1,021,702 \$1,152,532 \$1,260,316 Retail \$199,818 \$225,405 \$246,484 Rental \$342,545 \$386,408 \$422,544 Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427	2020	2021
Winter Ticket Sales\$2,612,628\$2,947,178\$3,222,795Snowplay and other Winter Operations\$256,908\$289,806\$316,908Lessons\$827,816\$933,819\$1,021,148Food and Beverage\$1,021,702\$1,152,532\$1,260,316Retail\$199,818\$225,405\$246,484Rental\$342,545\$386,408\$422,544Summer Operations (exc. F&B)\$383,795\$432,940\$473,429Other\$313,999\$354,207\$387,332Total\$5,959,211\$6,722,295\$7,350,956ExpensesCost of Goods Sold\$500,574\$551,228\$595,427Direct Labor\$1,370,619\$1,512,516\$1,617,210Maintenance and Repair\$244,328\$275,614\$301,389		
Snowplay and other Winter Operations \$256,908 \$289,806 \$316,908 Lessons \$827,816 \$933,819 \$1,021,148 Food and Beverage \$1,021,702 \$1,152,532 \$1,260,316 Retail \$199,818 \$225,405 \$246,484 Rental \$342,545 \$386,408 \$422,544 Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389		
Lessons \$827,816 \$933,819 \$1,021,148 Food and Beverage \$1,021,702 \$1,152,532 \$1,260,316 Retail \$199,818 \$225,405 \$246,484 Rental \$342,545 \$386,408 \$422,544 Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$3,340,725	\$3,481,648
Food and Beverage \$1,021,702 \$1,152,532 \$1,260,316 Retail \$199,818 \$225,405 \$246,484 Rental \$342,545 \$386,408 \$422,544 Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$328,505	\$342,362
Retail \$199,818 \$225,405 \$246,484 Rental \$342,545 \$386,408 \$422,544 Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$1,058,515	\$1,103,167
Rental \$342,545 \$386,408 \$422,544 Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$1,306,434	\$1,361,543
Summer Operations (exc. F&B) \$383,795 \$432,940 \$473,429 Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses Expenses \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$255,504	\$266,282
Other \$313,999 \$354,207 \$387,332 Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses S500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$438,006	\$456,483
Total \$5,959,211 \$6,722,295 \$7,350,956 Expenses \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$490,753	\$511,454
Expenses Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$401,506	\$418,442
Cost of Goods Sold \$500,574 \$551,228 \$595,427 Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$7,619,947	\$7,941,381
Direct Labor \$1,370,619 \$1,512,516 \$1,617,210 Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389		
Maintenance and Repair \$244,328 \$275,614 \$301,389	\$611,044	\$633,635
·	\$1,659,624	\$1,720,985
Other Direct Expenses \$315,838 \$356,282 \$389,601	\$309,294	\$320,729
	\$399,819	\$414,601
Payroll Taxes \$232,409 \$262,170 \$286,687	\$294,206	\$305,084
Utilities \$280,083 \$302,503 \$323,442	\$331,925	\$344,197
General and Administration \$1,162,046 \$1,277,236 \$1,367,278	\$1,403,137	\$1,455,014
Marketing and Advertising \$297,961 \$329,392 \$352,846	\$362,100	\$375,488
Insurance \$125,143 \$141,168 \$154,370	\$158,419	\$164,276
Land use fees \$83,429 \$94,112 \$102,913	\$105,612	\$109,517
Property/Other Taxes \$71,511 \$80,668 \$88,211	\$90,525	\$93,872
Miscellaneous \$5,959 \$6,722 \$7,351	\$7,544	\$7,823
Operating Leases \$5,959 \$6,722 \$7,351	\$7,544	\$7,823
Total Expenses \$4,695,858 \$5,196,334 \$5,594,078	\$5,740,792	\$5,953,042
EBITDA \$1,263,353 \$1,525,961 \$1,756,878	\$1,879,155	\$1,988,339
EBITDA Margin 21.2% 22.7% 23.9%	24.7%	25.0%
Source: Strategic Market Advisors		

Note: EBITDA is earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization

Seasonal Festivals Evaluation

Improvements to the New York Renaissance Faire site are included within the overall development plan in order to increase attendance/income generated by the Renaissance Faire and hold additional seasonal events at the site. Accordingly, SMA reviewed its performance in order to forecast the impact that planned improvements could have on visitation and revenue.

The late summer and early fall seasons are well positioned for the existing and proposed events. Optimally, however, the site should be utilized during other times of the year to maximize revenue potential. While increased utilization of the site is expected, the grounds feature themed structures that will limit its suitability for other events that may be considered for similar spaces. The improvements to the grounds will make them more appealing, to be clear. However, special consideration will need to be given to specific events' ability to use or work around the existing infrastructure.

In addition, the grounds will be positioned between the Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area, which will feature year-round activities, and the new gardens. These properties will essentially be new and significant attractions that should enhance the overall notoriety for each attraction. Furthermore, all three are down the road from a new casino resort, which will be heavily advertised and will note these additional entertainment options. Overall, the cumulative offering and increased access due to the new highway exchange and increased transportation options is expected to benefit the seasonal events and other attractions in the area.

There are a relatively small number of major outdoors events that are held in the region. One of the largest is the Orange County Fair. The annual Orange County Fair is held in Middletown in mid to late July. The Orange County fairgrounds are located within close proximity of the intersection of I-84 and Route 17. Much of the appeal of that event is the stock car races and demolition derby that are held at the Fair's speedway. Hosting such an event in Tuxedo is unlikely due to those facilities. However, hosting other events outside of the Renaissance Faire's August to September timeframe is possible.

A Halloween-themed event known as the Forest of Fear is located off of State Highway 17A about two miles north of The Renaissance Faire site. The Forest of Fear runs every Friday, Saturday and Sunday in October and offers a haunted house, known as the "Slaughterhouse", a buried alive coffin simulator, and a smaller tent operation called the Blind Panic. Admission is \$20 and includes one trip through both the Slaughterhouse and the Blind Panic. Limited food offerings are available, but alcohol is not served. The event is tailored towards young adults and children under 12 are discouraged from attending. The Forest of Fear has received positive reviews from a number of industry publications including being rated as the #3 Haunted House in America by Haunted Attractions magazine. During Halloween, complementary events could be held at the Renaissance Faire site to capitalize on the presence of the Forest of Fear, perhaps by tailoring the event for adults.

In terms of concert events, now in its fifth year, the Hudson Valley Jazz Festival will be held in mid-August at a number of small venues in Orange, Ulster, and Westchester counties. Last year, there were at least 18 separate concerts run in conjunction with this festival. The site of the Renaissance Faire would be a potential option for an event such as this, where smaller concerts could be put on at the numerous small stages that are already in place and concertgoers would have the ability to sample a number of different acts.

Overall, Genting plans on operating several seasonal events for the community as well as its customers. Events will likely include an Oktoberfest event, a winter ice festival similar to the one in Harbin, China, and a springtime festival that could tie-in to the blooming flowers in the garden and celebrate May Day. The objective is to

essentially create seasonal events that collectively drive similar visitation to the Renaissance Faire, complement the facilities, and serve casino customers and the community.

The New York Renaissance Faire runs for 8 weeks, from the first weekend in August through late September every year. Performance is shown in the following table, where revenue increased 18% in 2013. This was due to both an increase in visitation and an increase in average expenditures. In particular, other expenditures grew substantially. These include parking, beverages, programs, and RenQuest, a theatrical gaming experience. Overall expenditures on all of these items increased substantially, and may be more likely to a change in pricing than increased sales volume on a per visitor basis.

Renaissance Faire Performance					
	2012 2013				
Revenue	\$1,857,467	\$2,198,080			
Attendance	128,795	148,734			
Gate Revenue	\$1,025,657	\$1,076,664			
Other Revenue	\$831,810	\$1,121,416			
Revenue/Attendee \$14.42 \$14.78					
Source: New York Renaissance Faire					

Attendance is still well below attendance totals of some of the larger renaissance festivals in the U.S. The Texas Renaissance Festival is an annual event located approximately 50 miles north of Houston and is also held over eight weekends. In 2012, total attendance of this event was reportedly over 600,000. This is indicative of the potential for growth of the New York Renaissance Faire.

The projections that follow do not include the capture of the more than 7 million casino gamers expected to visit the Sterling Forest Resort annually. In general, the demographics of typical patrons visiting renaissance fairs do not align with those who are visiting casinos. Based on some general demographic studies of attendees, the age of the average renaissance fair patrons skews considerably younger than the average casino visitor. Also, visitors who make trips to renaissance fairs often spend significant time at the fairgrounds. A study of the Michigan Renaissance Festival found that approximately 70% of the patrons spend all day (9 hours) at the festival. While there may be some cross-visitation or groups that come to the area together but split to visit the different events, but ultimately the attractions are very different in their appeal.

A much more likely interaction between the two events is that the new casino resort and investment in the fairgrounds will raise the profile of the area. The Renaissance Faire, which by its revenue must have a limited marketing budget, should benefit greatly by its association with the casino resort and its exposure to its customer base. While visiting both attractions on a day trip may be unlikely, some may chose to visit the Renaissance Faire separately or incorporate it into an overnight trip. The other major benefit to the Renaissance Faire is the increased accessibility. This extends beyond the new exchange between State Highway 17A and Interstate 87 to include shuttle services, water taxis, and busses that will make frequent daily trips from several regional locations.

Week 7 is the busiest week of the event and served as the basis for our analysis. As mentioned previously, the two main revenue sources for the New York Renaissance Faire are ticket receipts and beverage sales. There is significant room for growth in both of these areas going forward. Over the last three years, during Week 7, gate revenue per paid admission has fallen by an average of approximately 5.7% per year from \$9.12 in 2011 to \$8.11 in 2013. Given that ticket prices at the gate are \$24 for adults and \$10 for children, it is apparent that significant

discounting is taking place. Based on revenue information provided by the operators of the Faire, a majority of ticket sales occur through third-party vendors such as Walgreens and Ticketfly. These vendors apparently keep a portion of the sales which depresses the revenue potential of ticket sales. As the Sterling Forest Resort should provide a significantly higher profile for the event going forward, commission rates to these vendors are expected to fall.

In terms of beverage sales, the 2013 Week 7 average was \$6.68 per paid admission. This figure has risen at a compounded annual growth rate of 6.2% since 2011 when the average beverage sales total was \$5.92. It appears that there may be improvement in either pricing or volume.

In the analysis that follows we have assumed that gate receipts per paid attendee rises at an annual rate of 7% going forward. This figure takes into account expected improvements to the site, a higher profile given the connection to the resort and lowering of commission rates by third-party ticket vendors. Beverage sales growth is projected to continue at the same average 6.2% rate that has been experienced during Week 7 since 2011. After slightly adjusting the other revenue components upwards, SMA projects that total average revenue per paid admission would reach \$20.48 by 2017. This figure is a 28% total increase over the \$16.00 revenue per paid admission that was experienced in Week 7 of 2013. The following table provides a breakout of expected overall revenue and paid admissions for the New York Renaissance Faire in 2017.

New York Renaissance Faire Projections 2017				
Average Weekend Paid Attendance	22,455			
Average Revenue Per Paid Attendee	\$20.48			
Number of Weeks	8			
Projected Total Revenue Potential	\$3,679,352			
Source: Strategic Market Advisors				

Management plans to develop a Fall Oktoberfest event, a Winter Ice Festival, and a Spring May Day celebration with the goal of utilizing the Renaissance Faire site and the other, neighboring attractions over the course of the year. In the projections that follow, a total of an additional twenty-two weekends for all other events were incorporated. As these events are expected to be shorter in duration and are more likely to have more appeal to casino gamers, SMA has projected a higher average attendance figure overall that is comparable to peak visitation for the Renaissance Faire. A revenue per paid attendee figure was also projected given some baseline assumptions on the type of events that may be offered. As some of these events are not expected to charge an admission for entry, the revenue per paid attendee is projected to be slightly less than that of the Renaissance Faire. The following table provides projections for the additional events at the site.

Seasonal Event Projections 2017				
Average Weekend Paid Attendance	26,946			
Average Revenue Per Paid Attendee	\$19.37			
Number of Weekends	22			
Projected Total Revenue Potential	\$11,481,772			
Source: Strategic Market Advisors				

Forecasted Seasonal Events Performance

The following table provides a projected 5-year pro forma income statement for the New York Renaissance Faire and other events held at the Fairgrounds.

Five Year Pro Forma Income Statement for Seasonal Events Held at Fairgrounds						
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Total Revenue	\$15,161,124	\$15,762,090	\$16,391,622	\$17,051,340	\$17,742,969	
Expenses						
Salaries and Wages	\$5,674,329	\$5,910,318	\$6,158,129	\$6,418,459	\$6,692,052	
General & Admin	\$1,061,279	\$1,103,346	\$1,147,414	\$1,193,594	\$1,242,008	
COGS	\$2,848,257	\$2,955,625	\$3,067,794	\$3,185,023	\$3,307,587	
Utilities	\$1,258,558	\$1,300,698	\$1,344,420	\$1,389,791	\$1,436,888	
Other	\$758,056	\$788,105	\$819,581	\$852,567	\$887,148	
Total Expenses	\$11,600,478	\$12,058,092	\$12,537,337	\$13,039,434	\$13,565,683	
EBITDA	\$3,560,646	\$3,703,998	\$3,854,285	\$4,011,906	\$4,177,285	
EBITDA Margin	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%	23.5%	
Source: Strategic Market Adv	isors					

Sterling Forest Gardens Evaluation

Sterling Forest Resort plans to develop the 24-acre Sterling Forest Gardens. The Gardens will showcase a wide range of fauna to both provide an attractive and interesting environment for guests and to promote horticulture, conservation, and science. Careful planning of the Garden's layout incorporate water features, gardens, and entertainment that provide opportunities for relaxation, reflection, education, and entertainment. Pathways through the Gardens provide circulation between major elements and access to several more intimate settings while providing scenic views of the Gardens and the surrounding Sterling Forest.

The Gardens will be dispersed over the development area, with no genuinely central area other than a visitor center offering a cafe. This will encourage exploration into various spaces connected by landscaped walkways and beautiful views across several water features. A treetop walk, showcasing a tree of imagination attraction, cherry blossom row, and sugar maple grove will highlight larger species. Other species will be featured in dedicated in rose, azalea, lavender, aquatic, Chinese, and Japanese gardens. Integrated into this experience is a green house, where horticulturists can both cultivate projects and educate guests. Entertaining elements include a hedge maze, carousel, a garden chessboard, an amphitheater, and a croquet lawn.

Genting's intent for the Garden is to provide a comfortable and relaxing environment for its customers and the community. Revenue will be generated through admissions and amenities such as the cafe, carousel, and ancillary revenue sources such as storage lockers and vending machines that may be located at the visitor center.

The Chicago Botanical Gardens are 400 acres and receive 1 million visitors annually. This is one of the top levels of attendance identified in SMA's research, with special events appearing to be a major part of their success. Special dinners, four different musical series, and sunset lighting events all appear to complement the gardens and drive additional visitation and revenue. The Garden View Cafe highlights its locally grown, seasonal menu. Similar events can be found at other gardens, with holiday-related events, races, and art and antique shows being other popular ideas. Some gardens host private events, such as birthdays and weddings.

The New York Botanical Gardens are located in the Bronx and can be reached by car or the New York Metro. The gardens cover 250 acres of plant collections in addition to a conservatory, library, and herbarium. The gardens attracted just over 775,000 visitors in fiscal year 2008. Pricing for adults is \$13 for the gardens and \$20 for all-access. Also in New York City, the 52-acre Brooklyn Botanical Gardens attracts similar visitation, with approximately 725,000 reported visitors in recent years. Adults are \$10 with pricing for seniors and children at \$5.

The visitation and population within a one-hour drive for these three botanical gardens is shown in the following table. The population within one-hour was selected as this is the reasonable distance a person or group of people would travel to reach this and similar attractions. The ratio of visits to the population was calculated to demonstrate the level of penetration into the market and normalize it for comparison purposes. The Chicago Botanical Garden receives 0.1 visits for every person that lives within a 60-minute drive of its location. The two New York properties appear to have a lower level of penetration, at .04 visits per person. This is misleading, however, as 17,725,041 people reside in both catchment areas. This is 96% of the catchment area for the New York Botanical Gardens and 98% for the Brooklyn Botanical Garden. Combined they attract .08 visits for each person residing with 60-minutes, much more similar to the performance in Chicago.

Existing Botanical Garden Performance							
Total Population Garden Visits (60 minutes) Ratio							
New York Botanical Gardens	775,000	18,560,138	0.04				
Brooklyn Botanical Gardens	725,000	18,103,573	0.04				
Chicago Botanical Gardens 1,000,000 9,624,419 0.10							
Source: Organizaiton publications, Applied Geographic Solutions, Strategic Market Advisors							

In order to apply the calculated ratios to the Sterling Forest Garden, consideration was given to the current visitation in New York. Visitation patterns for similar attractions indicate that the level of penetration is higher among people that live closer to an attraction, all other things being equal. This, in part, is why the two existing botanical gardens are able to both operate in the New York City area. Sterling Forest Garden will have an exclusive area as well and will also have excellent access for people residing outside of the city. For this reason, a ratio of .04 was applied to the local population, resulting in over 405,000 visits.

Forecasted Visitation				
Average Ratio	0.04			
Population 10,143,065				
Forecasted Visitation 405,723				
Source: Applied Geographic Solutions, Strategic Market Advisors				

Hotel visitors will also be a source of visitation to the proposed gardens. The hotel is expected to host over 883,000 visitors. A capture rate of 2% is similar to the capture rate of other off-site attractions. For example, 2% of visitors to Las Vegas play golf, which is off-site for most casino guests. This results in an estimated 19,629 visitors to the garden from the hotel.

Hotel Visits to the Sterling Forest Garden				
Hotel RND	338,426			
Guests/Room	2.9			
Guests	981,436			
Capture Rate	2%			
Hotel Visits	19,629			
Source: Strategic Market Advisors				

Forecasted Sterling Forest Garden Performance

The next table shows the estimated performance of the Sterling Forest Garden. Ticket pricing was assumed to start at \$18 for adults and \$10 for seniors and children. Other revenue at the New York area botanical gardens was 73% and 75% of ticket revenue. However, those properties are larger and run a wider range of amenities, including concerts, dinners, and special events. As the scope of amenities is expected to be limited at the proposed gardens, due to its smaller size, these ancillary sources of revenue were expected to perform at one-third of the New York properties.

Expenses were calculated based largely on the Brooklyn Botanical Garden expenses. Expense items were evaluated for fixed versus variable expenses and adjusted based on the differences in acreage and operations. General and Administrative expenses were estimated to start at \$650,000 and grow 2% annually, similar to the growth in other expenses.

Sterling Forest Garden Estimated Performance					
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Visits	378,696	408,992	425,351	433,858	442,536
Pricing	\$15.28	\$15.59	\$15.90	\$16.22	\$16.54
Ticket Revenue	\$5,786,475	\$6,374,380	\$6,761,943	\$7,035,125	\$7,319,344
Other Revenue	\$1,413,057	\$1,556,624	\$1,651,266	\$1,717,978	\$1,787,384
Total Revenue	\$7,199,532	\$7,931,004	\$8,413,209	\$8,753,103	\$9,106,728
Cost of Goods Sold	\$1,271,751	\$1,400,961	\$1,486,140	\$1,546,180	\$1,608,645
Horticulture	\$1,501,938	\$1,501,938	\$1,501,938	\$1,501,938	\$1,501,938
Maintenance	\$1,717,411	\$1,717,411	\$1,717,411	\$1,717,411	\$1,717,411
Admissions	\$462,918	\$509,950	\$540,955	\$562,810	\$585,548
General and Administrative	\$650,000	\$663,000	\$676,260	\$689,785	\$703,581
Other Expenses	\$863,944	\$951,720	\$1,009,585	\$1,050,372	\$1,092,807
Total Expenses	\$6,467,962	\$6,744,981	\$6,932,289	\$7,068,497	\$7,209,930
EBITDA	\$731,569	\$1,186,023	\$1,480,920	\$1,684,606	\$1,896,798
EBITDA Margin	10.2%	15.0%	17.6%	19.2%	20.8%
Source: Strategic Market Advisors					

Amenity Summary

The following table summarizes the forecasted revenue from the amenities discussed herein. Like other resorts, the hotel and food and beverage components are expected to drive substantial revenue. However, the other amenities provide valuable entertainment at the resort and add up to over \$50 million in revenue.

Amenity Revenue Summary (\$M) First Stable Year of Operations (Year 3)			
Hotel	\$93.2		
Food and Beverage	\$118.9		
Entertainment	\$9.7		
Spa	\$10.6		
Ski Resort	\$7.4		
Seasonal Events	\$16.4		
Gardens	\$8.4		
Total	\$264.6		
Source: Strategic Market Advis	ors		

The following table shows the forecasted five-year forecasts for the baseline case as well as low and high cases. Revenue levels were expected to accelerate more rapidly in early years, as management develops its marketing programs and builds a customer base. In later years, revenue growth moderates to reflect modest increases in visitation that reflect population growth as well as inflation. The low and high cases were forecasted at a 10% discount/premium. This reflects the accuracy of the gravity model used in forecasting, where performance falls within 10% of an estimate in about 90% of cases.

1110 100.	Forecasted A	_			2021
1	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Low	\$70. F	470.0	400.0	407.0	400.0
Hotel	\$72.5	\$79.8	\$83.9	\$87.3	\$90.8
Food and Beverage	\$97.1	\$102.9	\$107.0	\$110.2	\$113.5
Entertainment	\$7.9	\$8.4	\$8.7	\$9.0	\$9.3
Spa	\$8.7	\$9.2	\$9.6	\$9.8	\$10.1
Ski Resort	\$6.0	\$6.4	\$6.6	\$6.8	\$7.0
Seasonal Events	\$13.4	\$14.2	\$14.8	\$15.2	\$15.7
Gardens	\$6.9	\$7.3	\$7.6	\$7.8	\$8.0
Total	\$212.4	\$228.1	\$238.1	\$246.2	\$254.4
Baseline					
Hotel	\$80.5	\$88.7	\$93.2	\$97.0	\$100.9
Food and Beverage	\$107.9	\$114.3	\$118.9	\$122.5	\$126.1
Entertainment	\$8.8	\$9.3	\$9.7	\$10.0	\$10.3
Spa	\$9.6	\$10.2	\$10.6	\$10.9	\$11.3
Ski Resort	\$6.7	\$7.1	\$7.4	\$7.6	\$7.8
Fairs and Events	\$14.9	\$15.8	\$16.4	\$16.9	\$17.4
Gardens	\$7.6	\$8.1	\$8.4	\$8.7	\$8.9
Total	\$236.0	\$253.5	\$264.6	\$273.5	\$282.7
High					
Hotel	\$88.6	\$97.6	\$102.5	\$106.7	\$110.9
Food and Beverage	\$118.6	\$125.8	\$130.8	\$134.7	\$138.8
Entertainment	\$9.7	\$10.3	\$10.7	\$11.0	\$11.3
Spa	\$10.6	\$11.2	\$11.7	\$12.0	\$12.4
Ski Resort	\$7.3	\$7.8	\$8.1	\$8.3	\$8.6
Seasonal Events	\$16.4	\$17.3	\$18.0	\$18.6	\$19.1
Gardens	\$8.4	\$8.9	\$9.3	\$9.5	\$9.8
Total	\$259.6	\$278.8	\$291.1	\$300.9	\$311.0

Conclusion

Genting plans to introduce the Sterling Forest Resort in Tuxedo, New York. The location's proximity to New York enables the construction of a truly world-class facility positioned towards premium players. The differentiated property and location enable the targeting of up-market clientele. This positioning and the location near New York make the property an attractive destination for Genting's existing client base in East Asia and particularly in China. This will induce additional international visitation to New York, where these guests will visit attractions, shop, and recreate. This new international visitation compounds the impact the location and investment will have on the New York economy.

A guest traveling from midtown Manhattan will be able to reach Tuxedo Ridge in one hour by either land, air, or waterway. Sterling Forest Resort will be the most proximate casino resort option to the New York MSA, and this will help it retain revenue that may have flowed out of state and attract new revenue to New York. Genting's investment in excess of \$1.2 billion will capitalize on this location while targeting premium players, leading to less direct competition with the existing and proposed New York facilities.

The investment will be reflected in the quality and scope of amenities at the property, where a large five-star hotel will be complemented by 24 food and beverage outlets, a 61,000 sq ft spa, meeting and convention space, and retail outlets that will complement Woodbury Common and New York City. This represents a thoughtful and considerate development plan that partners with and benefits the surrounding community.

Incorporating the natural beauty and recreational activities in the region further enhance the opportunity for surrounding businesses and the State of New York. These include the Tuxedo Ridge Ski Area and a proposed 24-acre garden in addition to Sterling Forest and Harriman State Parks. By incorporating these elements and highlighting shopping in New York and at Woodbury Commons, Sterling Forest Resort hopes to partner with the community and create a remarkable experience for its guests.

Robust financial projections for the Sterling Forest Resort could be justified solely on its superior location. A one-hour travel distance from Manhattan and its proximity to New Jersey make the location the most attractive for customers considering resorts in Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Those resorts are a slightly greater distance, and distance is a major determinant for customers intending to visit a casino resort. This benefit is compounded by Genting's Asian operations, the combination of which create a unique opportunity for the State of New York to better cater to the fastest growing and increasingly targeted customer base.

Appendix A: About Strategic Market Advisors

As a boutique management consultancy, Strategic Market Advisors ("SMA") assists clients in the casino gaming, hospitality, and leisure space to transform market dynamics and complex challenges into competitive advantages and growth opportunities. Our collaborative process starts by clearly defining a client's questions and then outlining an effective and efficient engagement. SMA's thorough research and thoughtful insight diligently addresses those complex questions by leveraging the diverse experience of its staff.

Broad and meaningful transformations are taking place in nearly every aspect of the tourism industry. Whether it's growing demand from customers in emerging markets, deregulation, or the technological changes that target meeting that demand, increased opportunities is driving increased competition. SMA leverages its broad experience to develop strategies and tactics that support clients' evolution in this dynamic market.

Services

Our tailored engagements and collaborative approach ensure that the best available resources are leveraged to develop customized research, insightful analyses, and actionable strategies. Noting that each situation is unique, SMA brings a fresh perspective to complex strategic questions. Our integrity and dedication have been instrumental in reaching our goal of fostering long-lasting client relationships.

SMA staff has served facility operators and owners, the investment community including financial institutions and asset managers, and local, state, and federal governments throughout the globe. Engagements have been executed across Asia, North and South America, Europe, and Africa.

Economic Analysis and Strategic Planning

- Market Assessments
- Amenity Concept Design and Forecasting
- Internet and Online Gaming Strategies
- Mergers and Acquisitions
- Pro-Forma Financial Statements
- Benchmarking
- Valuation and Return Analysis
- Economic Impact Analysis
- Business Plans

Litigation, Legislative, Regulatory, and Policy

- Litigation Support
- Expert Witness Testimony
- Legislative Testimony
- Social Impact Analysis
- Tax Policy Guidance
- Public Objectives and Policy

Marketing Services

Marketing Plans

- Focus Groups
- Customer Surveys
- Quantitative Research
- Competitive Analysis and Positioning
- Consumer Audits/Secret Shopping
- Benchmarking
- Database Marketing

Asset Management

- Identification of investment opportunities
- Structuring asset transfers
- Structuring management agreements
- Evaluation of investment parameters and financial returns

Disclaimer

Certain information included in this report contains forward-looking estimates, projections and/or statements. Strategic Market Advisors has based these projections, estimates and/or statements on our current expectations about future events. These forward-looking items include statements that reflect our existing beliefs and knowledge regarding the operating environment, existing trends, existing plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, results of operations, future performance and business plans.

Further, statements that include the words "may," "could," "should," "would," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "project," or other words or expressions of similar meaning have been utilized. These statements reflect our judgment on the date they are made and we undertake no duty to update such statements in the future.

Although we believe that the expectations in these reports are reasonable, any or all of the estimates or projections in this report may prove to be incorrect. To the extent possible, we have attempted to verify and confirm estimates and assumptions used in this analysis. However, some assumptions inevitably will not materialize as a result of inaccurate assumptions or as a consequence of known or unknown risks and uncertainties and unanticipated events and circumstances, which may occur. Consequently, actual results achieved during the period covered by our analysis will vary from our estimates and the variations may be material. As such, Strategic Market Advisors accepts no liability in relation to the estimates provided herein.



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Marquette Advisors

Marquette is the dominant provider of financial and market advisory services to the Casino Gaming and Hospitality industry in North America.

Marquette Advisors provides a broad range of consulting services tailored to meet the unique needs of the gaming and hospitality industries. We offer a team of experienced professionals to assist developers, lenders and government officials in making prudent business decisions regarding the market potential and financial feasibility of new developments and expansion projects.

Marquette Advisors is recognized as the leading market and financial expert in the North American gaming industry, spanning both commercial and Native American gaming. We are regularly called upon to evaluate destination commercial and tribal resort casinos, riverboat and dockside casinos and other traditional land-based casino developments. Our expertise in other segments of the hospitality industry extends to traditional hotels and resorts, varied forms of resort-residential, food service operations, convention centers, sports arenas, golf, themedentertainment and other recreation facilities.

Our client-oriented services include:

- Market and financial feasibility studies for gaming and resort development & expansion
- Valuation services
- Market share analysis
- Business plan development

- Economic impact analysis
- Litigation support
- Operational analyses

Feasibility studies, impact studies and business plans prepared by Marquette Advisors have been used to attract financing and investment for a variety of client projects valued at over \$26 Billion.

We regularly execute assignments in gaming jurisdictions across the United States, including Las Vegas, Atlantic City, and all other commercial and Tribal gaming markets. Marquette knows the North American markets intimately.



Feasibility Studies

Marquette Advisors can evaluate the market support for new or expanded casinos, hotels, exhibit halls. golf, retail. themed entertainment, ice arenas and numerous other recreational facilities. Our research yields specific recommendations regarding the size and range of facilities best suited to a given market. We then prepare detailed financial projections for all facility components and compare the results to anticipated project cost and financing terms so as to determine project feasibility and measure return on investment.



Valuation Services

We provide an array of appraisal and valuation services for sales, financing, property tax appeals, condemnation proceedings, regulatory compliance and due diligence. Our clients include:

- Owners/developers
- Prospective buyers and sellers
- Attorneys
- Banks and institutional lenders
- Municipalities
- Hotel and gaming companies

Operational Consulting

Operational consulting provides support to the owner/operator in making business decisions regarding property operations in such areas as: changes of franchise/affiliation, management company performance, market positioning, rate strategies, market penetration, and market share analysis...



Financial Consulting

Marquette is expert at analyzing and underwriting all aspects of debt and equity structures for complex casino gaming and hospitality resorts. We develop value enhancement strategies, and can assist in selling, refinancing or negotiating all debt and equity structures and management agreements. We also provide our clients with expertise in more specialized lodging, casino and other hospitality markets.





Economic and Social Impact Studies

Marquette Advisors regularly provides analyses and projections of the revenue potential and economic impact of individual gaming and resort projects or entire industries. Our impact studies assist public officials and policy makers in understanding the revenue potential of varied development scenarios, cannibalization issues, job creation, wages and direct expenditures, tax revenue generated tourism impact and indirect impact of "multiplier effects."

Business Plan Development and Execution

Our services include the preparation of fullscale business plans, to provide the complete package necessary to satisfy various lending, governmental and other business development requirements.



Development Services

We have provided complete third party development services on behalf of ownership, including the coordination of site selection, site approvals and permitting, equity and debt financing, and project management and coordination.

Site Selection and Project Management

We also provide site selection services for both lodging and gaming operations. Through our Corporate and Investment Group, we can also provide full construction oversight and administration services as required.



Litigation Support

Our specialized hotel and casino expertise in market and financial analysis can be used to support damage claims due to various causes or analyze their reasonableness. We can provide expert testimony for these and related industry issues.



PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS OF LOUIS W. FRILLMAN

President MARQUETTE ADVISORS

Louis W. Frillman has been engaged in the real estate business nationwide since 1975. During this time, he has completed counseling assignments dealing with significant decisions regarding real property utilized for real estate tax petitions, market and financial feasibility studies, valuations and disposition of major business properties, and investment analyses for acquisition of property by major pension accounts. In addition, he has provided counsel to real estate buyers, sellers, investors and lenders concerning virtually all types of real estate.

In the hospitality and gaming areas, Mr. Frillman has overseen and directed several thousand market and financial feasibility studies, going concern and real estate valuations, and has provided other counseling services on hospitality and casino gaming projects throughout North America. Mr. Frillman is experienced at managing and overseeing large projects nationwide. His gaming experience spans North America and the Caribbean.

Mr. Frillman is a member of the American Gaming Association and an active supporter of the National Indian Gaming Association. He is a frequent guest lecturer and has participated in gaming panels, seminars, and trade shows throughout the United States. He is a member of the American Society of Real Estate Counselors, the real estate counseling affiliate of the National Association of Realtors. He is an elected member of the Appraisal Institute and has served on the MAI Demonstration Appraisal Reports Committee nationally, and was a member of the Board of Directors for the local Institute Chapter as well as on the local admissions committee.

He is a recognized expert on gaming development and is regularly retained to assist in conceptualization, and planning for new and redevelopment gaming projects. He has testified in multiple jurisdictions regarding gaming litigation issues.

Mr. Frillman has a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Finance from the College of St. Thomas. He has lectured and taught gaming market evaluation and valuation.

Finally, he is an invited member of Lambda Alpha, the international Land Economics Fraternity, and the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.

He is a recognized casino gaming and hospitality expert within these professional societies.

PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS OF BRENT E. WITTENBERG

Vice President MARQUETTE ADVISORS

Mr. Wittenberg has more than 17 years of experience as a real estate feasibility consultant, with a special expertise in gaming and hospitality projects, as well as commercial, residential and mixed-use real estate ventures. His diverse background has included market analyses, feasibility studies, and economic and fiscal impact studies. Brent has worked on a wide variety of gaming and real estate consulting assignments in 37 states, as well as Canada. Mr. Wittenberg has provided detailed utilization and financial projections for a wide variety of gaming and resort developments, including large and complex urban casino resort projects ranging up to \$3 billion. As well, he regularly provides financial projections and market studies for a full range of development projects and businesses such as restaurants, c-stores, truck stops and golf courses.

He is a known expert in the field of real estate research and has evaluated numerous property types on behalf of Marquette Advisors' clients. In addition to both Tribal and commercial casinos and hotels, Brent has provided feasibility studies and financial projections for numerous commercial real estate projects, multifamily housing, golf courses, marinas, RV Parks, convention and event centers, retail and shopping center developments, gas station/c-stores and full service travel plazas, community centers and health clubs.

Brent has been an invited speaker at several national conferences and seminars regarding both gaming and real estate market issues, including several IMN Native American Finance Conferences. He has also been an invited panelist and lecturer at colleges and universities. Articles by Mr. Wittenberg have been published in the Minnesota Real Estate Journal and Heartland Real Estate Business. He is widely quoted in the local, regional and national press on issues pertaining to both the hospitality and multifamily housing industries.

Mr. Wittenberg holds a Master of City and Regional Planning Degree (MCRP) from Clemson University, where he was recognized by the American Institute of Certified Planners (AICP) for outstanding attainment in the study of planning. He earned a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Local and Urban Affairs at St. Cloud State University.

PARTIAL LISTING OF ENGAGEMENTS

The following is a sampling of engagements completed by our firm. The list is not intended to be comprehensive, as Marquette Advisors has consulted on hundreds of hospitality-related developments over 25+ years. Rather, this list is intended to demonstrate the variety and breadth of our experiences as advisors to the industry. We are pleased to provide additional project examples and/or references upon request.

COMMERCIAL GAMING

IOWA RACING AND GAMING COMMISSION – Statewide Gaming Market Analysis, Revenue Forecast, and Economic Impact Assessment: Provided a comprehensive statewide gaming market assessment, with projections of gaming revenues for all existing operations. Provided a detailed analysis of the potential gross revenue and state tax impacts of varied development scenarios inclusive of up to five (5) new casinos at distinct locations throughout the state. Modeling by Marquette Advisors was developed so as to provide a mechanism for evaluating the potential economic impact of one or more gaming facilities of various sizes. Marquette quantified the economic impact of new casinos upon existing operations in order to assess potential cannibalization resulting from future licensing. The study by Marquette Advisors was used by IGRC in evaluating license proposals throughout the state.

GENTING GROUP – RESORTS WORLD CASINO AT AQUEDUCT RACEWAY, New York, NY: Market study and revenue projections for gaming development at Aqueduct Raceway. Marquette Advisors provided detailed gaming revenue projections and evaluated the potential impact of several proposed Catskills gaming developments upon the Aqueduct casino project, as well as casino developments proposed in neighboring states. This study also evaluated the potential economic impact of various changes in New York gaming policy upon the performance of all NY racino facilities.

<u>PROPOSED PLAZA CASINO RESORT – Las Vegas, NV:</u> Feasibility study and prospective valuation for proposed Plaza Casino located at the north end of the Strip in Las Vegas, NV. Detailed project review, development recommendations, financial projections, as-is and prospective valuation were provided.

MGM RESORTS INT'L – PROPOSED MGM NATIONAL HARBOR – Prince George's Co. Maryland: Market study, financial projections and economic impact analysis prepared on behalf of MGM related to gaming license application to the State of Maryland for a new resort casino operation to be constructed at the National Harbor complex.

<u>NEMACOLIN WOODLANDS RESORT, Farmington, PA:</u> Market study, financial projections and economic impact study for a proposed new casino at this luxury resort in southwestern Pennsylvania.

MT. AIRY CASINO RESORT – Mount Pocono, PA: Market study, development recommendations, and financial projections for this resort casino complex in the Pocono region of Pennsylvania.

MOUNTAINEER CASINO, RACETRACK & RESORT, Chester, WV: Due diligence assignment on behalf of a client evaluating a potential acquisition of MTR Gaming Group. This included an assessment of the future market potential for the Mountaineer Gaming Resort under several market expansion scenarios, reflecting proposed casinos in Pittsburgh and elsewhere in the state. The results of our analyses were quantified and financial projections were prepared for several scenarios. This engagement also included an evaluation of potential gaming markets at new locations in several other states as well.

<u>MINOR VENTURES, LLC – Gaming Market Assessment – Suburban Baltimore, Maryland:</u> Market study and detailed utilization and financial projections for a proposed casino development in Anne Arundel County, Maryland.

FRENCH LICK CASINO, French Lick, IN: Market analysis, financial projections and valuation consulting on behalf of the casino development team. This project involved a major renovation of the West Baden Springs Hotel, the construction of a new hotel, convention center, and gaming complex, as well as additional resort amenities such as two championship golf courses and an upscale full-service spa.

<u>PENINSULA GAMING – Casino Feasibility Studies, Ft. Dodge and Des Moines, IA:</u> Market study and financial projections for proposed new casino developments in Fort Dodge and Des Moines, IA.

<u>PINNACLE ENTERTAINMENT – Kansas City Gaming Market Analysis:</u> Market study, development recommendations and financial projections for a proposed resort gaming complex in Wyandotte County, KS.

<u>PROPOSED HILTON HEAD, SC CASINO RESORT – Market Study & Economic Impact Analysis</u>: Market study, utilization and revenue forecast, and economic impact study on behalf of development partnership proposing a major casino resort complex on a site near I-95 in Jasper County, SC.

<u>ISLE OF CAPRI, Casino Hotel Market Studies - Kansas City and Boonville, MO:</u> Market studies and financial projections for proposed hotels to be added to the Isle of Capri Casinos in Kansas City and Boonville.

ISLE OF CAPRI, Bossier City, LA: Market analysis to assess the likely impact that other casino developments in the market will have on this existing casino.

<u>JACOBS ENTERTAINTMENT, INC. – Casino/Hotel Valuation, Carson City, NV:</u> Complete going concern valuation of Gold Dust West Casino and Hotel in Carson City, NV. Marquette Advisors also provided detailed highest and best use analysis related to adjoining accessory land at the property.

<u>JACOBS ENTERTAINTMENT, INC. – Land Valuation – Colonial Downs - Virginia:</u> Land valuation and consulting services related to racino and excess lands.

RENAISSANCE RESORTS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION, Bermuda: Comprehensive consulting services for all aspects of financing and development for a proposed residential, gaming, and resort project on the island of Bermuda. Proposed project site was the former U.S. Naval Refueling Base, Mid-Atlantic Fleet. Marquette conceptualized, programmed, and negotiated all aspects of this development, including \$300m USD capitalization structure.

<u>DETROIT MOTOR CITY CASINO, Detroit, Michigan</u>: Advisors to a former partner of DMCC in a marriage dissolution. Financial models were developed to arrive at a value estimate of the going concern.

GREEKTOWN CASINO, L.L.C., Detroit, Michigan: Feasibility study and economic impact analysis for a proposed casino complex in downtown Detroit. Completion of all financial and economic impact input for submissions to the City of Detroit in the RFP process resulting in the award of one of only three authorized casino development agreements to the client.

BECKER GAMING GROUP, Las Vegas, Nevada: Market study and financial projections for a major expansion of Arizona Charlie's casino, bingo hall and hotel in Las Vegas. Feasibility and economic impact study for a proposed riverboat casino in Jefferson City, Missouri.

<u>DUBUQUE DIAMOND JO CASINO, Dubuque, Iowa:</u> Feasibility study for the addition of a hotel to the land based development of an existing riverboat casino.

<u>LADY LUCK GAMING CORPORATION</u>, <u>Las Vegas</u>, <u>Nevada</u>: Market studies and financial projections for a casino hotel in Biloxi, Mississippi and a casino expansion and hotel addition in Lula, Mississippi. Market study, financial projections and market value appraisal for a proposed hotel connected to a riverboat casino in Bettendorf, Iowa.

<u>CASINO AMERICA, INC., Biloxi, Mississippi</u>: Analysis of Mississippi Gulf Coast gaming market and subsequent strategic recommendations and financial projections for expansion of the Isle of Capri Casino and Resort

in Biloxi, Mississippi. Completion of similar strategic analyses for Isle of Capri Casino in Lake Charles, Louisiana and Isle of Capri Casino & Hotel in Bossier City, Louisiana.

FLAMINGO HOTEL AND CASINO, Kansas City, Kansas: Completion of a full valuation of the going concern of the casino.

STATION CASINO, Kansas City, Kansas: Completion of a full and complete valuation of the going concern of the dual water based casino(s) located on the river near Kansas City.

<u>CLARIDGE HOTEL AND CASINO, Atlantic City, New Jersey</u>: Completion of a full and complete valuation of a 500 room hotel, 2500 machine casino and ancillary facilities.

<u>THE DOWNS AT ALBUQUERQUE</u>, NM: Feasibility study and valuation services related to a proposed new racetrack and gaming facility east of Albuquerque, NM.

HOBBS DOWNS & CASINO, LLC: - New Mexico: Feasibility for a proposed horse track and casino in New Mexico. A presentation on the project was made to the New Mexico Racing Commission.

<u>JUBILEE GAMING ENTERPRISES, Cripple Creek, Colorado</u>: Market value appraisal for a large expansion of the Jubilee Casino in Cripple Creek, Colorado.

<u>CLARIDGE GAMING, INC., Atlantic City, New Jersey:</u> Market study, project positioning and financial projections for a proposed casino resort development on the Las Vegas Paiute Indian Reservation in Las Vegas, Nevada.

PRAIRIE MEADOWS RACETRACK, Polk County, Iowa: Feasibility study for the financing of a complete track renovation and installation of 1,100 slot machines, including estimates of the impact upon pari-mutuel handle.

<u>GREATER DUBUQUE RIVERBOAT COMPANY, Dubuque, Iowa:</u> Market analysis and projection of total market gaming revenue for installation of slot machines at Dubuque Greyhound Park.

WOODLANDS RACETRACK, Kansas City, Kansas: Feasibility study, economic impact analysis and expert testimony in bankruptcy proceedings for the conversion of the Woodlands Racetrack into a full scale Class III Indian casino.

SUPER G INVESTMENTS, Deadwood, South Dakota: Feasibility study and business plan for a proposed casino and resort in Deadwood.

<u>DOWNTOWN WICHITA</u>, Wichita, Kansas: An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino and hotel development that was used for lobbying purposes to win gaming approval within the state. The report analyzed the economic and social benefits of the proposed project, as well as the projected fiscal impacts of the project.

TRIBAL GAMING, RESORT & RELATED

<u>TULALIP TRIBES – Tulalip Resort Casino – Marysville, WA</u>: Feasibility study, financial advisory services and development consulting for an expanded destination resort complex including casino, hotel, convention center, golf course and retail development on a site just north of the Seattle metropolitan area. Marquette Advisors provided an analysis of existing gaming facilities, customer data and market penetration, and provided the Tribe with detailed recommendations for lodging and gaming expansion within an increasingly competitive Seattle market.

<u>TULALIP TRIBES -- Quil Ceda Village - Marysville, WA:</u> Economic master plan study for Quil Ceda Village in Tulalip, Washington. Marquette Advisors provided land development recommendations, including

casino/gaming, hotel/resort, office/retail, and industrial. Detailed financial projections and ROI analysis for Quil Ceda Village.

<u>STILLAGUAMISH TRIBE – Angel of the Winds Casino – Arlington, WA:</u> Feasibility study for expansion of the Tribe's existing casino approximately 45 minutes north of Seattle, WA. Marquette Advisors provided a review of existing facilities, financial data and customer demographics, and the surrounding competitive gaming supply, culminating with recommendations and financial forecast for an expanded casino complex.

<u>PUYALLUP TRIBE – Emerald Queen Casinos – Tacoma and Fife, WA:</u> Marquette Advisors provided a market study which analyzed the characteristics and performance of the Tribe's gaming facilities in Tacoma and Fife, within the context of the greater Seattle-Tacoma market. Marquette provided recommendations regarding renovation and expansion of the Tribe's facilities, so as to solidify its position within an expanding and increasingly competitive market. Detailed financial projections and ROI analysis were provided.

SPOKANE TRIBE OF INDIANS, Proposed West Plains Casino – Airway Heights/Spokane, WA: Market study, financial projections and economic benefits study for a proposed 2,000-position gaming facility and an attached 200-room hotel in the West Plains area near the Spokane International Airport. Marquette Advisors also provided market studies and financial projections for ancillary commercial real estate development on adjacent parcels.

QUINAULT NATION, Ocean Shores, WA: Market and operations assessment for existing Quinault Beach Resort and Casino in Ocean Shores, WA.

SEMINOLE TRIBE OF FLORIDA, Proposed Casino Resort - Clewiston, FL: Completion of financial feasibility studies for a proposed destination-oriented casino and resort project in south-central Florida. The proposed project included a gaming operation, hotel, convention and entertainment space, spa, and championship golf course. Marquette Advisors provided specific recommendations regarding the size and quality of the facilities for the project, as well as financial projections for the first five years of operation for the recommended components.

SEMINOLE TRIBE OF FLORIDA, Seminole-Immokalee Casino – Immokalee, FL: Marquette Advisors provided a market study, development recommendations and financial projections for expansion of gaming facilities and addition of on-site lodging at the Tribe's Seminole Immokalee Casino in south Florida. Report included a detailed review of customer patterns and the potential for the facility to attract more frequent gamer participation from tourist segments and Naples/Fort Myers area residents and visitors.

MILLE LACS BAND OF CHIPPEWA, Onamia, MN: Market study and feasibility analysis for two casinos owned by the Tribe in support of bond financing for infrastructure improvement. Feasibility study for a 180-room hotel addition and event center to one casino and a feasibility study for a 300-room hotel addition to the other casino. Review of debt coverage capacity under bond covenants for both facilities.

MILLE LACS BAND OF CHIPPEWA, Onamia, MN: Market study, financial analysis and complete appraisal of land and improvements, as well as the going concern known as Grand National Golf Course, Hinckley, MN.

<u>TREASURE ISLAND CASINO – Red Wing, MN:</u> Feasibility study for a 250-room hotel addition to an existing Indian casino near Red Wing, Minnesota.

<u>ST. REGIS MOHAWK TRIBE – PROPOSED CATSKILLS CASINO RESORT, Monticello, NY:</u> Market study and financial projections for a proposed gaming facility and hotel proposed by the St. Regis Mohawk Tribe for New York's Catskills Region.

MASHPEE WAMPANOAG TRIBE – STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS GAMING ANALYSIS: The Tribe has proposed a new gaming and hotel complex on a site in Fall River, MA. This site is within close range of the Boston, Connecticut, and New York markets and has been the subject of consideration for licensing by the state of Massachusetts. As part of this effort, the Tribe required an independent market analysis in order to determine the market viability and potential financial performance of the proposed casino complex. Marquette Advisors provided such an analysis, together with a review of the proposed development program and suggestions regarding optimal

sizing and range of facilities. This analysis involved a detailed review of several existing gaming facilities in neighboring States and development of detailed revenue forecasts under varied development scenarios. Additionally, Marquette was asked to provide a review and critique of a Massachusetts gaming market study completed by The Innovation Group on behalf of the State and the Office of Senator Stanley Rosenburg.

NAVAJO NATION, Window Rock, New Mexico – Comprehensive market analysis, revenue forecast, site review and development recommendations for Arizona and New Mexico: Market study by Marquette Advisors provided detailed review of potential gaming sites on tribal land in Arizona and New Mexico. Marquette Advisors analysis and recommendations were utilized by the Navajo Nation Gaming Enterprise (NNGE) in the formulating a development strategy for gaming and resort facilities on Navajo Nation land in both states. The Marquette analysis included a detailed review of numerous sites and development scenarios and provided locational and facility recommendations for optimal market penetration and revenue performance. Subsequently, project-specific market and financial feasibility studies were provided on behalf of NNGE, including development recommendations and projections of utilization and revenue.

<u>RUMSEY BAND OF WINTUN INDIANS – PROPOSED POINTE MOLATE CASINO RESORT DEVELOPMENT – San Francisco, CA:</u> Market study, development recommendations, financial projections and feasibility analysis for proposed major resort, gaming, retail and residential development fronting San Pablo Bay near the Oakland-San Rafael Bridge.

<u>PICUYANE RANCHERIA OF THE CHUKCHANSI INDIANS – CHUKCHANSI GOLD RESORT CASINO – Coarsegold, CA:</u> Market study, development recommendations and financial projections for an expanded casino resort in Coarsegold, CA. Report provided a full profile and analysis of customer visitation trends and expenditure patterns by point of origin and examined the potential to further penetrate local and regional submarkets through enhancement and/or expansion of facilities.

PICUYANE RANCHERIA OF THE CHUKCHANSI INDIANS – CHUKCHANSI GOLD RESORT CASINO – Coarsegold, CA: Impact study – full analysis of proposed "off reservation" casinos by the Big Sandy and North Fork Tribes. Marquette Advisors provided a detailed analysis of the expected redistribution of regional gaming revenues in the greater Fresno, CA market area and the likely impact of gaming expansion near Madera, CA and/or North Fork, CA upon the market as a whole and Chukchansi Gold Resort & Casino specifically.

<u>CASINO SAN PABLO, San Pablo, CA:</u> Feasibility analysis and complete, self contained market value appraisal report for a proposed full-service casino operation in the San Francisco-Oakland Metropolitan Area.

<u>BEAR RIVER TRIBE, Loleta, CA:</u> Market study, development recommendations and financial projections for a proposed hotel and gaming expansion at Bear River Casino in Loleta, CA.

JACKSON RANCHERIA, JACKSON CASINO, Jackson, CA: Analysis of performance of current casino and related facilities, and potential impact of additional competitive gaming developments throughout the competitive northern CA market. Complete casino utilization analysis, customer segmentation by point of origin, and financial projections under varied scenarios.

RUMSEY BAND OF WINTUN INDIANS, Brooks, CA: Market study, financial projections and consulting related to ongoing gaming operations by the Rumsey Indian Rancheria of Wintun Indians and potential expansion of gaming and resort components at the Tribe's *Cache Creek Casino* in Brooks, California.

REDDING RANCHERIA – WIN RIVER CASINO, Redding, CA: Analysis of existing and potential future market share for Win River Casino. Development of market positioning analysis, facility visitation and financial projections under varied market and development scenaris.

KONOCTI VISTA CASINO, Lakeport, CA: Market study, financial projections and feasibility analysis for a proposed expansion at the Konocti Vista Casino. The expansion plans analyzed included additional gaming facilities, hotel development, RV Park and a marina.

<u>TULE RIVER TRIBE, Porterville, CA:</u> Feasibility study for proposed new Eagle Mountain Casino and Resort near the Porterville Airport. Also provided detailed economic impact analysis on behalf of the Tribe.

<u>IONE BAND OF MIWOK INDIANS, Plymouth, CA:</u> An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino development in northern California. The report analyzed the economic and the projected fiscal impacts of the project.

<u>MECHOOPDA TRIBE, Chico, CA:</u> An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino and hotel development at a site near Chico, California. The report analyzed the economic and social benefits of the proposed project, as well as the projected fiscal impacts of the project.

<u>CAMPO BAND OF MISSION INDIANS, Campo, CA:</u> Market study and financial projections for a hotel at the Golden Acorn Casino and Travel Center located in Campo, California.

KANSAS CITY INTER-TRIBAL GAMING MANAGEMENT CONSORTIUM, Kansas City, KS: Market study, facility recommendations and financial projections were prepared for a large casino in the Kansas City area. Testimony on the project and its impact on existing casinos was provided to the Governor's Task Force on Gaming.

KANSAS FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH: Market study, financial projections and economic impact study for a proposed destination gaming facility in southeastern Kansas on behalf of Kansas for Economic Growth and the Three Affiliated Tribes of Kansas.

<u>KICKAPOO TRIBE OF KANSAS – Horton, KS:</u> Feasibility study for proposed new casino and hotel development west of Horton, KS. Study provided an analysis of the potential economic benefit and return on investment from the development of a new, replacement casino resort complex west of the Tribe's existing gaming operation.

<u>KICKAPOO TRIBE OF KANSAS – Horton, KS:</u> Economic impact analysis – complete review of the Tribe's existing gaming enterprise and an analysis of the economic impact of Kickapoo gaming upon the Tribe and the surrounding local and regional economies in terms of employment, worker earnings, business spending and taxes.

<u>JENA BAND OF CHOCTAW INDIANS – Jena, LA – Jena Choctaw Pines Casino:</u> Feasibility study for proposed Class II gaming operation in Grant Parish, LA, approximately 10 miles north of Alexandria, LA.

<u>NAVAJO NATION – FIRE ROCK NAVAJO CASINO – Church Rock, NM:</u> Feasibility study provided for the first Navajo gaming facility near Gallup, NM. This included utilization and revenue projections under varied development scenarios, for temporary and permanent facilities. Marquette Advisors also provided a review of the lodging market, including an inventory and analysis of rate and occupancy trends for traditional hotels in Gallup, as well as casino hotels throughout the broader region.

<u>NAVAJO NATION – PROPOSED TWIN ARROWS CASINO – Twin Arrows (Flagstaff), AZ:</u> Market study, development recommendations, and financial projections for a proposed casino and resort complex approximately 20-minutes west of Flagstaff, AZ on I-40.

NAVAJO NATION – PROPOSED FARMINGTON, NM-AREA CASINO – Farmington, NM: Marquette Advisors was retained to evaluate three potential gaming sites in the following Navajo Chapters: Upper Fruitland, Shiprock and Hogback. A market study was developed which ranked the sites in terms of gaming revenue potential. Development recommendations were provided, along with projections of casino utilization. Detailed feasibility studies were provided for specific gaming facilities at Upper Fruitland and Hogback.

<u>NAVAJO NATION – PROPOSED TO'HAJIILEE CASINO – Albuquerque, NM:</u> Market study and financial projections for potential gaming development just west of Albuquerque on I-40 at the To'Hajiilee Chapter.

<u>NAVAJO NATION – PROPOSED NAHAT'A'DZIIL CASINO & TRAVEL CENTER – Albuquerque, NM:</u> Market study and financial projections for potential gaming development just west of Albuquerque on I-40 at the To'Hajiilee Chapter.

<u>NAVAJO NATION – PROPOSED TRAVEL CENTER – Iyanbito, NM:</u> Market study and financial projections for potential truck stop development on I-40 at Exit 36 near Gallup, NM.

JEMEZ PUEBLO OF NEW MEXICO – PROPOSED ANTHONY, NM CASINO: Marquette Advisors was retained to provide a market study and financial projections for a proposed casino complex in southern New Mexico in the town of Anthony. The proposed development would draw from major markets including El Paso, TX and Juarez, MX. Study included an analysis of the capacity for gaming expansion in southern New Mexico and the potential impact of the recommended Anthony development upon existing gaming facilities in the region.

ROUTE 66 CASINO, LAGUNA, NM: Marquette Advisors was engaged to identify a broad range of amenities appropriate for this highly visible casino located on a major trans-continent interstate near Albuquerque. Concepts investigated included hotel, conference center, tourist-oriented retail, destination retail, festival grounds, bowling center, childcare, cinema, RV park, and a water park.

<u>YAVAPAI PRESCOTT TRIBE</u> – <u>Proposed Gaming Expansion</u> – <u>Prescott, AZ:</u> Marquette Advisors provided a detailed review of the Tribe's existing gaming and resort facilities in Prescott, AZ. Our analysis included a detailed review of the casino's current customer mix and market penetration, and provided detailed recommendations regarding expansion and consolidation of gaming and resort facilities so as to maximize the Tribe's penetration within an increasingly competitive central and northern Arizona gaming market.

<u>SAC & FOX TRIBE OF OKLAHOMA – Chandler, OK:</u> Market study analyzing the Tribe's existing gaming operations and the potential for redevelopment/repositioning and/or expansion of those facilities and the development of additional gaming facilities elsewhere in the region.

<u>KIOWA CASINO OPERATIONS AUTHORITY – Oklahoma:</u> Market study and casino utilization and revenue forecast under varied development and policy scenarios. Provided Tribe with an analysis of the economic impact of exclusivity rights and the potential impact of racino development in Oklahoma on the Tribes gaming operation.

<u>PROPOSED GAME LODGE CASINO RESORT – Anadarko, OK:</u> Market study and financial projections on behalf of ONNAM Entertainment, Inc. for this proposed themed casino resort southwest of Oklahoma City.

OKLAHOMA CITY GAMING MARKET ANALYSIS: Market study and analysis of gaming revenue potential for five possible gaming locations in the Oklahoma City metro area. Analysis provided on behalf of Stark Investments.

<u>IOWA TRIBE OF OKLAHOMA – Perkins, OK:</u> Market study, development recommendations and financial projections for proposed hotel development at the Cimarron Casino in Perkins, Oklahoma. Included was a detailed analysis of player data, hotel "right-sizing" and incremental gaming impact of hotel development.

<u>KICKAPOO TRADITIONAL TRIBE OF TEXAS, Eagle Pass, TX:</u> Market study, development recommendations and financial projections for a proposed casino expansion and major lodging development at the Kickapoo Lucky Eagle Casino in west Texas.

STOCKBRIDGE MUNSEE COMMUNITY, North Star Mohican Casino - Bowler, WI: Market study, development recommendations, financial projections and feasibility analysis for the planned new and expanded North Star Mohican Casino in Bowler, WI.

SOKAOGON CHIPPEWA TRIBE, Mole Lake, Wisconsin: Calculation of lost profits due to casino closure, followed by expert witness testimony.

<u>LCO CASINO, Hayward, Wisconsin:</u> Completion of a market value appraisal report for the LCO Casino and adjacent expansion land in Hayward, Wisconsin.

SOUTHERN UTE INDIAN TRIBE, Ignacio, CO: Feasibility study for proposed new Sky Ute Casino Resort in Ignacio, CO and a satellite gaming facility near Lake Capote in southwestern Colorado.

SAGINAW CHIPPEWA TRIBAL NATION, Mount Pleasant, MI: Feasibility study for proposed expansion of gaming and resort facilities at the Soaring Eagle Casino and Resort in Mount Pleasant, MI. Detailed analysis of

current facilities and customer profile, assessment of facilities and recommendations regarding market-appropriate expansion components for this major resort complex.

<u>KEWEENAW BAY INDIAN COMMUNITY, Baraga & Marquette, MI:</u> Feasibility study for casino and lodging development by the Community in both Baraga and Marquette, MI.

<u>LAC VIEUX DESERT BAND, Watersmeet, MI</u>: Feasibility study for a casino, hotel and golf course development on the Michigan Upper Peninsula.

<u>LITTLE RIVER BAND OF OTTAWA INDIANS, Manistee, MI</u>: Feasibility study that identified and evaluated six alternative uses for vacant casino building.

<u>KLAMATH TRIBES – KLA-MO-YA CASINO, Chilquin, OR:</u> Market study and financial projections for proposed hotel and travel center development adjacent to this Tribal casino on State Route 97 in southern Oregon.

<u>NEZ PERCE TRIBAL ENTERPRISE COMMITTEE, Lewiston, ID:</u> Master planning and market advisory services related to gaming, lodging, entertainment and general real estate development on Tribal lands in Lewiston, Idaho.

<u>CONFEDERATED SALISH & KOOTENAI TRIBES, Pablo, MT:</u> Market study and financial projections for gaming expansion at the Tribe's resort facility on Flathead Lake, as well as a full feasibility study and recommendations for a gaming facility north of Missoula, MT.

<u>CONFEDERATED SALISH & KOOTENAI TRIBES – Gray Wolf Peak Casino – Evaro, MT:</u> Feasibility study for proposed new replacement casino for this "temporary" gaming facility just north of Missoula, MT.

<u>BLACKFEET NATION – Glacier Peaks Casino – Browning, MT:</u> Feasibility study for casino expansion and hotel development adjacent to the Tribe's existing gaming facility just east of Glacier National Park in Browning, MT.

JENA BAND OF CHOCTAW INDIANS, JENA, LA: Market study and financial projections for both Class II and Class III gaming facilities in central Louisiana.

THE AFFILIATED OREGON GAMING TRIBES, Pendleton, Oregon: Impact study on the economic benefits of Indian gaming in the State of Oregon on tribal, local and state economies and tax revenue generated to the state and federal government, which included onsite interviews with each of the six participating Oregon tribes.

COMANCHE, CHEROKEE AND CREEK NATIONS OF OKLAHOMA: Marquette Advisors was engaged for separate assignments to evaluate the impact that the state's proposed compacts would have on the future cash flows that each tribe would receive from their casino operations. In order to arrive at projections of future cash flow, the impact of competitive racinos and charitable gaming had to be evaluated. The tribes relied on our economic analyses in their decision to accept the compacts.

NORTHERN ARAPAHOE TRIBE, Riverton, WY: Feasibility study for a proposed Class III gaming facility on the Wind River Indian Reservation near Riverton, Wyoming.

<u>AFFILIATED TRIBES, New Town, ND:</u> Feasibility study for a proposed new casino and hotel complex on the south shore of Lake Sakakawea in west-central North Dakota.

BLUE CHIP CASINO, Michigan City, Indiana: Market study for hotel expansion, convention center, retail and entertainment amenities for existing dockside casino.

GRAND CASINOS, INC., Minneapolis, Minnesota: Market studies and projections of gaming win for two Indian casinos in Louisiana and two dockside gaming operations on the Mississippi Gulf Coast. Market study, financial

projections and assistance in preparing revenue assumptions for the offering document for a major mixed-use casino, convention and golf resort development in Tunica County.

<u>MODERN GAMES, Hamburg, Germany</u>: Market studies, financial projections and estimates of economic impact for three Indian gaming operations in southeastern British Columbia.

HOTELS & RESORTS

PROPOSED PLAZA HOTEL & CASINO – Las Vegas, NV: Market study, financial projections, and complete going concern valuation for proposed luxury casino resort project on the Las Vegas Strip. Proposed development comprises more than 2,000 hotel rooms, along with gaming, upscale retail center and residential condominiums in a variety of formats.

<u>THE PLAZA HOTEL – New York, NY:</u> Market value appraisal of The Plaza Hotel and The Plaza Retail Collection in Manhattan.

<u>THE CHAMBERS HOTEL – Minneapolis, MN:</u> Comprehensive market study, feasibility analysis, financial projections and prospective appraisal for this proposed boutique hotel within the Hennepin Avenue Theater District of downtown Minneapolis.

<u>ANTELOPE POINT, Lake Powell – Page, AZ</u> Market study and financial projections for a proposed hotel development at the Antelope Point Marina on Lake Powell, near Page, AZ.

<u>CPM DEVELOPMENT – U of M/Minneapolis, MN:</u> Market study and development recommendations for a complex multi-use development program for a site near the U of M campus. Analysis of lodging market conditions and potential for dual-branded hotel development and complementary commercial uses at the site.

BEST WESTERN DAKOTA RIDGE – Eagan, MN: Marquette Advisors provided a complete review of this existing hotel's financial performance and market positioning within the south-metro market. This included a forecast of market demand and an analysis of the potential for the subject hotel to increase its share of commercial and/or leisure demand segments. Complete development recommendations were provided, along with financial projections and return on investment analysis.

<u>PROPOSED HOTEL DEVELPOMENT – Minneapolis Warehouse District:</u> Highest and best use assessment, development recommendations and financial projections related to varied retrofit opportunities related to an existing warehouse building near Target Field.

<u>HOLIDAY INN, Otsego, MN:</u> Fee simple market value appraisal of a hotel and waterpark development located in the City of Otsego, Minnesota.

<u>RADISSON HOTEL – Roseville, MN:</u> Market value appraisal of renovated full service hotel and convention facilities in Roseville, MN.

GREAT ADVENTURE HOTEL, Bellevue, NE: Market value appraisal of the Great Adventure Hotel located in the Bellevue, Nebraska.

HOTEL DEVELOPMENT AT GLACIER PEAKS CASINO, Browning, Montana: Hotel feasibility study with the Blackfeet Tribe at the Glacier Peaks Casino located in Browning, Montana. Market studies and financial projections for a hotel to be attached to the Glacier Peaks Casino.

<u>RAMADA INN – Downtown Minneapolis, MN</u>: Feasibility study for the purchase and refurbishment of a downtown limited-service hotel into a Quality Inn Hotel & Suites.

<u>CONSOLIDATED RAIL CORPORATION, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania</u>: Analysis of hotel development potential and expert witness testimony for a tract of land in Columbus, Ohio in a taking proceeding.

<u>CASINO HOSPITALITY CORPORATION, Minneapolis, Minnesota</u>: Market studies and financial projections for casino hotels attached to two Indian casinos in Louisiana and two dockside gaming operations in Mississippi. Market studies and financial projections for a proposed Microtel in Turtle Lake, Wisconsin and a proposed Microtel in Eagan, Minnesota.

<u>CASINO RESOURCE CORPORATION, Elkhorn, Wisconsin</u>: Market Study and financial projections and market value appraisal for a proposed limited service hotel in Hinckley, Minnesota.

<u>IOWA-ILLINOIS GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, Davenport, Iowa</u>: Market study for a proposed Quad City Plaza Hotel in Davenport, Iowa, developed by John Q. Hammons.

<u>CITY OF WAUSAU</u>, <u>Wausau</u>, <u>Wisconsin</u>: Market study, financial projections and analysis of public funding alternatives for a proposed exhibition hall and convention hotel in downtown Wausau.

<u>CHAFOULIAS MANAGEMENT COMPANY, Rochester, Minnesota</u>: Preliminary market research for a proposed convention hotel in Moline, Illinois. Preliminary market study for a proposed Hilton Garden Inn in Rochester Minnesota.

<u>CITY OF LACROSSE, LaCrosse, Wisconsin</u>: Market Study and financial projections for a proposed convention hotel to be connected to the LaCrosse Civic Center.

<u>BEST WESTERN STEPHENSON HOTEL -- Freeport, IL</u>: Appraisal of the full service Best Western Stephenson Hotel in Freeport, Illinois for possible acquisition.

BEAR STEARNS, New York, New York: Market value appraisal of \$3.65, 56-room AmericInn Motel & Suites located in Richfield, Minnesota.

<u>WINGATE INN – Oakdale, MN</u>: Market value appraisal of \$4.2 million, 84-room Wingate Inn hotel located in Oakdale, Minnesota.

CONVENTION, SPORTS & RECREATION FACILITIES

<u>CITY OF MARION, INDIANA – Proposed Ice Arena:</u> Market and financial feasibility study for new sports arena and event center in Marion, IN. Market study evaluated the marketability and likely financial performance of the arena, with a proposed USHL minor hockey team as primary tenant. Additional user groups evaluated included universities and colleges in the local community and surrounding region, as well as youth hockey and figure skating. A detailed analysis was also provided for concerts, events and conventions.

MARKET CREEK EVENTS & VENUES – San Diego, CA: Market study and financial projections for this existing conference, banquet and event facility in San Diego, including a full analysis of the current financial performance and market positioning/market share for the facility, as well as the potential for future utilization and financial performance enhancement through changes in facilities, marketing and operations.

<u>MINNEAPOLIS CONVENTION CENTER – Minneapolis, MN:</u> A feasibility study for a proposed expansion of the Minneapolis Convention Center.

<u>ST. PAUL CIVIC CENTER – St. Paul, MN</u>: Market study, financial analysis and consulting services on behalf of the St. Paul Port Authority.

<u>SEMINOLE TRIBE OF FLORIDA – Proposed Golf Course – Clewiston, FL</u>: Market study and financial projections for a proposed gold course in south-central Florida.

<u>METROPOLITAN AIRPORTS COMMISSION, Minneapolis, Minnesota</u>: A feasibility study for a proposed airport conference center, along with consulting services including the valuation of the Gold Concourse, airport terminal land, proposed acquisition of new airport, and condemnation related issues regarding new north-south runway.

<u>CITY OF TROY, Troy, Michigan</u>: Feasibility study for a convention center and performing arts center. In addition to market research and financial projections for the two public facilities, the need for additional hotel rooms was evaluated and appropriate quality level, size, and amenities were recommended.

<u>CITY OF MANKATO, Mankato, Minnesota</u>: Market study for a convention center and arena to be used by the community and Mankato State University. Services included interviews with area performing arts groups, athletic programs and state and regional convention groups.

<u>CITY OF BRAINERD, Brainerd, Minnesota</u>: Market study for a public assembly facility in a northern Minnesota resort community. Objective of facility was to draw people to the area during the winter and to bring tourists into town during the summer.

<u>CITY OF FAIRMONT, Fairmont, Minnesota</u>: Market study for a regional convention center. Services included evaluation of alternative sites and adequacy of area hotel supply.

<u>CITY OF FERGUS FALLS, Fergus Falls, Minnesota</u>: Market study and financial projections for a convention/exhibition center. Services included evaluation of several alternative sites and recommendations regarding whether the facility should be operated by the city or leased to a hotel operator.

BLUE CHIP CASINO, Michigan City, Indiana: Market study for an expansion of the casino's convention center and the addition of a showroom.

ADDITIONAL IMPACT STUDIES

<u>IONE BAND OF MIWOK INDIANS</u>, <u>Plymouth</u>, <u>California</u>: An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino development in northern California. The report analyzed the economic and the projected fiscal impacts of the project.

JEMEZ PUEBLO, Anthony, New Mexico: An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino development on newly designated trust land in southern New Mexico. The report analyzed the economic and the projected fiscal impacts of the project on both the local and regional area.

MINNESOTA INDIAN GAMING ASSOCIATION, Cass Lake, Minnesota: Impact study on the economic benefits of Indian gaming in the State of Minnesota on tribal, local and state economies and tax revenue generated to the state and federal government, which included onsite interviews with each of the ten participating MIGA tribes.

<u>DOWNTOWN WICHITA</u>, **<u>Wichita</u>**, **<u>Kansas:</u>** An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino and hotel development that was used for lobbying purposes to win gaming approval within the state. The report analyzed the economic and social benefits of the proposed project, as well as the projected fiscal impacts of the project.

KANSAS CITY INTER-TRIBAL GAMING MANAGEMENT CONSORTIUM: Market study, facility recommendations and financial projections were prepared for a large casino in the Kansas City area. Testimony on the project and its impact on existing casinos was provided to the Governor's Task Force on Gaming.

KANSAS FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH: Market study, financial projections and economic impact study for a proposed destination gaming facility in southeastern Kansas on behalf of Kansas for Economic Growth and the Three Affiliated Tribes of Kansas.

THE AFFILIATED OREGON GAMING TRIBES, Pendleton, Oregon: Impact study on the economic benefits of Indian gaming in the State of Oregon on tribal, local and state economies and tax revenue generated to the state and federal government, which included onsite interviews with each of the six participating Oregon tribes.

<u>MINNESOTA RESTAURANT ASSOCIATION, Saint Paul, Minnesota</u>: Economic impact analysis on the food service in the State of Minnesota.

SODAK GAMING SUPPLIES, INC., Rapid City, South Dakota: Analysis of the economic benefits of Indian gaming in the State of Minnesota, based upon direct interviews with all Minnesota tribes.

<u>GREATER MINNEAPOLIS CONVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU, Minneapolis, Minnesota</u>: Analysis of state tax revenue increases generated by the Minneapolis Convention Center and related projects.

<u>UNIVERSITY OF ST. THOMAS, St. Paul, Minnesota</u>: Analysis of the economic impact of an expansion of the Minneapolis campus of the University of St. Thomas and construction of a multi-district K-12 magnet school.

<u>MECHOOPDA TRIBE, Chico, CA:</u> An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino and hotel development at a site near Chico, California. The report analyzed the economic and social benefits of the proposed project, as well as the projected fiscal impacts of the project.

LIBERTY ALLIANCE, LLC, Fort Lee, New Jersey: An economic impact analysis for a proposed casino project and ancillary development including lodging, retail, restaurant and entertainment venues.

